

# **Investor Presentation**

22 February 2006



# **CEO** presentation





#### Record result in 2005

- Operating profit increased by 25% on a comparable basis to EUR 3,048m\*
- Record result in all business areas
- Total income increased by 7% to EUR 6,573m
- Total expenses unchanged at EUR 3,668m
- Cost/income ratio continued down to 56% (60%)
- Positive loan losses as recoveries exceeded provisions
- Return on equity 18.0% (14.5%\*)
- Earnings per share EUR 0.86 up 34%\*
- Dividend increased by 25% to EUR 0.35 per share (proposal)

<sup>\*</sup>excluding real-estate gain of EUR 30m in 2004



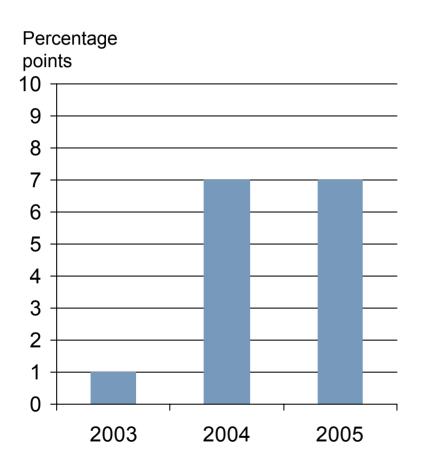
## Growth of income – based on strong volume growth

	<u>YoY</u>	<u>QoQ</u>
● Lending, total	17%	4%
<ul> <li>Mortgage lending</li> </ul>	15%	3%
<ul><li>Consumer lending*</li></ul>	15%	3%
<ul> <li>SME lending</li> </ul>	15%	3%
- CIB lending	20%	4%
Deposits, total	10%	7%
<ul> <li>Household deposits</li> </ul>	7%	0%
<ul> <li>SME deposits</li> </ul>	10%	6%
<ul> <li>CIB deposits</li> </ul>	5%	19%

<sup>\*</sup>Retail consumer lending (collateralised + non collateralised consumer lending)



### Gap between income and cost development

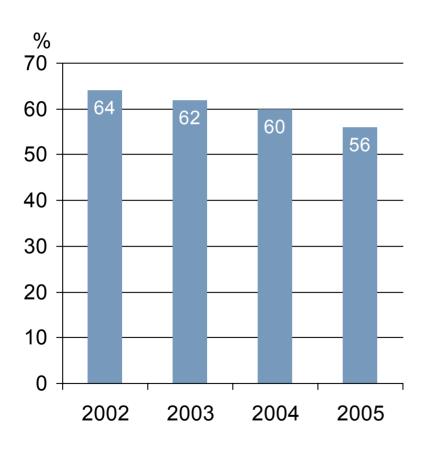


- Increased efficiency when delivering top line growth
- Capture profitable revenue opportunities
- Cost reductions were the main driver for bottom line growth 2003-2004
- Top line increasingly contributing
- Maintaining a gap secures delivery on net profit and RoE

Reported figures



### Cost/income ratio



- Strict cost management and top line focus
- Flat costs while business volumes continue to grow
  - productivity gains
  - structural cost savings
- Income up 7% in 2005
- Target: Continuous improvement



## **Growth strategy**

- Organic growth strategy to increase share of wallet among existing clients in Nordic home markets
  - relaunched customer programmes
  - product development
  - new resources, mainly in Sweden
  - transparent market pricing
- Organic growth main route also in the Baltic's, Poland and Russia acquisitions a complementary strategy
  - approx. 30 new branches in Poland and the Baltics in 2006
  - cross selling of banking products to Life insurance clients in Poland



## Initiatives to increase profitable growth

- Increased focus on savings, advisory services and product development
- Customer programmes in all markets with transparent price and benefit structure
- Hiring of saving and Life specialists
- Nordea will over a two-year period extend its branch network and recruit 500 new advisers in Sweden

Nordea has been and will going forward be well positioned to capture growth

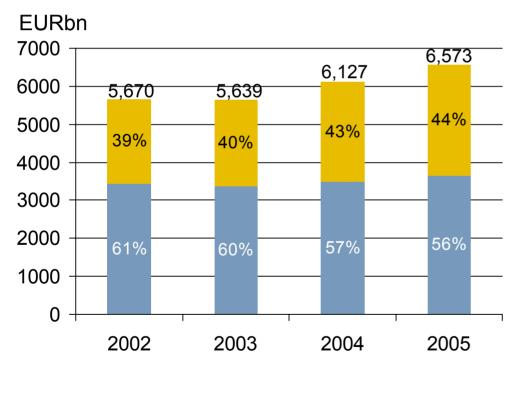


## Key growth areas

- Accelerate market position within consumer credits
  - including cards
- Enhance the already strong position within long-term savings
- Leverage Nordea's leading position in capital markets
- SME banking provides opportunity
- Continue growth in mortgages
- Further position Nordea successfully in the Baltics, Poland and Russia and stepwise increase profit contribution from these markets



# Increased focus on advisory services – higher share of income being non-interest income



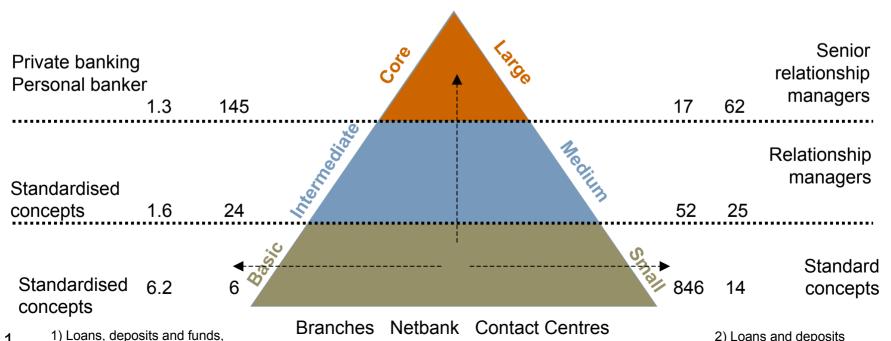
- Increasing proportion on noninterest income
- In line with strategy
- Individual client focused advice and product offering increasingly important
- A more capital efficient way to finance growth in earnings
- Risk diversification

Non-interest income



# Increased sales performance – substantial potential for further profitable growth







# Customer programmes - increasing business rewards both customers & Nordea

#### Key elements in the programmes offered to the customers:

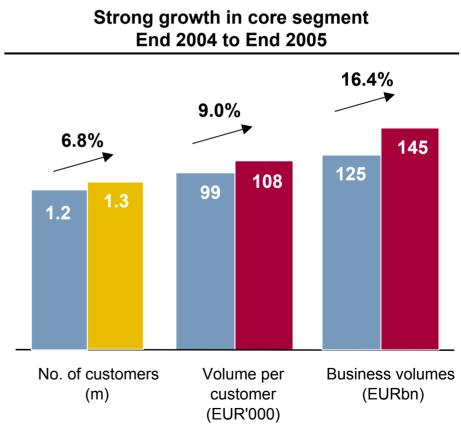
- more favourable prices the more business client does - and for the core customers a named personal banking adviser at their service
- transparent pricing
- three levels: basic, intermediate and core

#### Key focus on increasing:

- customer satisfaction and loyalty
- business volume per customer

#### Strong success to date

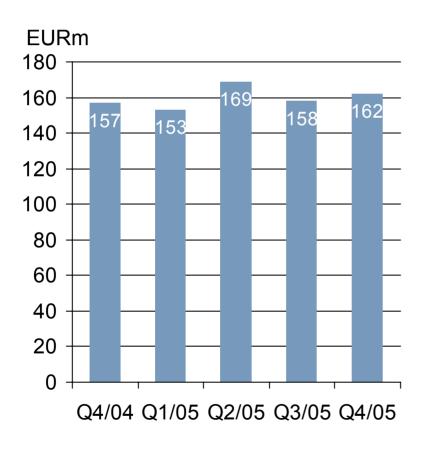
 no. of customers and business volume per customer increased in core segment drives the improved earnings





## Strong franchise within capital markets activities

Operating profit within Markets division



- Leading positions within debt capital markets, structured products, derivatives, trading in F/X and fixed income
- Entirely client driven business
- Clients among large corporates, financial institutions and to an increasing degree SME's
- Stable income and profit generation within Markets
- Focus on product innovation



# Further leverage the leading position in capital markets and strong corporate relationships

- Increase penetration (share of wallet) and stimulate demand among SME's for Markets related products – positive signs in 2005
- Leverage strong relationship with large corporates
- Offering of Corporate Finance services to SMEs
- Structural finance and securities lending



## Increased profit from the Baltics, Poland and Russia

- 37% increase in lending volumes 2005
- Low risk strategy
- Bolt-on acquisitions
- Acquisition of Sampo PTE in Poland, incl. from 1 Jan 2006

Russia, IMB  Total contribution	22 <b>54</b>	14 <b>34</b>	+57% + <b>59%</b>
Poland and Baltic countries	32	20	+60%
Operating profit, EURm	2005	2004	Chg



## Strict cost management remains

- Unchanged costs in 2005
  - down when excluding Life & operational leasing
- Since 2002 total costs in nominal terms have decreased by 6% and in real terms around 15%...
- ...despite increases in business volumes
- Continuous improvement being the main driver to the increased efficiency
- A strict cost culture has been established in the Group



### Major structural cost initiatives

#### Lean Banking

- Nordea started lean bank initiative 2005
- Lean initiative is a bottom-up process starting with branches and sales processes
- Includes support functions and processes such as product development

#### Reduce external spend

- Continue the external spend reduction initiative in procurement and office space
- Management of the Nordic Processor contract
- Implement a "Category Management" system for the external spend in Nordea

# Use sourcing to gain competitive advantage

- Introduce Nordea strategic sourcing programme to look for and implement alternative sourcing solutions
- Execute and support defined sourcing initiatives
- Improve sourcing execution

#### Nordea Transformation Programme

- Continuation of the transformation journey to one customer centric bank
- Leveraging economies of scope, scale and skills across borders
- Step-wise migration towards harmonised products, processing and IT platforms



#### Lean bank

- Lean banking is aimed at being a major transformation vehicle for the bank the coming years
- Overall ambition is to deliver a bank-wide step change in productivity
  - improving customer services and lead times
  - changing bank-wide mindsets and behaviours
- Examples include
  - mortgage production process in all Nordic markets
  - credit process in corporate lending both SME and CIB
  - improved customer service and lead times in Swedish large corporate lending
- Expected to further strengthen a continuous improvement culture



#### Outlook

- Economic outlook 2006 indicates a continued strong GDP growth in Nordea's home markets
- Strong volume growth expected to continue also in 2006
- Lower margin level for new business implies that income growth will be lower than volume growth also in 2006
- At Capital Markets Day in November 2004, a gap between income and cost growth of approx. 4% was implicit in targets
  - in 2005 revenues increased by 7% and costs were unchanged
- Continued focus on cost management
- Target is to achieve a gap between growth in income and costs of at least 5 percentage points in 2006
  - costs in 2006 expected to be largely unchanged
- Credit quality remains strong and loan losses expected to remain low in 2006



# CFO presentation

### **Financials**





Income statement summary

EUD	Jan-Dec	Jan-Dec	Chg %
EURm	2005	2004	
Net interest income	3,663	3,495	5
Net fee and commission income	1,935	1,794	8
Net gains/losses on items at fair value	615	535	15
Equity method	67	55	22
Other income	293	248	18
Total operating income	6,573	6,127	7
Staff costs	-2,082	-2,021	3
Other expenses	-1,455	-1,466	-1
Depreciation	-131	-168	-22
Total operating expenses	-3,668	-3,655	0
Loan losses	137	-27	
Operating profit	3,048	2,445*	25
Net profit	2,269	1,778*	28

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding real estate gain of EUR 300m

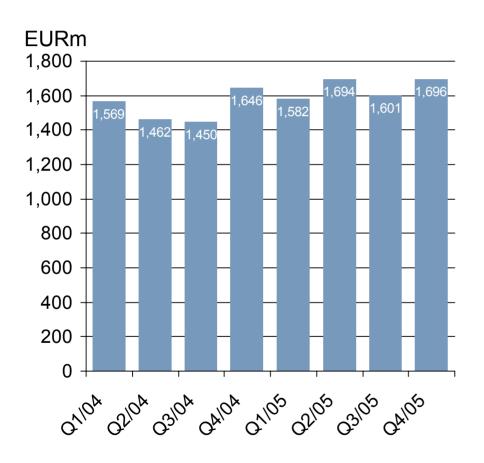


# Income statement summary

EURm	Q4/05	Q3/05	Chg %
Net interest income	933	920	1
Net fee and commission income	529	469	13
Net gains/losses on items at fair value	147	139	6
Equity method	21	11	91
Other income	66	62	6
Total operating income	1,696	1,601	6
Staff costs	-532	-520	2
Other expenses	-393	-345	14
Depreciation	-31	-31	0
Total operating expenses	-956	-896	7
Loan losses	7	23	
Operating profit	748	728	3
Net profit	506	563	-10



## Total operating income

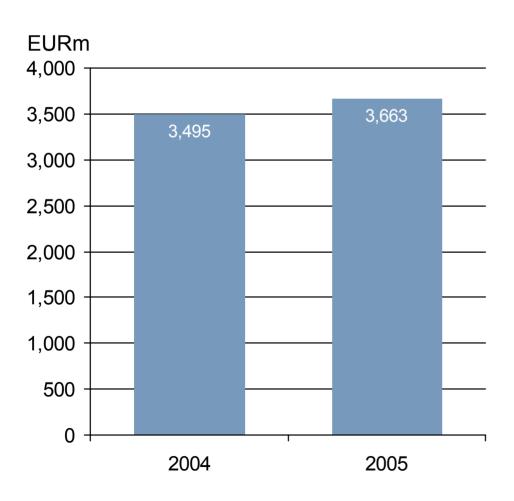


#### YoY:

- Up 7%
- Intensified focus on profitable income growth in all business areas
  - hiring of specialists
  - launch of new products
  - Growth plan Sweden
- Strong volume growth in all business areas
- Core customers and share of wallet increased
- Strong financial markets
   QoQ:
- Up 6%
- Strong commission income
- NII increased also in Q4



#### Net interest income

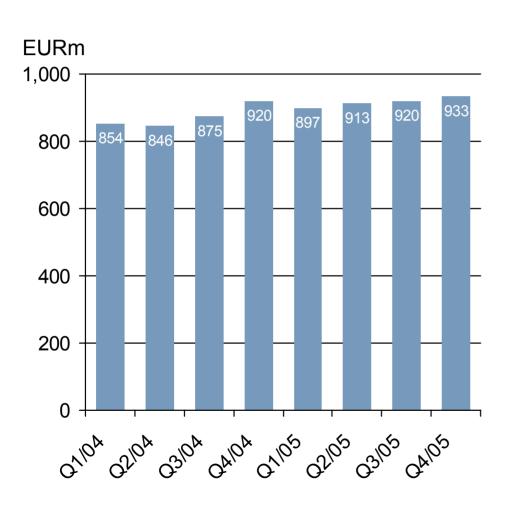


#### YoY:

- Up 5%
- Strong growth in lending, up 17%
- Volume growth outweighed margin pressure
- Increased contribution from deposits in 2005
- Growing NII in focus areas
  - SME (Structured Finance)
  - consumer finance
  - Poland and Baltics
- Strong competition put pressure on lending margins (mainly related to housing products)



#### Net interest income



#### QoQ:

- Up 1% mainly explained by volume growth
- Total lending up 4%
  - mortgage lending up 3%
  - SME lending up 3%
  - consumer lending up 3%
  - CIB lending up 4%
- Fierce competition in lending remains
  - mainly pressure on mortgage margins
  - offset by total lending growth

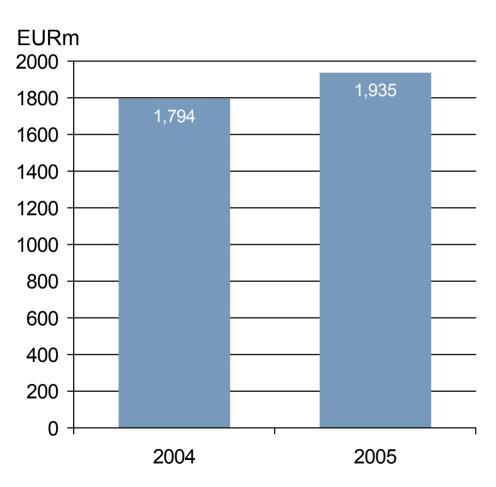


# Change in net interest income

	<u>YoY</u>	<u>QoQ</u>
Volume driven		
- Lending volumes	202	18
- Deposit volumes	47	1
Margin driven		
- Lending margins	-144	-8
- Deposit margins	48	-2
Other		
- Other, net	15	4
Total, EURm	168	13



### Net commission income

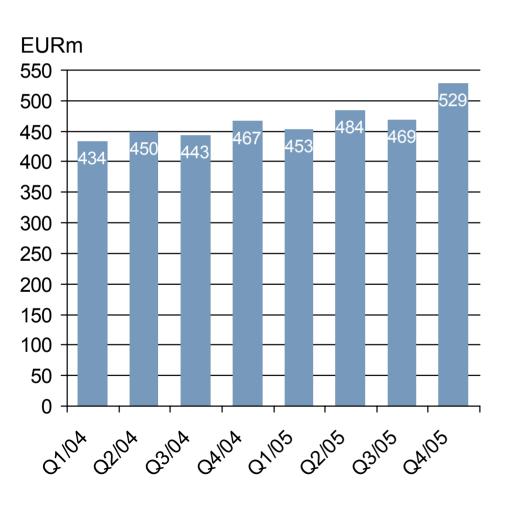


#### YoY:

- Up 8%
- Strong improvement in capital markets related commissions
  - Asset Mgmt commissions up 13%, improved asset mix and product launches
  - brokerage up 29%
  - custody services up 11%
- Growth in lending volumes
  - lending commissions up 27%
  - strong year for Acquisition Finance
- Income from cards up 11%
- Lower income from domestic payments as Giro and manual transactions continue to decrease



### Net commission income

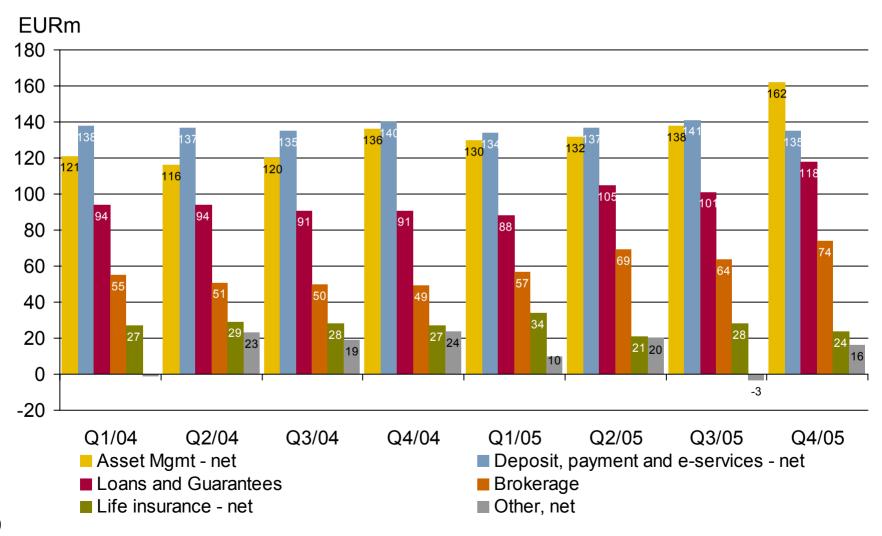


#### QoQ:

- Up 13% supported by high business activity
- Commissions from Asset Mgmt products up 16%
  - AuM increased 3% to EUR 151bn
  - increased transaction and performance related fees
- Increased commissions from lending, Acquisition Finance, structural products
- Commissions from payments unchanged

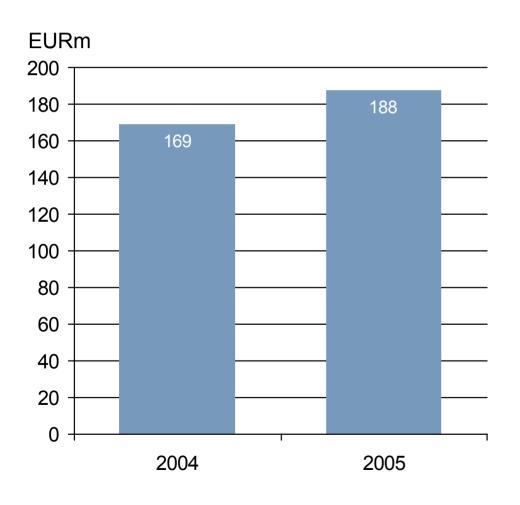


### Breakdown of commission income





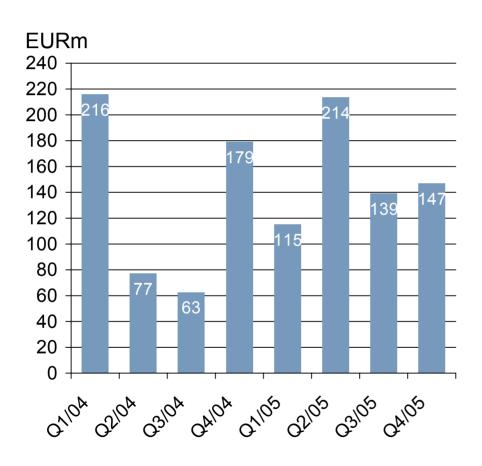
### Income from card products



- Income growth of 11% YoY
  - income card credits up 16%
  - income card issuing up 14%
  - stable income from acquiring Point of sales
- Increased card penetration in existing client base during 2005
- Future income potential from increased penetration and credit loans



## Net gains/losses on items at fair value



#### YoY:

- Up 15%
- Strong result in Markets and Life
- Return in Treasury, Group Investment, 3.1%
  - ahead of return target 3.0%

#### QoQ:

- Up 6%
- Stable result at high level in Markets and Life
- Return in Group Investment 2.4% annualised

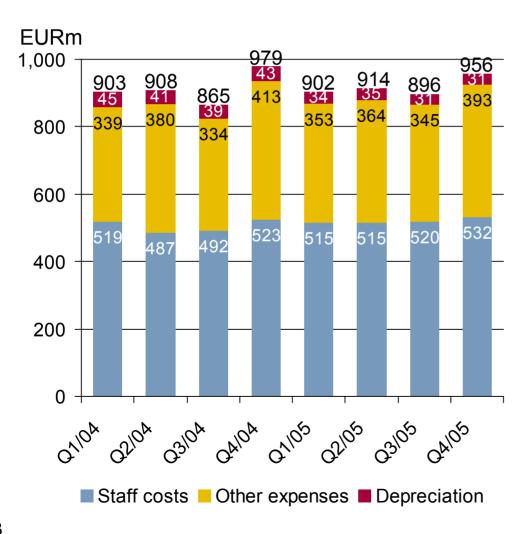


# Net gains/losses on items at fair value

EURm	Q4/05	Q3/Q5	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04
Markets	132	121	135	118	127
Life	33	32	23	3	15
Group Investment, Treasury	-21	0	52	9	52
Group Funding, Treasury	-10	-21	16	-24	-14
Other	13	7	-12	9	-1
Total	147	139	214	115	179



### **Expenses**



#### YoY:

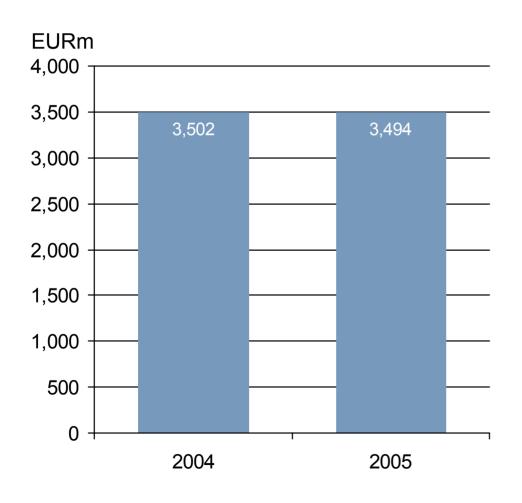
- Expenses unchanged at EUR 3,668m (EUR 3,655m 2004)
- Structural cost savings and efficiency gains compensating
  - increased business volumes
  - inflation
- Staff costs up 3% affected by
  - general wage increases
  - higher variable salaries

#### QoQ:

- Expenses up 7%
  - 5% excl. variable salaries and profit sharing
- Increased activity level
  - marketing
  - business consulting
  - IT expenses
- Down 2% on Q4 2004



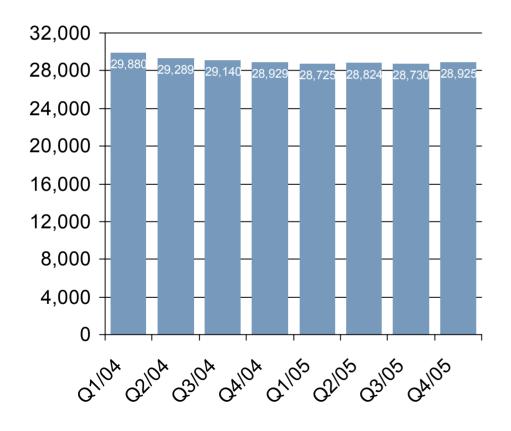
## Expenses within flat cost target



- Flat cost target excludes:
  - costs in Life
  - depreciation of operational leasing
- Lower costs 2005
- Flat cost target for the banking business through 2007



### Number of FTEs



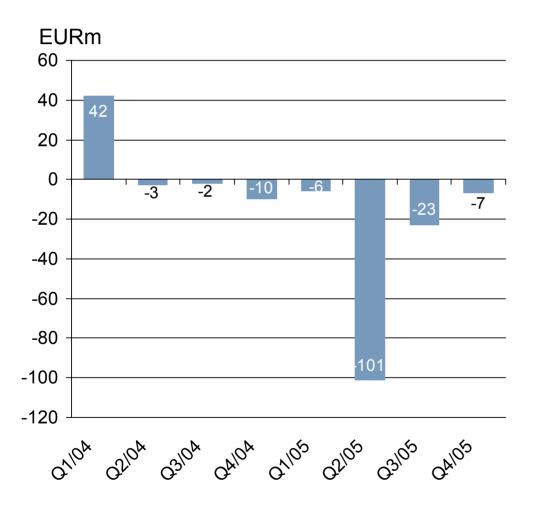
End of period

- No. of FTEs unchanged
  - incl. Polish pension acquisition of 75 FTEs
- No. of retirements in 2006-2007 approx. 850 per year (450 in 2005)

FTEs	2005	Q3/05	2004
Retail	17,373	17,266	17,286
CIB	3,326	3,287	3,238
AM & Life	2,033	1,888	1,815
GPT	5,046	5,097	5,419
Other	1,147	1,192	1,171
Total	28,925	28,730	28,929
Chg, YoY	0.0%		
Chg, QoQ	0.7%		



### Loan losses - reversals exceeding new provisions



#### YoY:

- Positive loan losses EUR 137m (EUR –27m 2004)
- Sale of shares in Pan-Fish, recovery of EUR 98m (Q2)

#### QoQ:

- Credit quality remains strong in all markets
- Reversals exceeded new provisions also in Q4
- Positive loan losses for 7<sup>th</sup> consecutive quarter



# Impaired loans

- Impaired loans gross continue to fall, mainly as impaired loans start to perform
- Net impaired loans as per cent of total lending down to 18bp

EURm. End of period	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04
Impaired loans, gross	1,819	1,994	2,006	2,097	2,249
Reserves	-1,480	-1,545	-1,581	-1,657	-1,706
Impaired loans, net	339	449	425	440	543
Provisions/impaired loans, gross,%	81	78	79	79	76
Impaired loans, net/lending,%	0.18	0.25	0.24	0.26	0.34

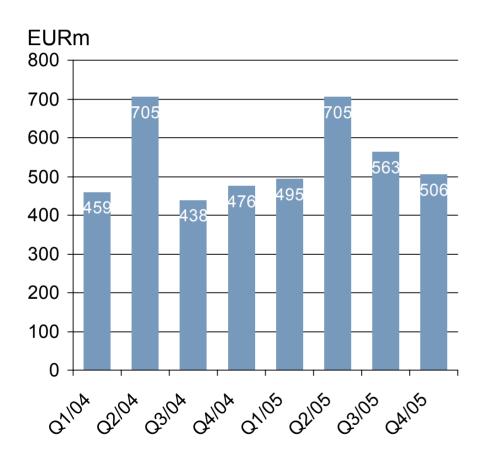


## **Taxes**

- Effective tax rate 2005 approx. 26%
- Tax cost increased in Q4 related to taxation of derivatives based on a ruling in Norway – EUR 67m
  - Nordea aims at reclaiming the amount
- A revaluation of the deferred tax asset in Finland partly compensated for the increase
- Revaluation of tax asset reduced tax cost by approx. EUR 145m 2005
  - (EUR 45m in Q4)
- Revaluation of tax asset based on Nordea's expected ability to utilise loss carry-forward
- Net unrecognised tax assets amount to approx. EUR 700m nominally
  - main part expires in 2013



## Net profit



## YoY:

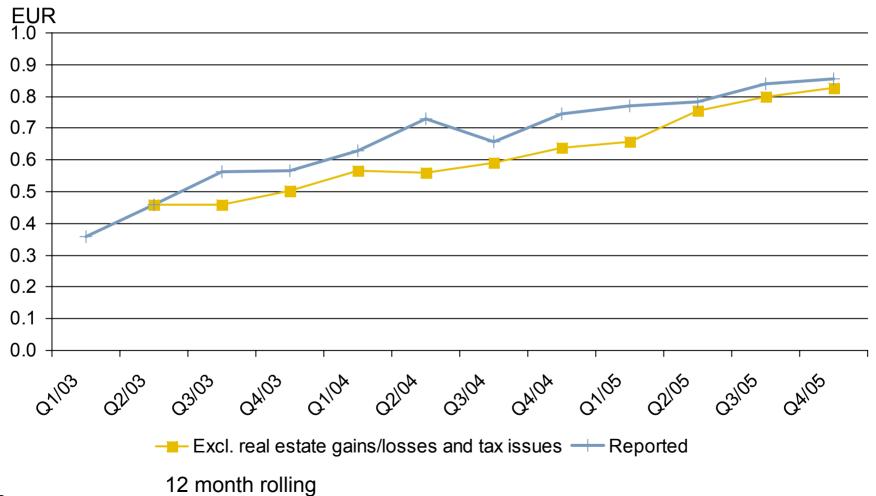
- Up 28% when adjusted for realestate gain 2004
- Up 9% reported

## QoQ:

Higher tax rate in Q4

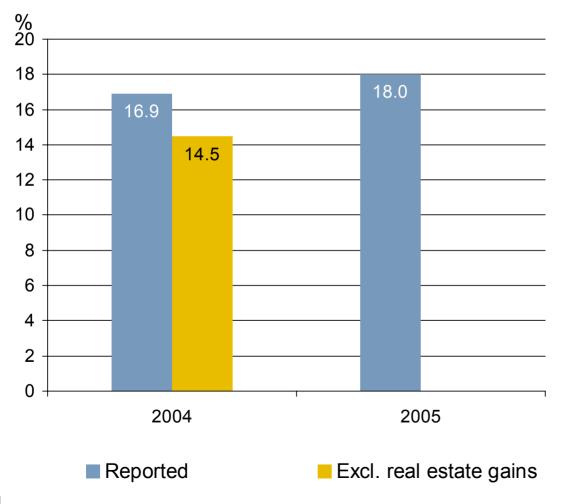


# Earnings per share up 34% in 2005 - excl. real estate gain





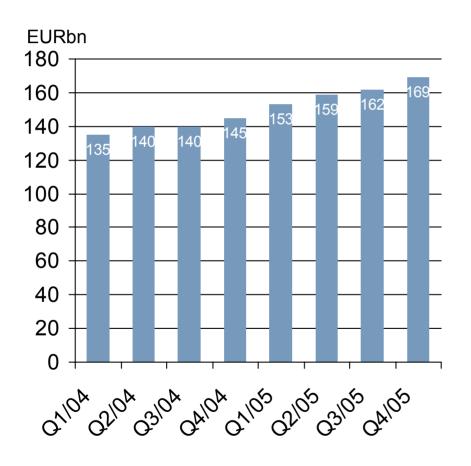
# Return on equity



- Well above target of > 15% in 2005
- Relative improvement stronger than Nordic peers



# Risk-weighted assets (RWA)



## YoY

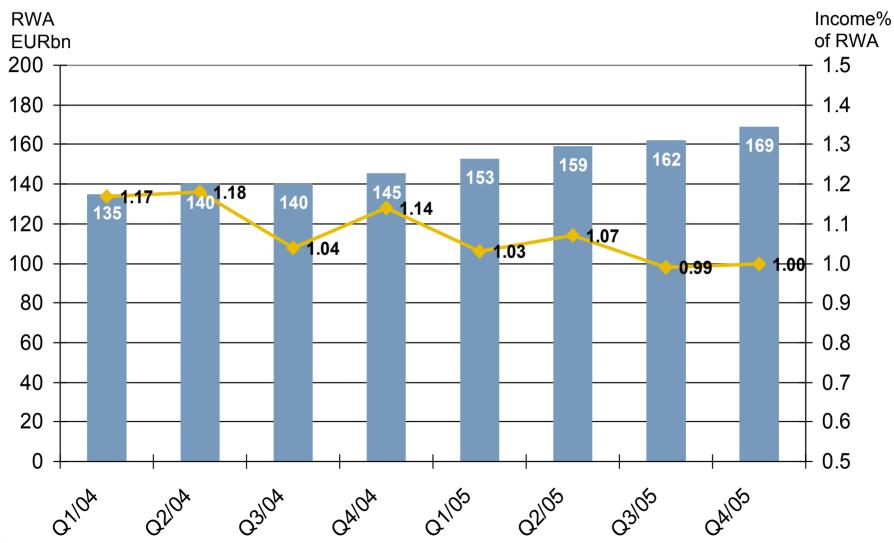
- RWA up 17%
- Total lending up 17%
- Growth in RWA reflects strong increase in business volumes
  - SME lending
  - mortgage lending
  - structured products in Markets

#### QoQ

RWA up 4%



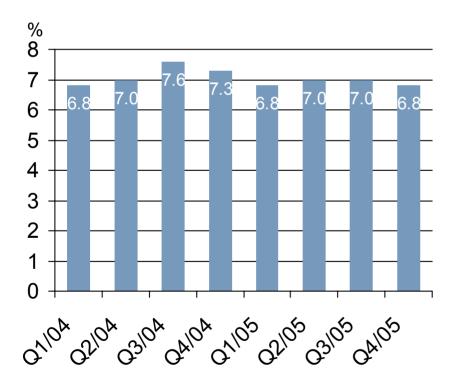
## Total income/RWA





# Capital position

Tier 1 ratio



- Tier 1 ratio 6.8%
  - strong volume growth
  - buy-back of 50m shares in Q4 reduced
     Tier 1 ratio by approx. 20bp
- EUR 73m hybrid capital issued Q4
  - Hybrid instrument 15% of Tier 1 capital
- Total capital ratio at 9.2%
- Substantial reduction of RWA following introduction of Basel II



# Increased dividend by 25% per share proposed

● Per share, EUR 0.35 (0.28)

● Total, EURm 908 (766)

Pay-out ratio40% (40%)

Dividend yield (share price Dec 30, 2005)4.0%

Ex dividend date6 April

Record date10 April

Payment date19 April



# Repurchase of own shares

- Repurchase programme activated on 26 Oct 2005 of 50 million shares or 2% of outstanding shares – completed 24 Nov 2005
- Nordea repurchased approx. 140m shares in 2005
  - by end of 2005 Nordea held in total approx. 112m shares to be cancelled at AGM 5 April 2006
- New mandate to repurchase up to 5% of the total number of shares suggested to the coming AGM

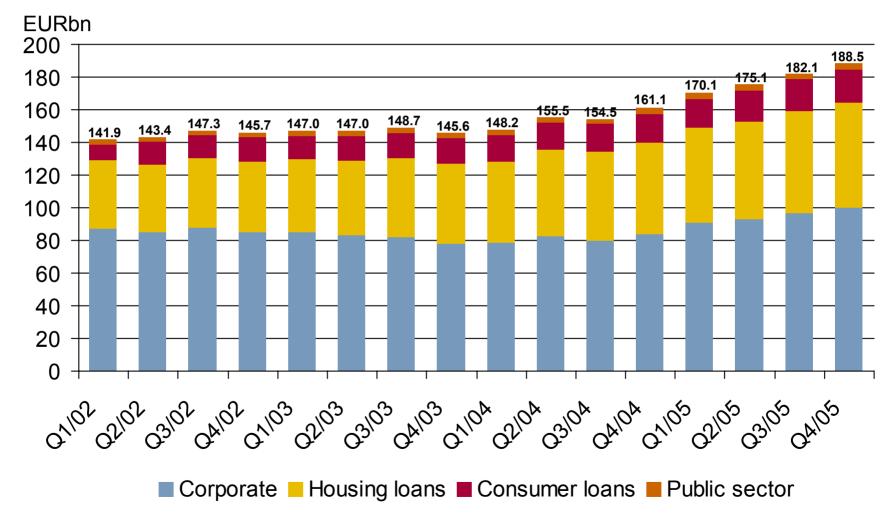


# **Business trends**



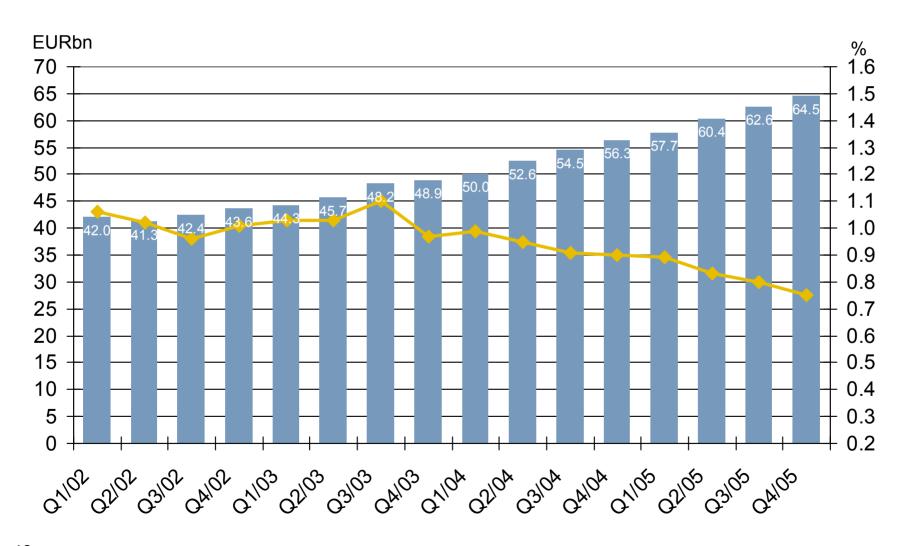


# **Total lending**





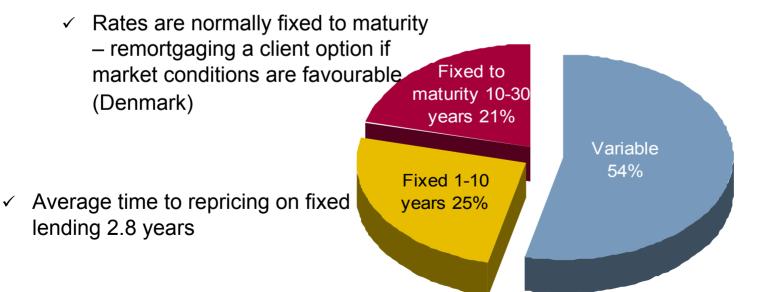
# Households mortgages, volumes and margins





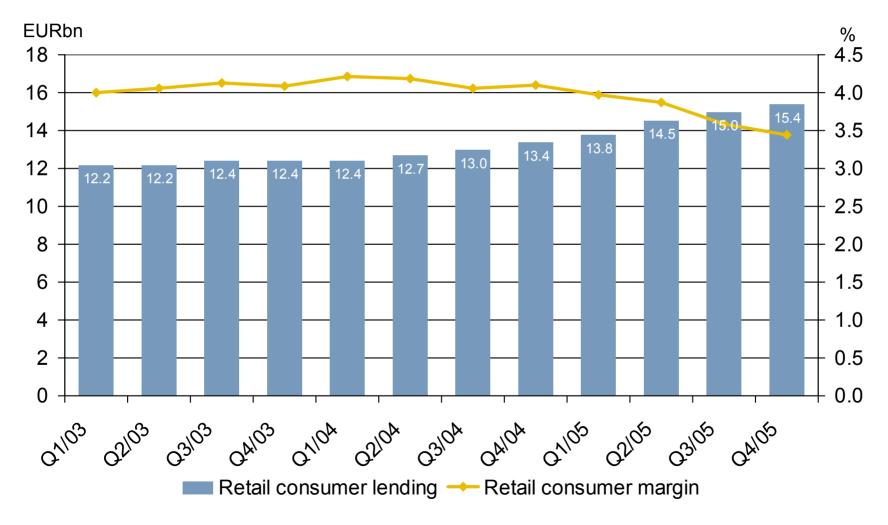
# Time to repricing in mortgage book, EUR 64.5bn

- Current market prices and margins largely reflected in NII in mortgage book – since loans to variable rates dominate
- Increased share of fixed lending in Q4



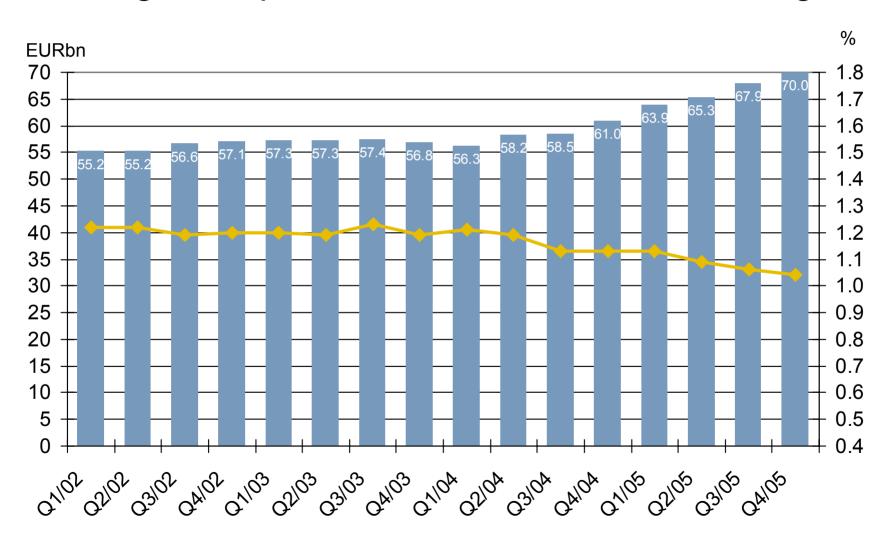


# Retail consumer lending\*, volumes and margins



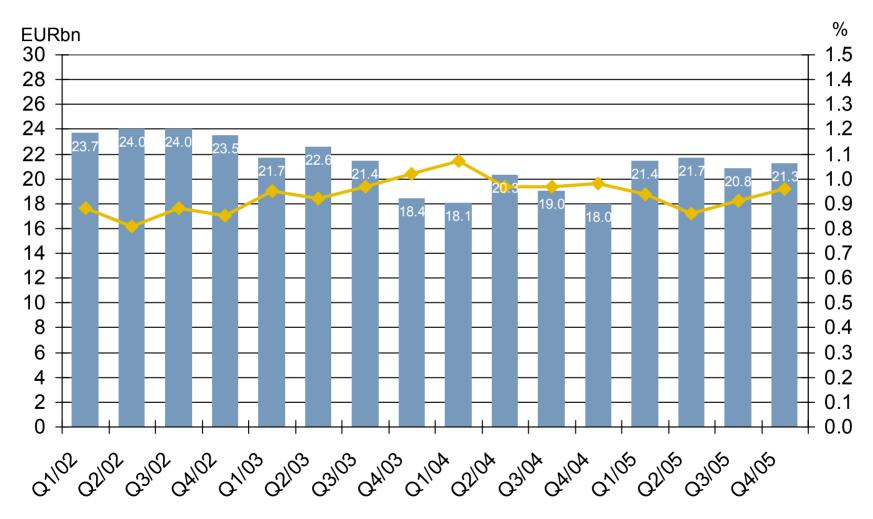


# Lending to corporates, SME, volumes and margins





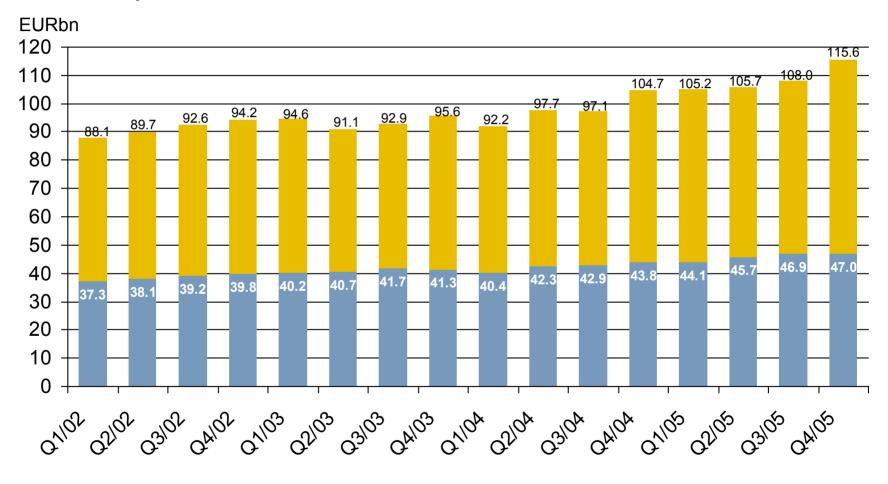
# CIB\*, lending volumes and margins



<sup>\*</sup> Excl. Markets, Poland and Baltic



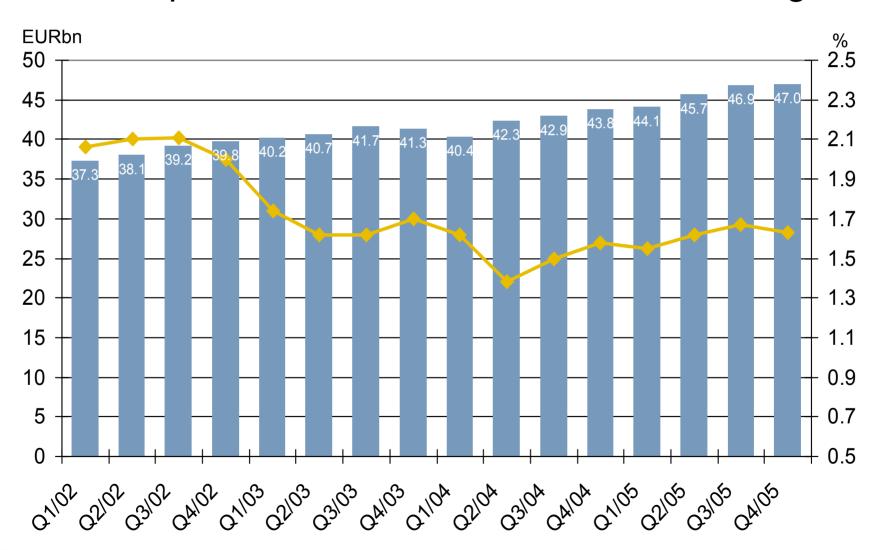
# Total deposits



Of which household deposits



# Retail deposits, households, volumes and margins





# Structural Interest Income Risk (SIIR)

EURm, annualised effect on NII*	2005	Q3/05	2004
Increasing market rates, 100bp	154	140	192
Decreasing market rates, 100bp	-175	-182	-200

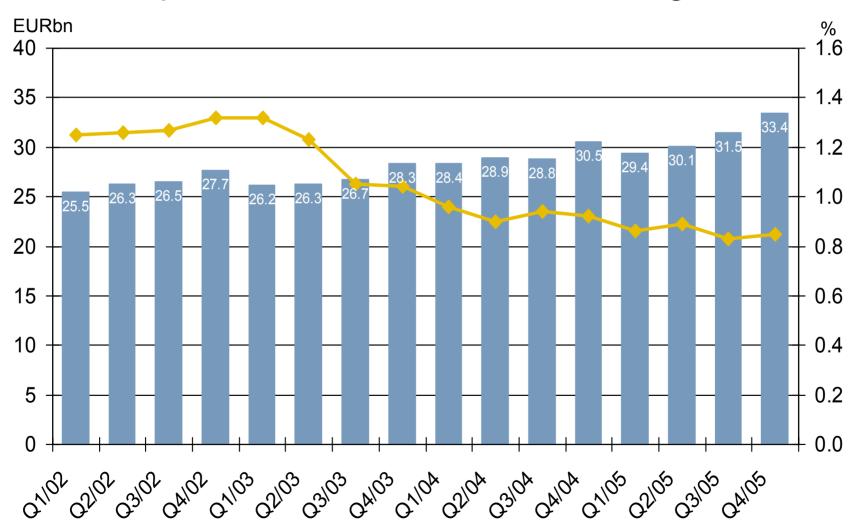
- Reduced sensitivity YoY following implementation of ALM strategy
- Increased short-term interest rates and volume effect in Q4

SIIR is defined as the effect on net interest income (NII) in the next 12 months if market rates change by one percentage point. Figures are asymmetrical as interest rates on deposits from customers cannot be reduced below 0%. Figures are based on maturity and repricing structure, and the effect going forward will be subject to management decisions and the competitive situation in the market.

<sup>\*</sup>Approx. end of period

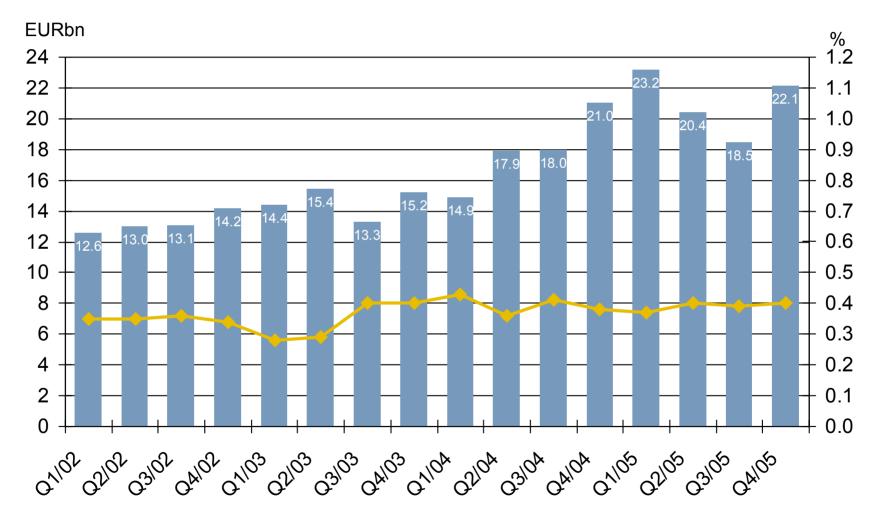


# Retail deposits, SME, volumes and margins





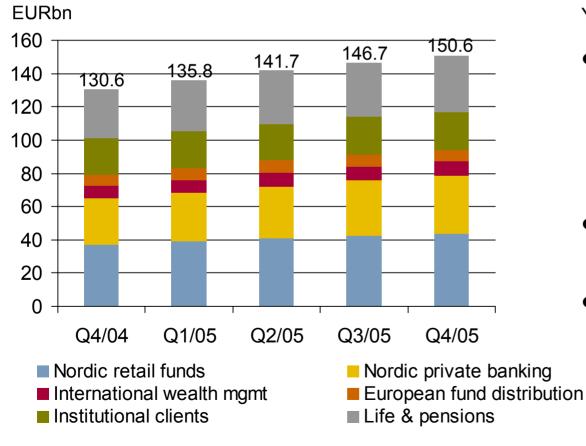
# CIB\*, deposit volumes and margins



<sup>\*</sup>Excl. Markets, Poland and Baltic



# Assets under Management

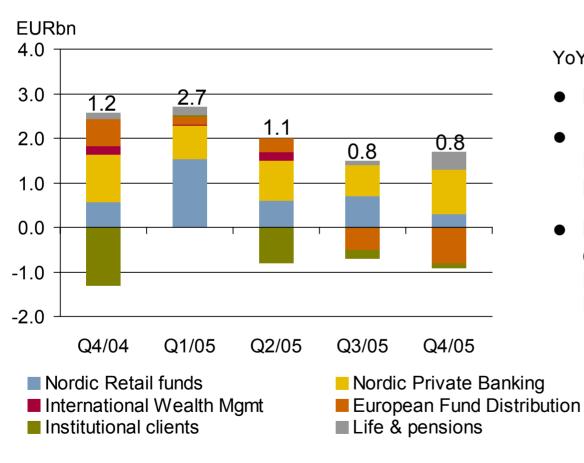


### YoY

- Up 15% supported by strong equity markets
  - net inflow EUR 5.4bn
  - asset appreciation EUR 14.6bn
  - asset shift towards equities
- Launch of several new successful products
- Largest number of four and five star rated funds by Morningstar among Nordic peers



## Net inflows

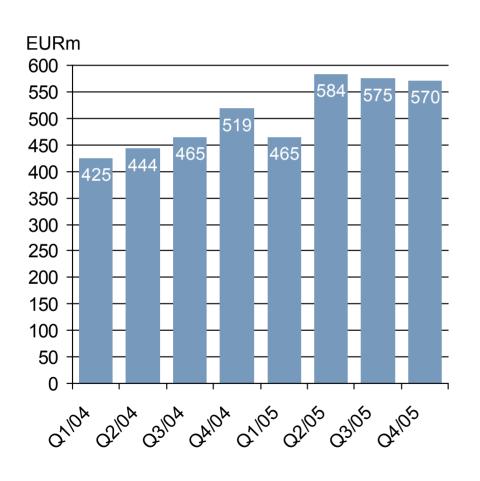


#### YoY

- Net inflow EUR 5.4bn
- Inflow of EUR 3.0bn to Nordic Retail funds and EUR 3.4bn to Nordic Private Banking
- Net outflow from Institutional clients EUR 1.1bn and from **European Fund Distribution** EUR 1.0bn
  - related to structured products managed by professional investors
  - gross inflow remained high
  - action plans being implemented



# Retail Banking operating profit



#### YoY

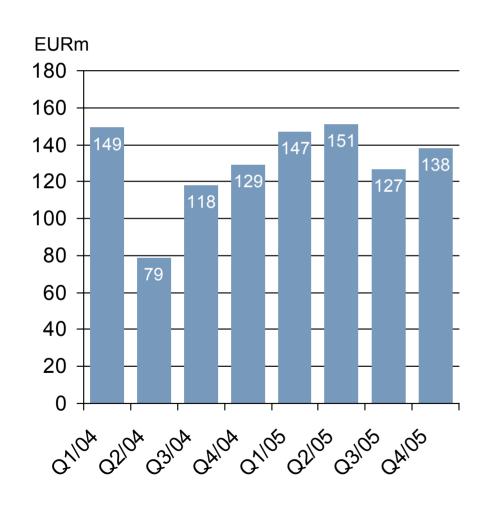
- Up 18% to EUR 2,194m
  - strong growth in volumes
  - increased no. of core customers
- Double-digit growth in business volumes off-set margin pressure
- Increase in income from Private Banking and other saving products
- Increase in Markets related products to SME's

- Stable at high level
- Continued strong income growth

Key ratios	2005	2004
C/I ratio, %	55	58
RoEC, %	29	27



# CIB operating profit



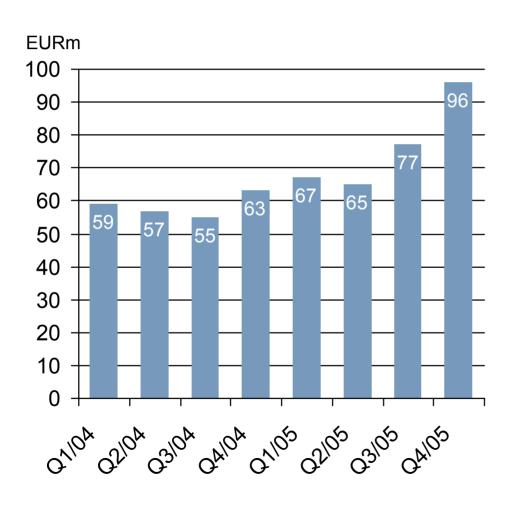
### YoY

- Up 19% to EUR 563m
  - income up 10%
  - costs unchanged
- Growth in volumes
- Strong year for Shipping and Acquisition Finance
- Strong result in Markets
- Growth in Poland and Baltic countries
   QoQ
- Up 9%
- Continued high customer activity

Key ratios	2005	2004
C/I ratio, %	52	57
RoEC, %	23	20



# Asset Management, product result



### YoY

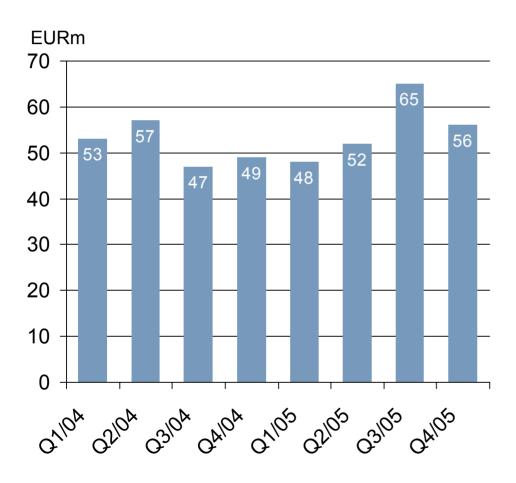
- Product result up 30%
  - increased AuM
  - improved income margin
- Successful launch of new retail funds
- Strong year for Private Banking

- Strong result up 25%
- Income margin up 8bp to 64bp
  - product launches
  - transaction and performance fees

Key ratios	2005	2004
C/I ratio, %	52	58
AuM, EURbn	151	131



# Life Insurance, product result



\* Financial buffers in % of provisions

### YoY

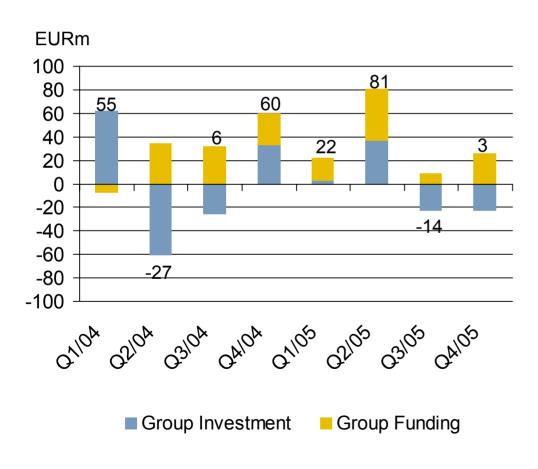
- Product result up 7%
- Net written premiums up 22%
  - unit-linked premiums up 62%
- Market share Swedish private Life & Pension improved to 7.9% (2.6%)
- Significantly improved buffers supported by strong equity markets

- Product result down 14%
  - Q3 positively affected by strong profit sharing result in Norway

Key ratios	2005	2004
Inv return, %	9.9	8.4
Financial buffers*, %	7.7	5.9



# Group Treasury, operating profit



#### YoY

- Operating profit maintained at high level in Group Investment as well as in Group Funding
- 3.1% investment return in Group Investment (return target 3.0%)

- Good result in Group Funding
- Investment return in Group Investment 2.4% annualised



# In summary - 2005

- Nordea's best year so far
- Strong performance and record results in all business areas
- Gap between income and cost development 7 percentage points
- Strong volume growth in all business areas more than offset margin pressure
- Positive loan losses for 7<sup>th</sup> consecutive quarter
- RoE clearly above target
  - strong relative improvement compared to Nordic peers
- Going forward
  - continue to capture profitable revenue growth opportunities while maintaining strict risk and cost management



# Facts & Figures





# Facts & Figures, content

Credit quality	Page 69
Economic capital	Page 78
<ul> <li>Business areas</li> </ul>	Page 81
Balance sheet	Page 114
<ul> <li>Market shares</li> </ul>	Page 117
<ul> <li>Appendix</li> </ul>	Page 125

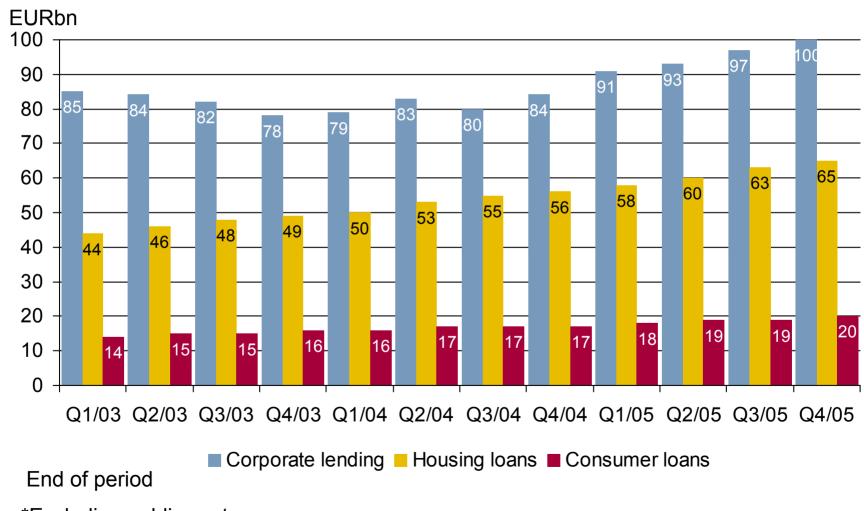


# Credit quality





# Loan portfolio by customer category\*

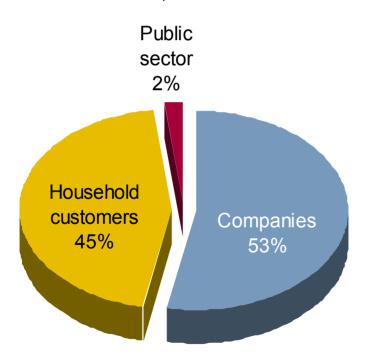


<sup>\*</sup>Excluding public sector

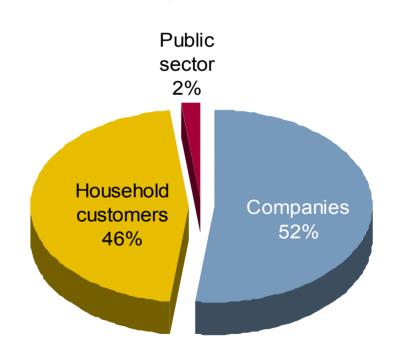


# Loan portfolio by customer group



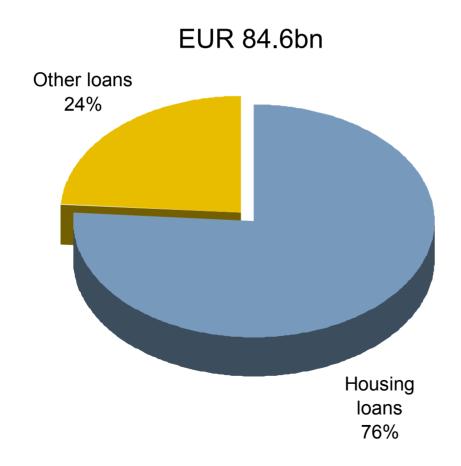


## End 2004, EUR 161.1bn





# Lending to household customers End of 2005



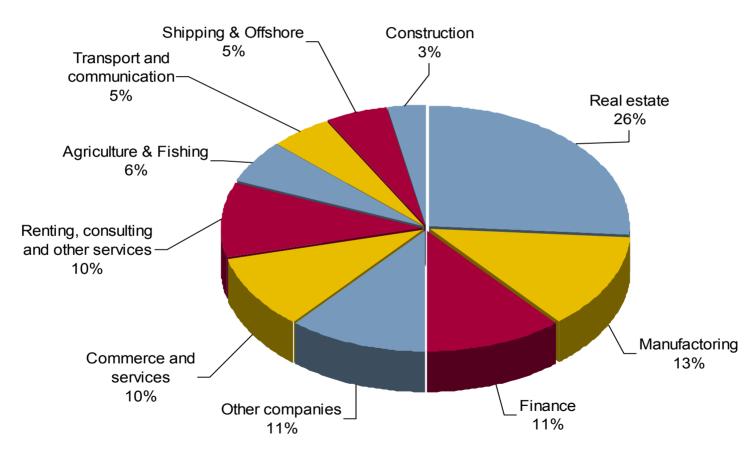
- Strong growth
- Other loans comprise
  - consumer credits
  - investment credits
  - car financing
  - overdraft facilities
  - credit cards
  - home equity credits



# Lending to companies by industry

End of 2005

EUR 100.0bn





## Loan portfolio in figures

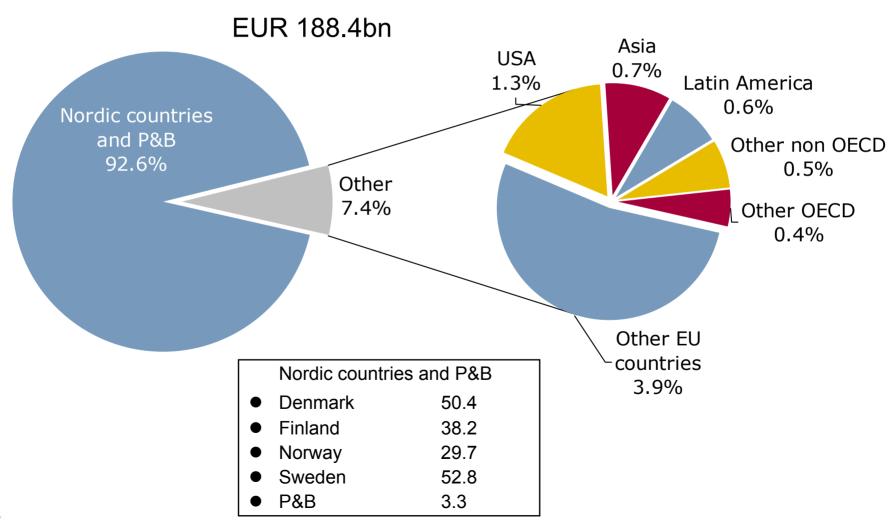
EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04
Household customers	84.6	81.7	78.9	75.3	73.4
Real estate	26.2	25.6	25.1	24.7	23.5
Construction	2.9	3.1	2.6	2.9	2.9
Transport, communication	5.6	5.1	5.6	4.9	4.6
Trade and services	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.4	8.6
Manufacturing	13.4	12.6	12.9	12.7	12.0
Finance	10.5	14.6	12.5	12.4	10.7
Renting, Consulting and other services	9.6	6.1	5.7	5.7	5.7
Other companies/public sector	14.6	12.8	12.0	12.3	10.7
Agriculture & Fishing	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.2
Shipping & Offshore	5.3	4.8	4.4	4.0	3.8
Total	188.4	182.1	175.1	170.1	161.1

End of period



# Lending by geographical area

End of 2005





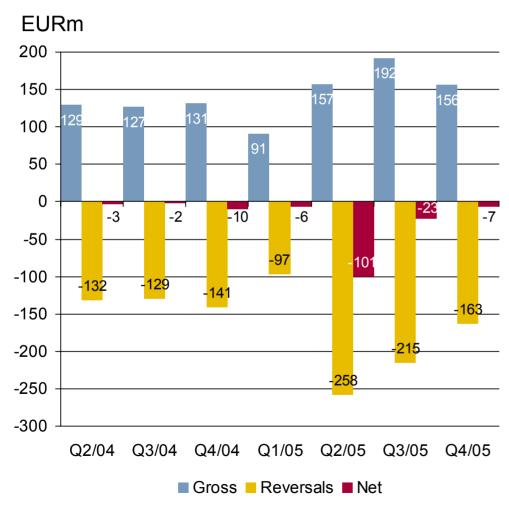
# Impaired loans

EURm. End of 2005	Gross	Provisions	Net
Household customers	446	316	150
Real estate	155	129	26
Construction	49	39	10
Transport, communication	57	54	3
Trade and services	193	150	43
Manufacturing	368	348	20
Finance	29	24	5
Renting, Consulting and other services	139	122	17
Other companies	189	171	18
Public sector	9	1	8
Agriculture & Fishing	165	134	31
Shipping & Offshore	20	14	6
Total	1,819	1,480	339

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#### Loan losses



#### YoY:

- Positive loan losses EUR 137m (EUR –27m 2004)
- Sale of shares in Pan-Fish, recovery of EUR 98m (Q2)

#### QoQ:

- Credit quality remains strong in all markets
- Reversals exceeded new provisions also in Q4
- Positive loan losses for 7<sup>th</sup> consecutive quarter

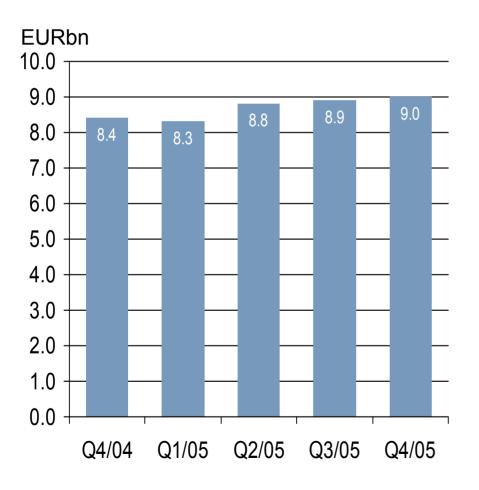


# Economic capital





#### Economic capital (EC)



- EC up 7% or EUR 0.6bn in 2005
- Increased business volumes

Total	9.0
Other	0.1
Treasury	0.4
Life	1.0
Asset Mgmt	0.1
CIB	1.9
Retail Banking	5.5
EC per business area, EURbn	2005

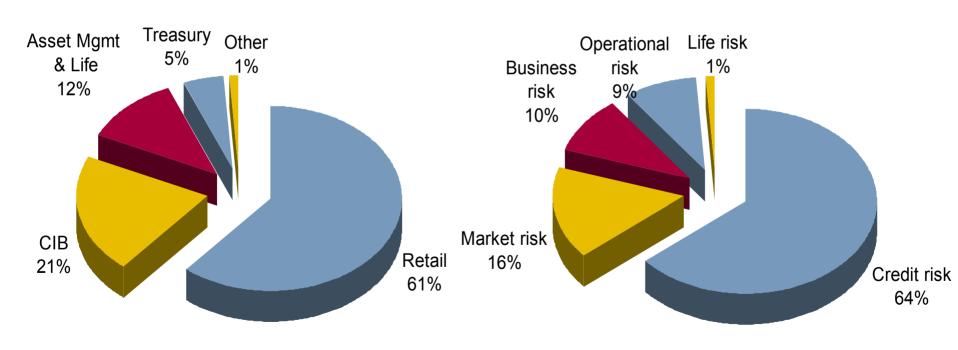


# Economic capital

End of 2005

#### Distribution by business area

#### Distribution by risk category





# Retail Banking





# Retail Banking

EURm	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2004	Chg, %
Net interest income	3,051	2,914	5
Commission income	1,301	1,191	9
Net gains/losses	225	185	22
Equity method	26	27	-4
Other income	72	71	1
Operating income	4,675	4,388	7
Staff costs	-1,050	-1,057	-1
Other expenses	-1,469	-1,443	2
Depreciations	-59	-45	31
Operating expenses	-2,578	-2,545	1
Loan losses	97	18	
Operating profit	2,194	1,861	18



## Retail Banking lending and deposit volumes

Lending, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Denmark	45.1	43.2	41.3	38.5	37.4	36.0	35.5	34.3
Finland	35.6	34.8	33.8	32.4	31.6	30.4	29.5	28.3
Norway	25.2	24.3	23.3	21.8	20.4	19.9	19.9	19.2
Sweden	46.1	45.2	43.3	44.0	42.6	40.9	40.0	38.3

Deposits, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Denmark	20.3	20.6	19.3	18.1	18.3	17.8	17.8	15.9
Finland	24.8	23.9	24.0	23.4	23.7	22.7	22.7	22.6
Norway	12.9	12.5	11.9	11.2	10.6	10.5	10.5	10.3
Sweden	22.4	21.3	20.6	20.8	21.8	20.8	20.1	19.9



### Retail Banking breakdown of lending

Denmark, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	18.1	17.0	16.1	14.7	14.3	13.7	13.8	13.4
Household mortgages	19.6	18.8	17.9	17.2	16.8	16.4	15.9	14.6
Consumer lending	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0

Finland, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	16.4	16.2	15.9	15.7	14.7	14.0	13.6	13.1
Households mortgages	15.2	14.8	14.2	13.6	13.3	12.8	12.4	11.8
Consumer lending	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5



### Retail Banking breakdown of lending

Norway, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	12.0	11.5	11.1	10.6	10.4	10.3	10.4	10.1
Household mortgages	10.9	10.6	10.5	9.9	9.7	9.3	9.2	8.5
Consumer lending	2.4	2.1	1.8	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.8	8.0

Sweden, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	23.5	23.2	22.2	22.9	21.6	20.5	20.4	19.7
Household mortgages	18.0	17.4	16.6	16.6	16.4	15.9	15.2	14.4
Consumer lending	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2



### Retail Banking breakdown of deposits

Denmark, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	7.8	8.0	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.1	7.2	6.7
Households, current accounts	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6
Households, savings accounts	9.4	9.5	9.0	8.4	8.1	7.8	7.7	6.6
Finland, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	7.2	7.0	7.2	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8
Households, current accounts	10.4	10.4	10.3	9.9	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.4
Households, savings accounts	7.1	6.6	6.6	6.5	7.1	6.4	6.4	6.4



### Retail Banking breakdown of deposits

Norway, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	7.4	6.9	6.3	6.2	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7
Households, current accounts	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2
Households, savings accounts	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5
Sweden, EURbn	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate	11.0	9.6	9.4	9.5	10.6	9.3	9.2	9.2
Households, current accounts	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.5
Households, savings accounts	6.3	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.2



## Retail Banking margins

%	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Lending to SME's	1.04	1.06	1.09	1.12	1.13	1.13	1.19	1.21
Mortgages, households	0.75	0.80	0.83	0.89	0.90	0.91	0.95	0.99
Consumer loans, households	3.45	3.59	3.87	3.97	4.10	4.09	4.18	4.21
Deposits, SME's	0.85	0.83	0.89	0.86	0.92	0.94	0.90	0.96
Deposits, households	1.63	1.67	1.62	1.55	1.58	1.50	1.38	1.62

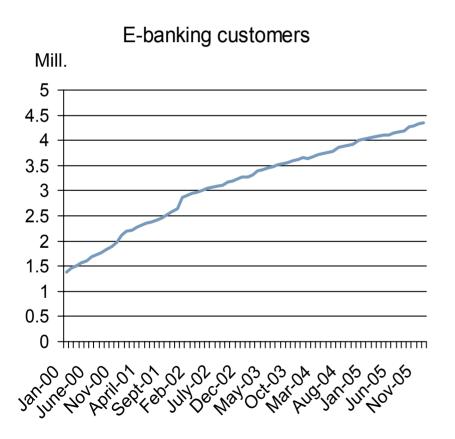


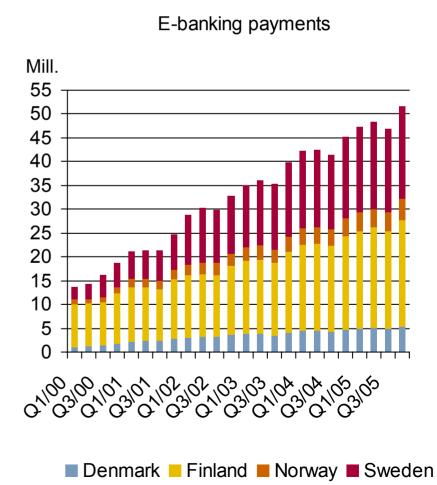
# Payments & transactions





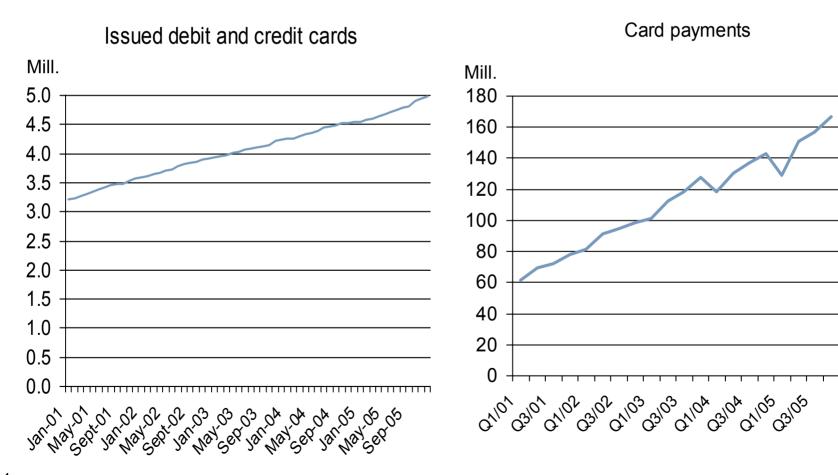
#### E-banking customers, all clients





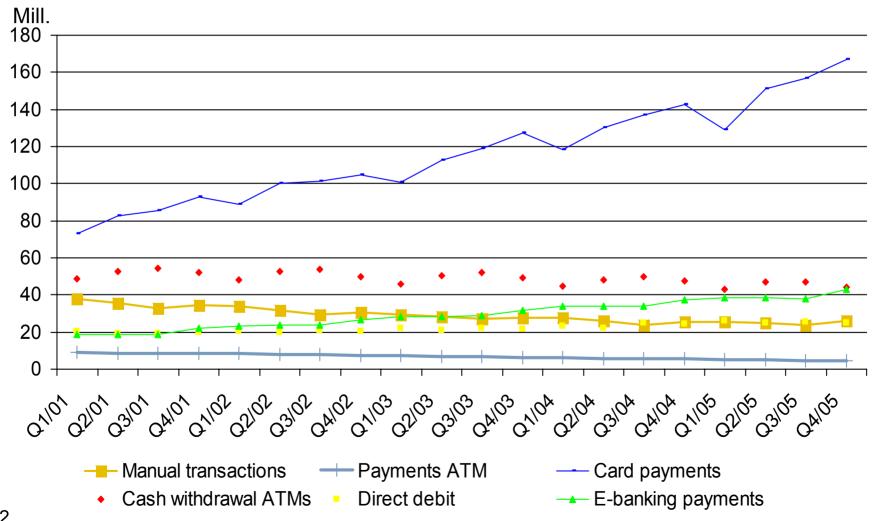


#### Cards, all clients





#### Payment transactions, households





## Payment transactions, households

Mill.	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Manual transactions	100.1	103.9	112.5	125.3	141.0
Payterminals	19.7	23.6	27.1	31.7	34.3
Card payments	603.6	527.8	459.9	395.5	333.5
Cash withdrawal ATM	181.7	190.4	197.4	204.4	207.2
Direct debit	101.3	98.5	86.1	81.5	78.5
E-banking payments	157.8	139.3	117.3	97.6	78.2
Total	1,164	1,084	1,000	936	873



# Corporate and Institutional Banking (CIB)





### Corporate and Institutional Banking

EURm	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2004	Chg, %
Net interest income	426	404	5
Commission income	348	332	5
Net gains/losses	284	224	27
Equity method	21	19	11
Other income	15	18	-17
Operating income	1,094	997	10
Staff costs	-322	-294	10
Other expenses	-238	-268	-11
Depreciations	-11	-11	0
Operating expenses	-571	-573	0
Loan losses	40	51	-52
Operating profit	563	475	19



## CIB lending and deposit volumes and margins

Lending, EURm	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate Banking Division	11.1	10.9	12.0	12.8	10.8	11.3	12.1	10.7
Financial Institutions Division	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.6	2.1	1.4
International and Shipping Division	8.5	8.1	7.7	6.5	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.0
Poland and Baltic	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.7
Total*	32.4	32.2	32.5	30.9	26.6	24.5	26.4	23.8
Margins**, %	0.96	0.91	0.86	0.94	0.98	0.97	0.97	1.07
Deposits, EURm	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04	Q3/04	Q2/04	Q1/04
Corporate Banking Division	7.0	6.3	8.0	8.9	9.1	7.4	6.9	6.4
Financial Institutions Division	10.9	8.6	8.8	11.1	9.0	7.5	8.1	5.9
International and Shipping Division	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.9	2.4
Poland and Baltic	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0
Total*	26.8	23.3	24.7	26.7	24.9	20.8	22.0	17.9
Margins**,%	0.40	0.39	0.40	0.37	0.38	0.41	0.36	0.43

<sup>\*</sup>Including Markets volumes

<sup>96 \*\*</sup>Excluding Markets and Poland and Baltic



#### Nordea operations in Poland and the Baltic countries

End of 2005	Estonia	Latvia	Lithuania	Poland	Total
Customers	44,000	32,100	16,500	325,800	418,400*
Branches/salespoints	10	12	8	41	71
Number of FTEs	242	234	162	855	1,503
Total assets, EURm	1,058	832	831	1,620	4,341
Lending, EURm	889	820	673	1376	3,758
Deposits, EURm	309	245	240	967	1,760
Market share, lending, %	10.6 %	7.6 %	8.2 %	1.4 %	
Market share, deposits, %	5.1 %	2.9 %	2.6 %	1.0 %	
Operating profit, EURm	11	12	1	12	32**
Country position, overall	3	4	5	18	

<sup>\*</sup>When including life customers the total no. of customers is close to 1 million

<sup>\*\*</sup>Difference compared to summary of country result is explained by booking of provisions



# Asset Management & Life





# Asset Management

EURm	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2004	Chg, %
Net interest income	40	36	11
Commission income	286	255	12
Net gains/losses	20	16	25
Equity method	0	0	0
Other income	12	9	33
Operating income	358	316	13
Staff costs	-111	-94	18
Other expenses	-85	-96	-11
Depreciations	-2	-2	0
Operating expenses	-198	-192	3
Operating profit	160	124	29
Product result	305	234	30



### Break down of AuM by market and channels

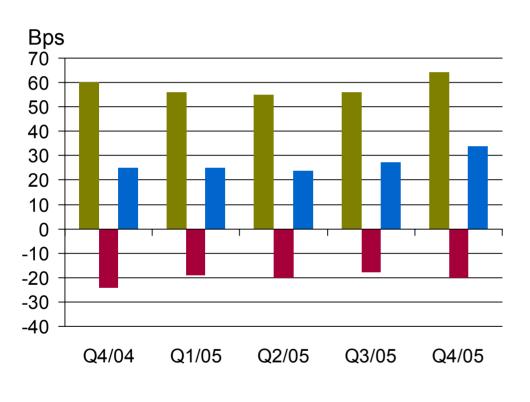
AuM, Q4/05, EURbn	Retail funds* (sold through own distribution)	Fund sales through third-parties	Private Banking	Institutional clients	Life & Pensions	I
Denmark	16.9	-	13.9	9.9	17.4**	58.1
Finland	6.9	-	14.4	4.0	8.0	33.3
Norway	2.3	-	1.3	3.4	4.2	11.2
Sweden	17.7	-	5.5	2.8	3.1	29.1
Europe	-	6.8	8.5	2.4	0.8	18.5
North America	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5
_	43.8	6.8	43.5	23.0	33.5	150.6

<sup>\*</sup> All funds targeted at Nordic Retail segment.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes EUR 3.7bn in bank-sold pension pools, previously included under retail funds.



#### Margin development – Asset Management



#### QoQ

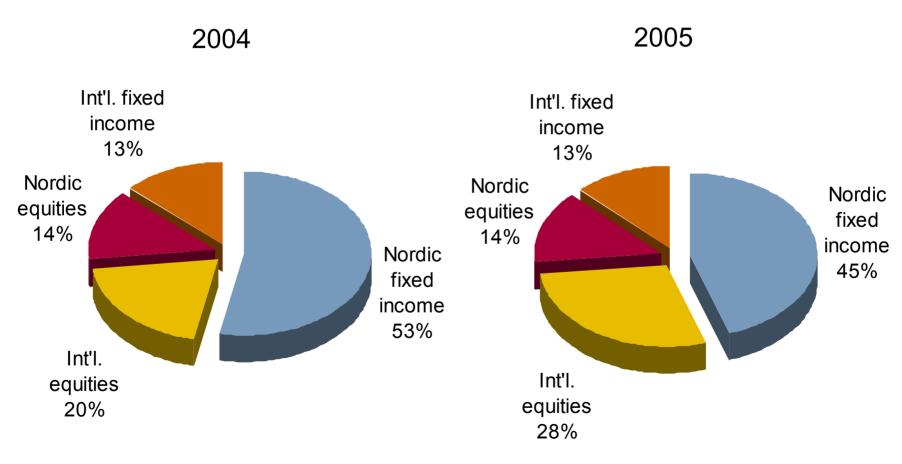
- Improved income margin following launch of new highmargin products
- Expenses margin up due to higher personnel expenses
- Result margin up affected by strong top-line growth



Result margin



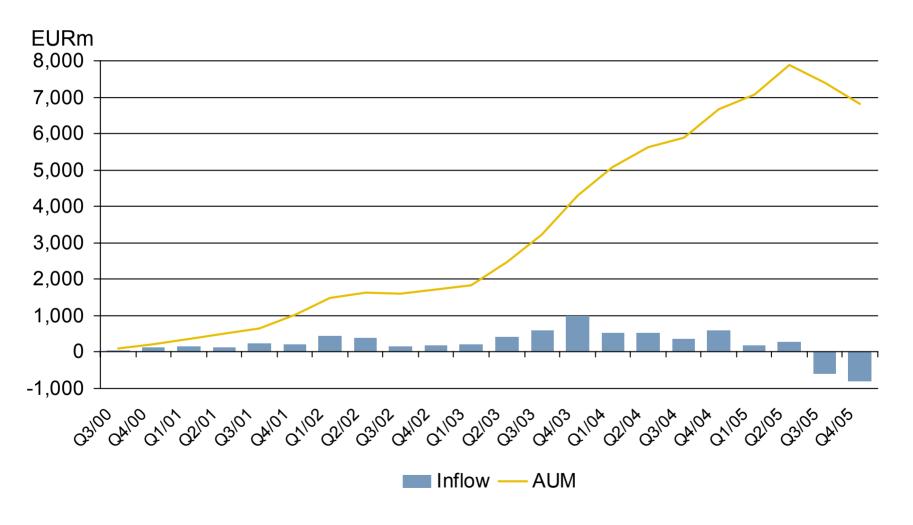
#### Asset structure\*



<sup>\*</sup>Average AuM for Asset Management activities excl. Nordic Private Banking activities, in Q4 this was EUR 114.1 bn



#### **European Fund Distribution**





#### Life - breaking out profit drivers

Fee contribution

- Fee based on size of life provisions in "with profit" companies DK, FI, SE II
- Profit-sharing from the Norwegian business (existing model, change pending)

Contribution from cost result

- 25% of surplus/deficit from cost result in DK, 100% from FI and SE II
- Profit-/loss-sharing in Norway

Contribution from risk result

- 25% of surplus/deficit from risk result in DK, 100% from FI and SE II
- Profit-/loss-sharing in Norway

Inv. return on shareholders' equity

Investment return from separated shareholders' equity (DK)

Other profits

Health and accident result, holding company result

**Unit-linked** 

Net unit-linked result including unit-linked cost/risk result

Retail commission and distribution cost

 Commissions paid to Retail Banking less distribution cost in Retail Banking (standard 55% of commissions paid)

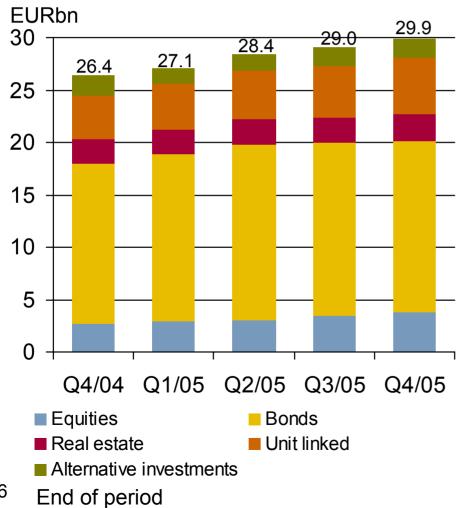


# Life - profit drivers

EURm	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04
Traditional insurance					
Fee contribution/profit sharing	33	43	35	30	24
Contribution from cost result	-1	0	0	1	1
Contribution from risk result	10	7	2	5	2
Inv. return on Shareholders Equity	1	3	4	3	2
Other profits	6	7	5	3	15
Total Profit Traditional	49	60	46	42	44
Total Profit Unit linked	10	9	11	10	9
Estimated distribution cost in Retail	-3	-4	-5	-4	-4
Total product result	56	65	52	48	49
Of which income within Retail	29	24	19	22	33
Key figures					
Premiums written, net of reinsurance	1,081	577	645	789	784
Hereof from Traditional business	607	404	458	590	585
Hereof from Unit-linked business	474	174	187	198	198



#### Life - investments



#### Equities

- predominantly listed equities
- 1/3 Nordic, 2/3 international

#### Bonds

- ¾ Nordic issuers
- primarily govmn't & mortgage inst.

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#### Life - asset allocation

	Total,	EURbn	Equ	Equities, %		
	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q4/05	Q3/05		
Denmark	13.7	13.5	23	22		
Finland	8.0	7.7	21	20		
Norway	4.2	4.0	15	15		
Sweden	3.1	3.0	2	3		
Total	29.0	28.2	19	18		



## Life - solvency situation

End of 2005

EURm	Required solvency	Actual solvency	Solvency buffer	Solvency in % of requirement
Denmark	501	574	73	115
Finland	228	683	455	299
Norway*	138	256	118	185
Sweden*	69	98	29	143

<sup>\*</sup>excluding unit linked companies



# Life – solvency sensitivity End of 2005

	Denmark	Finland	Norway	Sweden
Solvency in % of requirement	115	299	185	143
Equities drop 12%	115	229	185	143
Interest rates down 50bp	112	329	185	145
Interest rates up 50bp	117	275	185	141



#### Life – financial buffers\*

	EURm		% of total provisions		
	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q4/05	Q3/05	
Denmark	1,172	1,055	10.5	9.5	
Finland	278	338	5.2	6.5	
Norway	181	102	5.6	2.9	
Sweden	24	20	1.4	1.1	
Total	1,654	1,515	7.7	7.1	

<sup>\*</sup> Financial buffers are defined in accordance with local regulations and practices



## Life – buffer sensitivity

End of 2005

EURm	Denmark	Finland	Norway	Sweden
Financial buffers*	1,172	278	181	24
Equities drop 12%	937	118	124	24
Interest rates down 50bp	1,276	338	186	26
Interest rates up 50bp	1,131	223	177	19



# **Group Treasury**





## **Group Treasury**

			Group Investment		Group Fu	nding
EURm	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net interest income	110	97	-60	-44	170	141
Commission income	-6	-7	-3	-5	-3	-2
Net gains/losses	1	31	40	48	-39	-17
Equity method	7	0	7	0	0	0
Other income	25	22	25	24	0	-2
Operating income	137	143	9	23	128	120
Staff costs	-15	-14	-6	-4	-9	-10
Other expenses	-30	-35	-9	-11	-21	-24
Depreciations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operating expenses	-45	-49	-15	-15	-30	-34
Operating profit	92	94	-6	8	98	86



## Balance sheet





#### Balance sheet

EURm	End of 2005	End of 2004	
Treasury bills and other eligible bills	7,280	8,608	
Loans and receivables to credit institutions	31,578	24,774	
Loans and receivables to the public	188,460	161,060	
Derivatives	28,876	26,366	
Other assets	69,355	59,266	
Total assets	325,549	280,074	
Deposits by credit institutions	29,790	30,156	
Deposits and borrowings from the public	115,550	104,704	
Liabilities to policyholders	26,830	22,191	
Debt securities in issue	82,609	60,868	
Derivatives	28,602	26,675	
Subordintated liabilities	7,822	5,818	
Other liabilities and minority interests	21,428	16,999	
Core equity	12,918	12,663	
Total liabilites and equity	325,549	280,074	



Capital base					
EURm	Q4/05	Q3/05	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q4/04
Core equity	12,918	12,946	12,344	12,474	12,549
Hybrid capital loans	1,472	1,395	1,387	914	757
Deferred tax assets	-327	-460	-449	-448	-401
Goodwill	-1,794	-1,804	-1,799	-1,771	-1,658
Other items net	-831	-696	-431	-826	-65
Tier 1 capital	11,438	11,381	11,052	10,343	10,59
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.8%	7.0%	7.0%	6.8%	7.3%
Tier 2 capital	5,862	6,445	5,528	4,926	4,82
-of which perpetual subordinated loans	837	833	832	810	79
Deductions for investments in ins. companies	-1,535	-1,535	-1,441	-1,441	-1,44
Deductions for other investments	-279	-282	-285	-259	-23
Total capital base	15,486	16,009	14,854	13,569	13,74
Total capital ratio	9.2%	9.9%	9.4%	8.9%	9.5%
RWA credit risk	153,483	147,995	143,400	138,201	132,93

15,545

169,028

14,399

162,394

15,130

158,530

12,070

145,005

14,384

152,585

116 Total RWA

RWA market risk



## Market shares

<sup>\*</sup> Mainly statistics from Dec 2005

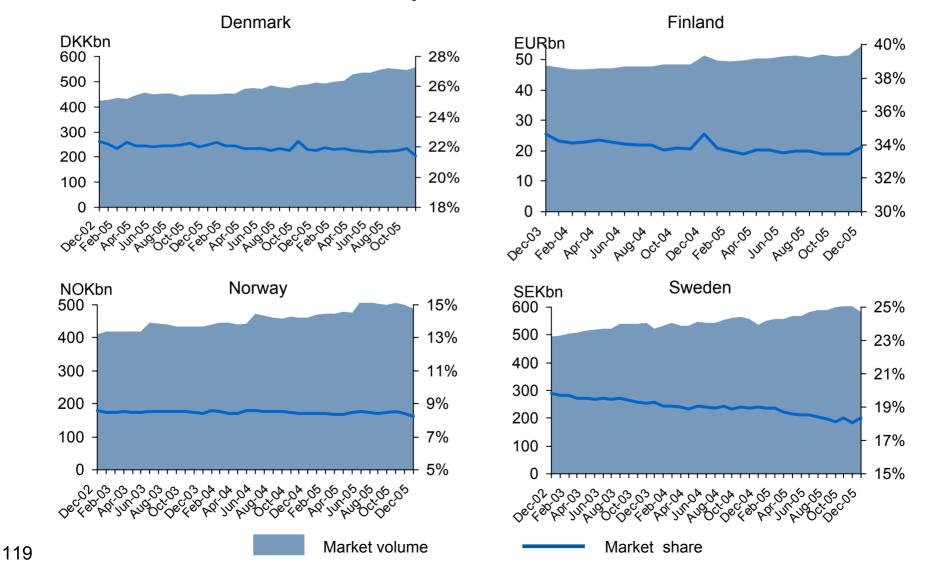


### Market position in Nordic markets

Market shares	Denmark	Finland	Norway	Sweden
Personal customers				
- mortgage lending	16.9%	31.7%	11.7%	15.8%
- consumer lending	15.3%	30.1%	10.9%	9.2%
- deposits	21.4%	33.8%	8.2%	18.4%
Corporate customers				
- lending	20.2%	35.3%	16.6%	14.0%
- deposits	23.5%	40.7%	17.1%	22.7%
Investment funds	20.1%	25.4%	8.4%	14.6%
Life & Pensions	14.8%	30.6%	7.5%	3.3%
Brokerage (Full-year 2005)	7.9%	5.2%	3.7%	3.1%

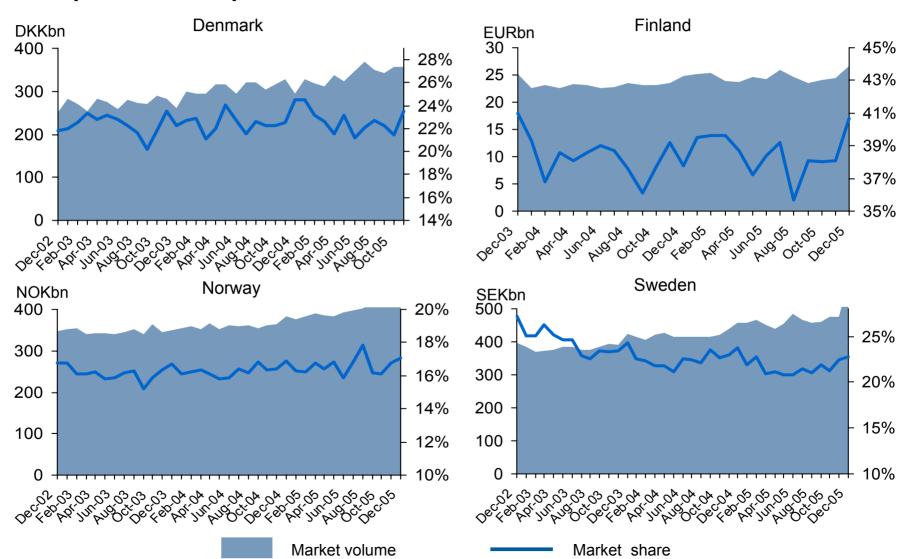


#### Personal customer deposits - market volume & share



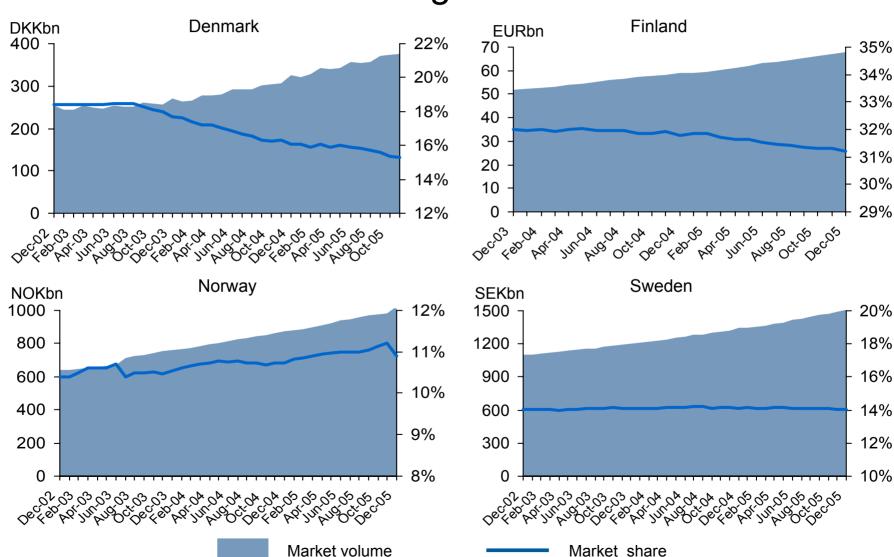


#### Corporate deposits - market volume & share



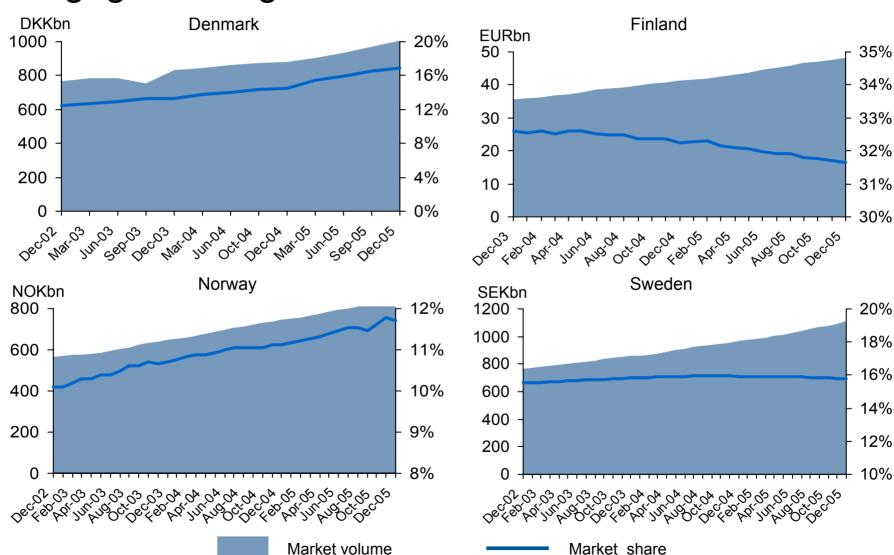


#### Personal customer lending - market volume & share



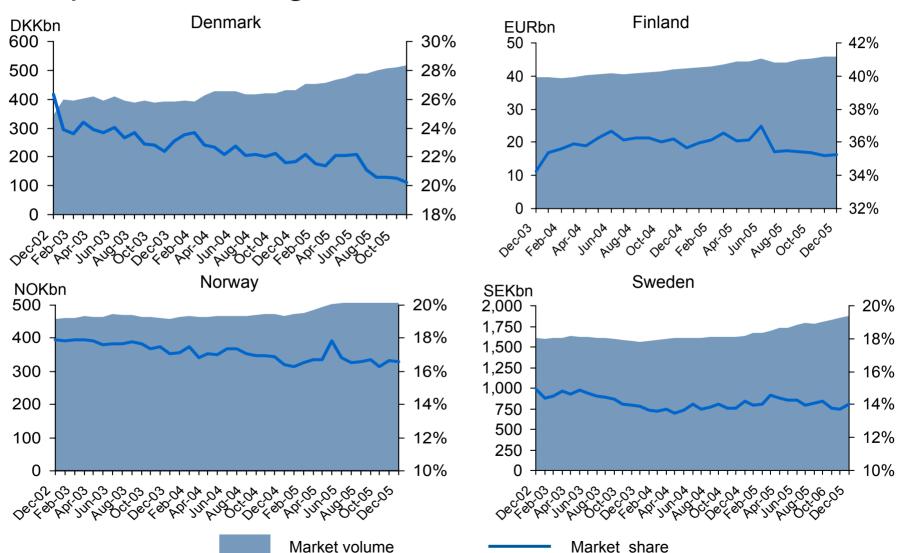


### Mortgage lending households - market volume & share



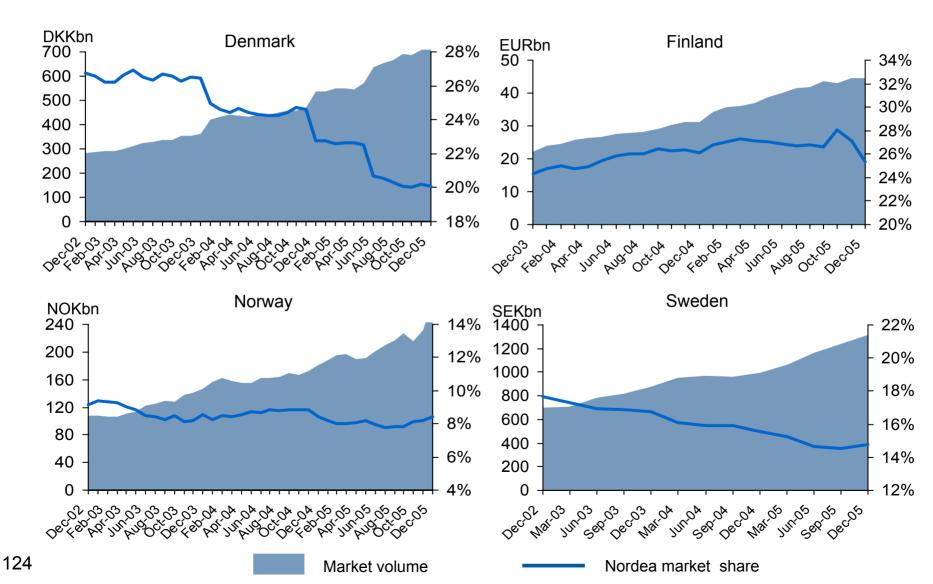


#### Corporate lending - market volume & share





#### Investment funds - market volume & share



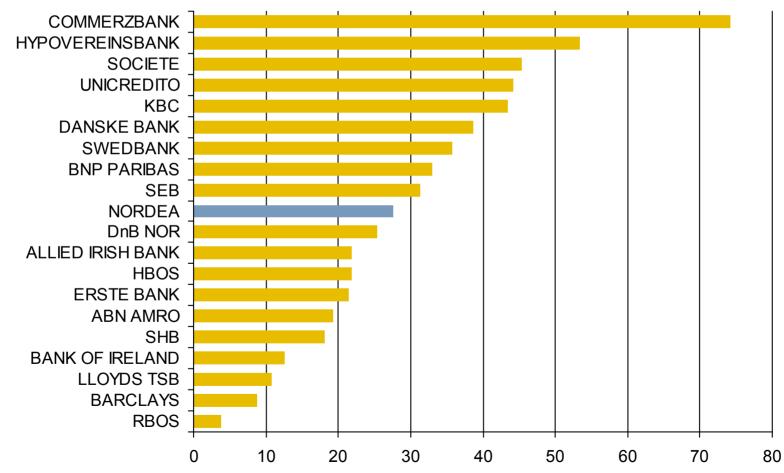


# Appendix





#### Total shareholder return (TSR) 2005, % Nordea peer group\*



<sup>\*</sup>As defined by Nordea



#### Largest registered shareholders, end of 2005

Shareholder Number of shares		%
Swedish state	515.6	19.9
Nordea Danmark fund	102.5	4.0
Alecta	79.8	3.1
Robur Funds	71.7	2.8
SBH/SPP Funds	70.3	2.7
SEB Funds	49.0	1.9
AMF Pension	43.5	1.7
Nordea Funds	41.6	1.6
Skandia Life Insurance	33.4	1.3
Second Swedish National Pension Fund	29.2	1.1
Third Swedish National Pension Fund	27.0	1.0
First Swedish National Pension fund	26.5	1.0
Fourth Swedish National Pension Fund	23.3	0.9
Länsförsäkringar Funds	15.7	0.6
Govt. of Singapore Inv. Corp.	13.8	0.5
Nordea profit sharing foundation	12.7	0.5
Franklin-Templeton Funds	12.6	0.5
Abu Dhabi Investment	10.1	0.4
AMF Pension Funds	9.9	0.4
Seventh Swedish National Pension Fund	9.8	0.4
Total for the 20 largest shareholders	1,1989	46.3



### Market development – interest rates

%	30-09-05	30-12-05	Change Q4/05
Short, EUR (one week)	2.07	2.33	+0.26
Long, EUR (5 years)	2.71	3.20	+0.49
Short, DK	2.16	2.40	+0.24
Long, DK	2.74	3.27	+0.53
Short, NO	2.02	2.32	+0.30
Long, NO	3.52	4.01	+0.49
Short, SE	1.54	1.54	+-0
Long, SE	2.78	3.37	+0.59



#### Macro data – Nordic market

%		2005e	2006e	2007e
Gross domestic product	DK <del>   </del>	3.6	3.2	2.3
	FI 🚻	1.9	3.9	2.8
	NO 🚻	3.5	2.6	2.0
	SE 🔀	2.8	3.6	2.8
Inflation	DK 🚻	1.8	1.9	1.7
	FI 🚻	0.9	1.3	1.5
	NO 🚻	1.6	1.9	1.8
	SE 📒	0.5	1.3	2.0
Private consumption	DK 🚻	4.6	2.9	2.1
	FI 🚃	3.5	3.1	1.8
	NO 🚻	3.8	2.3	2.1
	SE 🔀	2.5	3.5	2.8
Unemployment	DK 🚻	5.7	4.8	4.6
	FI 🚃	8.4	8.0	7.6
	NO 🚻	4.7	4.1	3.9
	SE 🟪	5.9	5.0	4.8



#### Financial calendar 2006

- Week 10: Annual Report expected to be published on www.nordea.com
- 16-17 March, presentation of Market Consistent Embedded Value (MCEV) in Nordea's Life operations in London and Stockholm respectively
- Week 12: Annual Report will be available in print
- AGM will be held on 5 April
- Q1 report 2006 will be published on 3 May
- Q2 report 2006 will be published on 19 July
- Q3 report 2006 will be published on 26 October