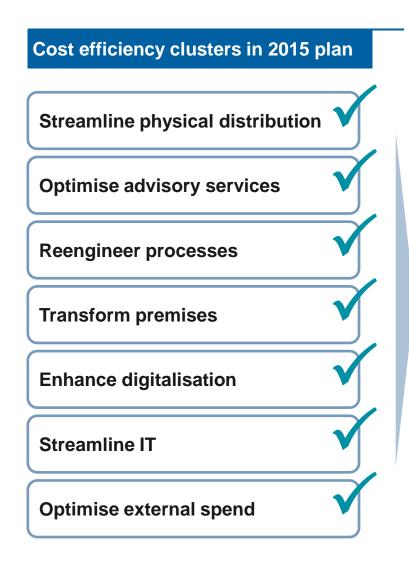
## Financial plan and targets

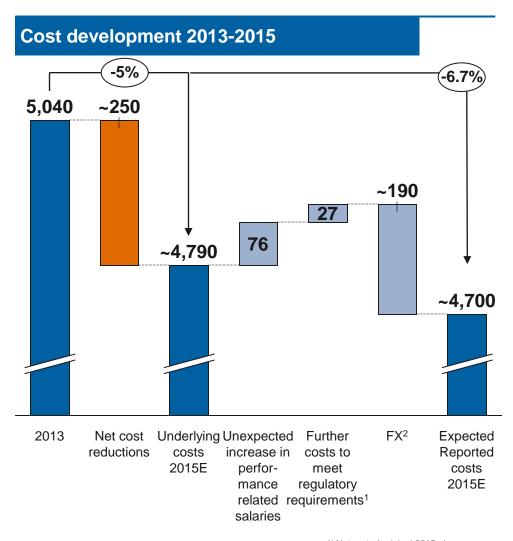
Torsten Hagen Jørgensen Group CFO





# Cost plan 2013-15 delivering the targeted 5% reduction with all key elements contributing, but some unplanned events





<sup>1)</sup> Not part of original 2015 plan 2) Based on FX rates as per 1 May 2015

### Nordea market commitments and financial priorities 2016-2018

#### **Market commitments**

Strong capital generation and efficiency with return of excess capital to shareholders

**ROE** above the Nordic peer average

Maintain a low risk profile based on actively managed and resilient businesses

#### **Financial priorities**

Improved income mix & growth

**Continued cost efficiency** 

**Disciplined capital management** 

**Highly stable CET1 ratio** 



## **Continued cost efficiency**

### Key cost drivers and initiatives 2016-2018

# Underlying cost drift

- Moderate salary drift
- Premises and other external contracts, e.g., procurement, linked to general inflation

1.5-2%

~1%

# Cost efficiency

- Continue branch optimisation & remove manual cash handling
- Simplify & automate services, processes and products
- IT and consultancy insourcing

# Selected growth areas

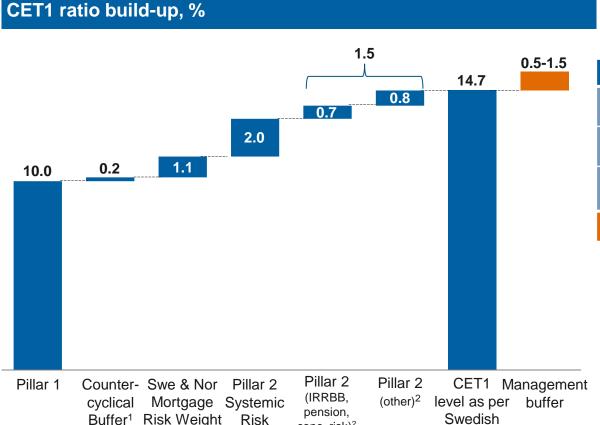
- Private Banking distribution capacity, Global Fund Distribution,
  Focused Wealth Management product development
- Selected areas in Capital Markets and Transaction Banking
- Online service, sales and advice

# Compliance and Simplification

- Investment in Core banking, Payment & Common data platforms
- Resource build up within compliance and operational risk

<1% cost CAGR

### Management buffer reflects Nordea's diversified business



conc. risk)2

Risk Weight

floors

(0-2.5%)

Risk

Buffer

#### Management buffer designed to cover

Components	Bps
FX volatility (10% EUR weakening/historical vol. analysis)	~30-40
Pension risk (50bp decrease of discount rates)	~20
Countercyclical buffer variation, unforeseen events	~0-90
Total management buffer	50-150

- Supported by close to 10 year trackrecord of low CET1-ratio volatility of 21/38bps
- Committed to maintaining a strong capital base and actively managing to further reduce CET1 ratio volatility

FSA1



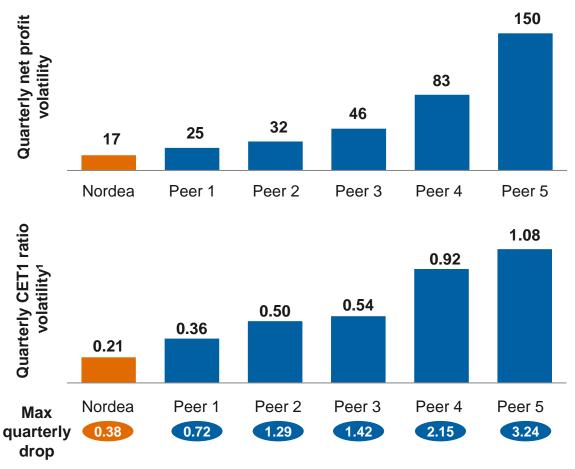
<sup>1)</sup> Countercyclical buffer only applied for Sweden in accordance with Swedish FSA Memorandum on Capital Requirement for Swedish banks (Feb 17, 2015)

<sup>2)</sup> In the Swedish FSA Memorandum on May 11, 2015 (adjusted requirement on the assessment of capital requirements from three significant risk types), the Swedish FSA published the final methods for assessing requirements for three different risk types. The CET1 requirement for Nordea based on these methods is estimated to 0.7%. Note that individual Pillar 2 CET1 requirements for other risks are estimated and agreed bilaterally with the Swedish FSA in the SREP and can vary over time. In the Swedish FSA Memorandum on Capital Requirements for Swedish Banks (Feb 17, 2015) a standardised CET1 value of 1.5% was used for other Pillar 2 risks

### **Earnings stability**

### - The most stable bank in the Nordics

### Nordea and peers 2006-2015, %



Calculated as quarter on quarter volatility in CET1 ratio, adjusted so that the volatility effect of those instances where the CET1 ratio increases between quarters are excluded



## **Group financial targets 2016-2018**

## Financial Targets - based on currently known regulatory requirements Dividend pay-out ratio **Dividend policy** of at least 75%1 Management buffer of 50-150 bps above **Capital policy** the regulatory CET1 requirement A total dividend RoE RoE above the Nordic peer average<sup>2</sup> **CAGR** of >10% <1% cost CAGR3 Costs **REA** Largely unchanged



<sup>1)</sup> For 2015 the dividend ambition is unchanged, i.e., to increase the pay-out ratio from 2014

<sup>2)</sup> Weighted to reflect Nordea's Nordic geographic mix

<sup>3)</sup> Excluding FX and performance related salaries

# The RoE is targeted to be above the Nordic peer average throughout the period on a rolling 4 quarter basis

