

### Interim Report First Quarter 2005 Press conference

27 April 2005 Lars G Nordström President and Group CEO



#### Strong results in the first quarter

- Net profit up 8% to EUR 495m (EUR 459m in Q1 2004)
- Operating profit up 10% to EUR 688m (EUR 624m)
- Total income up 1% to EUR 1,582m (EUR 1,569m) despite lower investment result and including additional other income of EUR 40m
- Total expenses flat
- Earnings per share EUR 0.18 (EUR 0.16)
- Return on Equity 15.7% (15.2%)

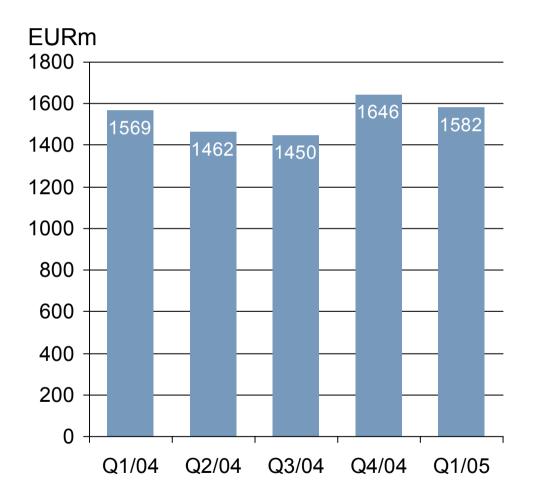


#### **Stable development compared to Q4**

- Net profit up 4% to EUR 495m (EUR 476m in Q4 2004)
- Operating profit up 2% to EUR 688m (EUR 677m)
- Total income down 4% from seasonally high Q4 to EUR 1,582m (EUR 1,646m)
- Total costs down 8%
- Positive net loan losses



### **Total operating income**



YoY:

- Total income up 1%
  - NII up 5%
  - Commissions up 4%
  - Net gains/losses down 47%
  - Income from sale of general insurance business in 2002, EUR 40m

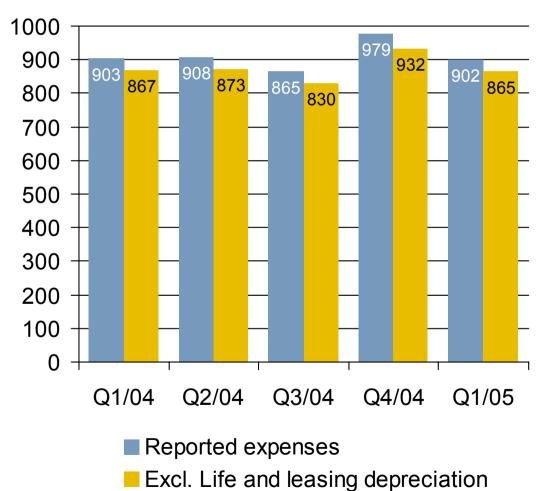
QoQ:

- Total income down 4% from seasonally high Q4
  - NII down 3% two days less
  - Commissions down 3%
  - Net gains/losses down 36%
- Highest Q1 income ever

# Nordea

## **Expenses**

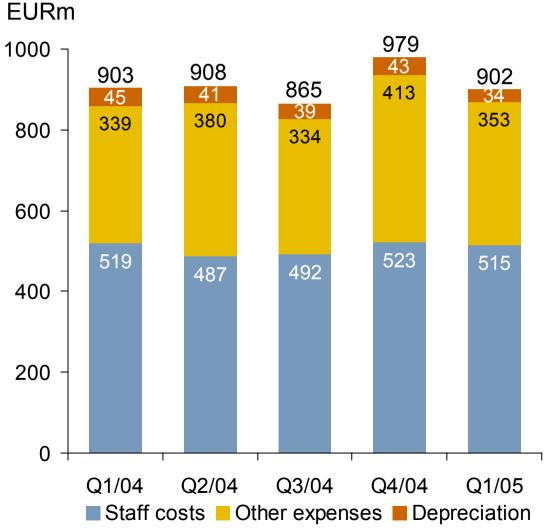
#### EURm



- Nordea's flat cost target for the banking business remains unchanged
- Flat cost target excludes:
  - costs in Life
  - depreciation of operational leasing
- As a result of IFRS and changed presentation format



### **Expenses**



#### YoY:

- Total expenses kept flat
- Wage increases, inflation and growth in business volumes offset by efficiency gains and reduced no. of FTEs

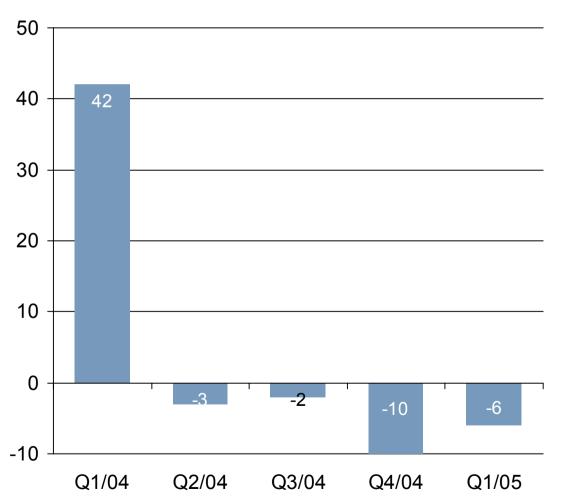
#### QoQ:

- Down from seasonally high Q4
- Other expenses down 15%
  - marketing
  - IT
  - restructuring

# Nordea

#### Loan losses

#### EURm



#### YoY:

- Overall stable credit quality
- Reversals exceeded new provisions
  - 4<sup>th</sup> quarter in a row

#### QoQ:

- Stable credit quality
- No industry sector stands out



#### Volume growth in focus areas

- Mortgage lending to personal customers up 15% year-on-year
- Lending to small and medium-sized corporates increased by 14%
- Assets under Management up 11% to EUR 136bn
- Written premiums in Life up 23%



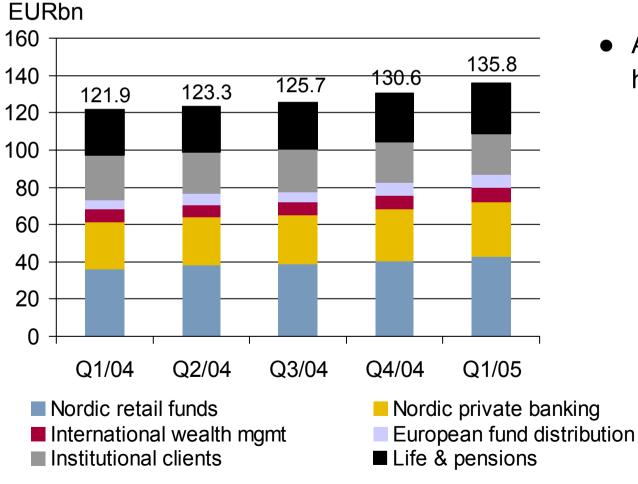
#### **Volume growth in focus areas**

	<u>YoY</u>	<u>QoQ</u>
<ul> <li>Lending, total</li> </ul>	15%	6%
<ul> <li>Mortgage lending</li> </ul>	+15%	+2%
– Consumer lending*	+9%	+3%
– SME lending	+14%	+5%
<ul> <li>CIB lending (excl. Markets)</li> </ul>	+18%	+19%
<ul> <li>Deposits, total</li> </ul>	14%	1%
<ul> <li>Household deposits</li> </ul>	+7%	+-0%
<ul> <li>SME deposits</li> </ul>	+6%	-2%
<ul> <li>CIB deposits (excl. Markets)</li> <li>* Including growth in Nordea Prioritet</li> </ul>	+56%	+10%

<sup>9</sup> \* Including growth in Nordea Prioritet



## **Assets under Management**



- AuM climbs to new all-timehigh at EUR 135.8bn
  - net inflow of EUR 2.7bn in Q1
  - asset appreciation EUR2.5bn in Q1

<sup>10</sup> End of period



#### **Active capital management**

- Successful issues of Tier 1 instruments
- Repurchase of 139 million shares completed
- New mandate to repurchase own shares



#### **Group financial targets**

Key performance indicator	Q1/05	2004	Target
Total shareholder return (TSR), %	#7	#3	In the top quartile of European peer group
RoE, %	15.7	14.5*	> 15% in 2005 and > 17% or in line with level of top Nordic peers from 2007
Costs**, EURm	865	3,502	Same cost level through 2007 as in 2004
Supporting performance indicator			
Cost/income ratio, %	57	60	Continuous improvement

RoE target raised by 3 percentage points Flat cost target extended by three years Ambition is to be in the top quartile in Europe on TSR

\*Adjusted for the real estate gain in 2004

\*\* As a result of IFRS and the changed presentation format, reported total expenses will consequently be excluding the costs in Life and depreciation of operating leasing

12



#### "Shipping Finance - the Nordea experience"

27 April 2005 Carl E. Steen Head of Shipping,Offshore and Oil Services Division



# Shipping, Offshore and Oil Services Division (SOOSD)

A division within the Corporate and Institutional Banking business area

Centre of competence in Oslo, local presence in Bergen, Stavanger, Ålesund, Copenhagen, Gothenburg, Helsinki, London, New York and Singapore

Consists of 80 shipping professionals

As of 31 December, 2004 total commitments of US\$11.2 billion - the 4th largest lender to the shipping industry

Represents approximately 4% of Nordea's total lending

In 2004 Nordea reached the position as the leading global arranger and book-runner for syndicated loans to the shipping and offshore industries



## **Shipping Markets**

Most shipping segments have, over the past few years, enjoyed attractive freight rates which has made the industry very profitable for nearly all companies and its shareholders due to:

- Strong world economic growth
- Industrialisation on new countries (e.g. China)
- Liberalisation of trade/reduced trade barriers
- Outsourcing to low-cost countries (e.g. China)



## Shipping Markets (Cont.)

Outlook for the shipping segments is positive driven by:

- World economic growth expected to remain at relatively high levels in the short to medium term
- Risk of tonnage oversupply is limited in the short to medium term due to limited shipbuilding capacity

However, there are some risk factors involved:

- Reduced economic growth
- Reduced world trade due to e.g. protectionism, financial crisis and terrorism.
- Distress in financial markets



# Shareholders' approximate return over 5 years for selected shipping companies

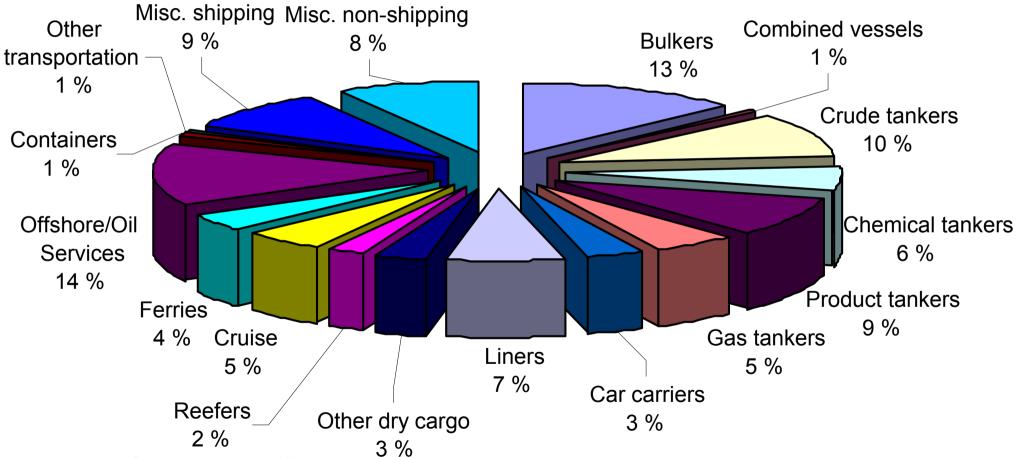
D/S Norden	Ì	5700%	
Torm		4150%	
Frontline		3250%	
CMB		1750%	
Cosco Sing	apore	900%	
Hanjin		900%	
OMI Corp		850%	
Odfjell		800%	
Teekay		550%	
HMM		200%	
AP Møller		80%	
S&P 500	negative	20%	

Source: Bloomberg



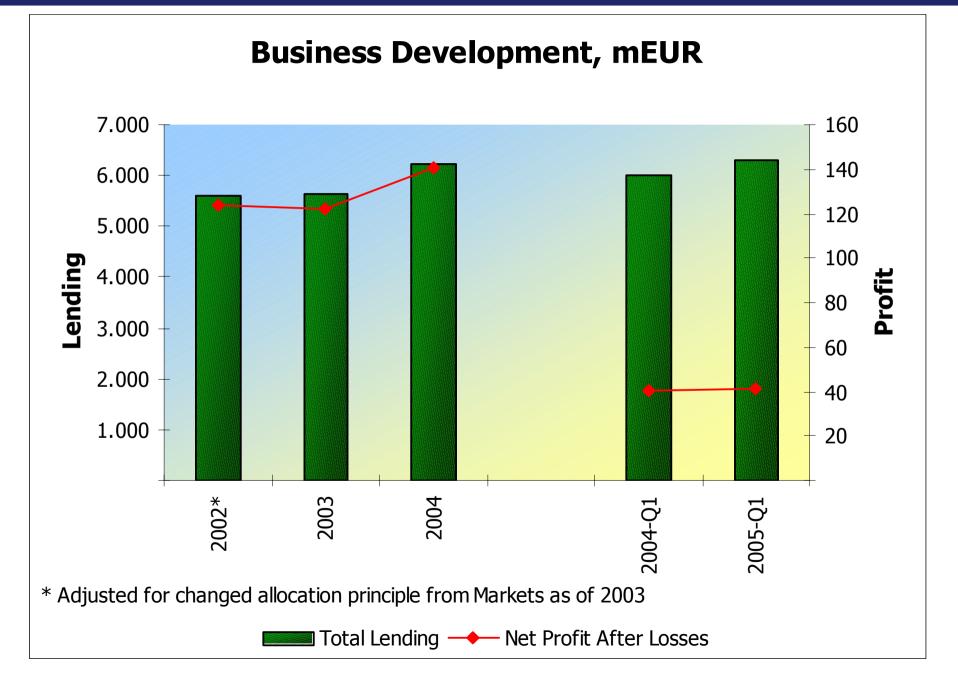
## **Nordea Shipping Portfolio**

Total exposure approx USD 11.2 bn (committed), end December 2004

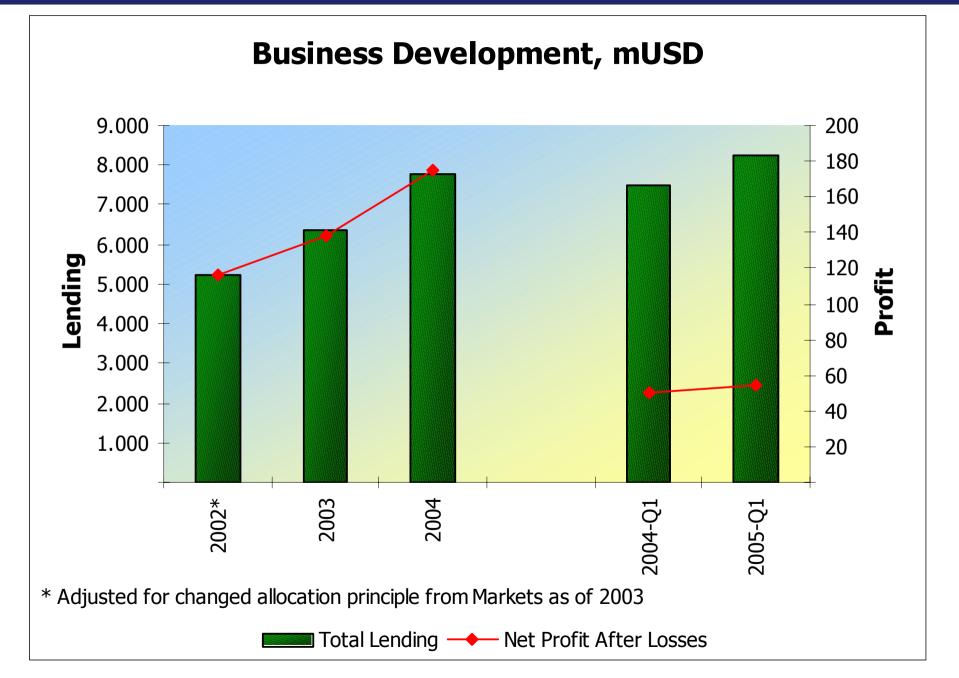


- Well diversified by type of vessel
- Focus on large industrial companies
- Exposure split 55%/45% Nordic/Internationally

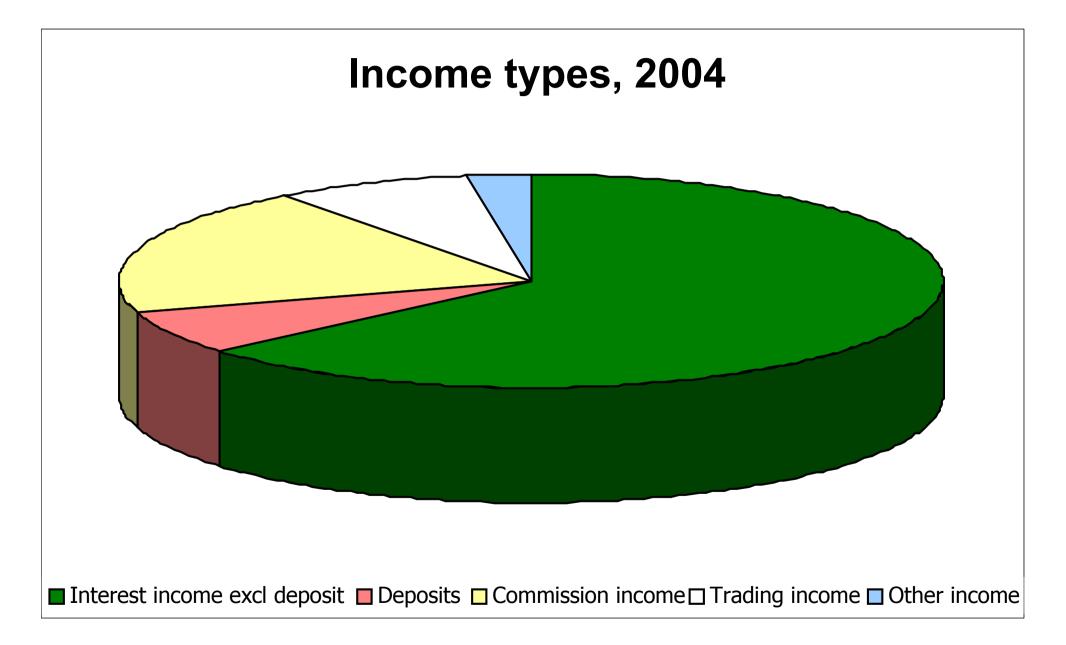
# Nordea



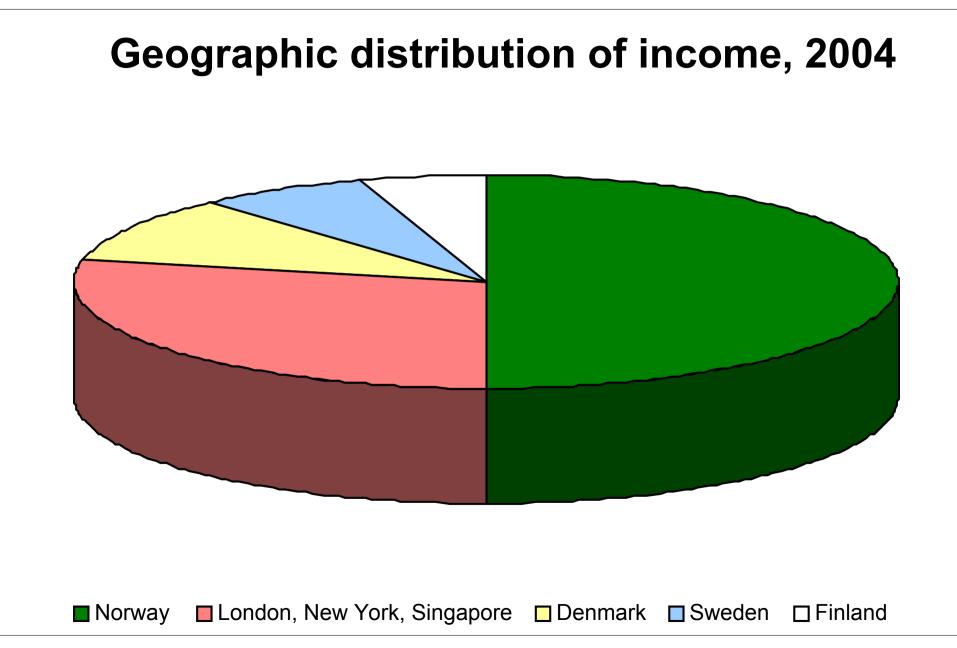
# Nordea







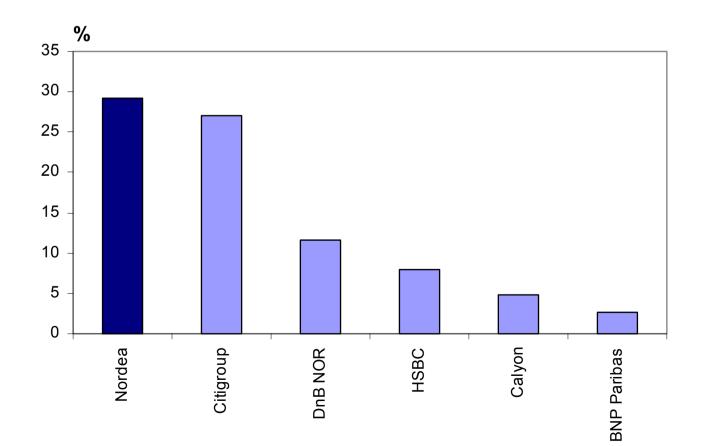






## **2004 League Tables**

Nordea reached the position as the leading global arranger for syndicated loans to the shipping and offshore industries.



#### The Leading Arranger of Syndicated Loans to the Shipping and Offshore Industries





### **Success Factors**

- Market knowledge, structuring capabilities and placing power add value to our clients, enabling us to win mandates in a lead position
- Nordea's large balance sheet and strong brand name, enabling us to underwrite substantial amounts
- Strong client relationships and high quality portfolio
- Large deal-flow and diversification
- Nordea's product range
- Consistently low loan loss ratio
- Global shipping teams

By combining the above, we have achieved superior results



### Interim Report First Quarter 2005 Press conference

27 April 2005 Lars G Nordström President and Group CEO



#### In summary

- Strong and stable results
- Volume growth in focus areas despite
  - Intensifying competition
  - Increasing pressure on margins
- Fourth consecutive quarter with positive net loan losses
- Going forward
  - Maintaining strict risk and cost management
  - Continue to capture revenue growth opportunities
  - Well positioned to deliver on increasing ambitions and new financial targets



### Interim Report First Quarter 2005 Press conference

27 April 2005



#### **Income statement summary**

EURm	Q1/05	Q1/04	Chg %
Net interest income	897	854	5
Net fee and commission income	453	434	4
Net gains/losses on items at fair value	115	216	-47
Equity method	13	9	44
Other income	104	56	86
Total operating income	1,582	1,569	1
Staff costs	-515	-519	-1
Other expenses	-353	-339	4
Depreciation	-34	-45	-24
Total operating expenses	-902	-903	0
Loan losses	6	-42	-114
Operating profit	688	624	10
Net profit	495	459	8



#### **Income statement summary**

EURm	Q1/05	Q4/04	Chg %
Net interest income	897	920	-3
Net fee and commission income	453	467	-3
Net gains/losses on items at fair value	115	179	-36
Equity method	13	15	-13
Other income	104	65	60
Total operating income	1,582	1,646	-4
Staff costs	-515	-523	-2
Other expenses	-353	-413	-15
Depreciation	-34	-43	-21
Total operating expenses	-902	-979	-8
Loan losses	6	10	-40
Operating profit	688	677	2
Net profit	495	476	4