

Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Although Nordea believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for Nordea include, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

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First-quarter highlights 2023

Executive summary

Strong profitability in slower market

- Net interest income up 35%, net fee and commission income down 8% and net fair value result up 27%
- Operating profit up 34% to EUR 1,480m

Business volume growth driven by corporate lending

- Corporate lending up 5% y/y, mortgage volumes up 1% y/y and deposits up 5% y/y. Assets under management up 1% q/q

Improved cost-to-income ratio*: 43% (40% excluding regulatory fees)

Strong credit quality with low net loan losses – management judgement buffer unchanged at EUR 585m

- Net loan losses and similar net result amounting to EUR 19m or 2bp during quarter – low individual net loan losses

Return on equity* 17.1% and earnings per share up 48% to EUR 0.31

2022 dividend of EUR 0.80 approved and new EUR 1bn share buy-back programme to commence

- CET1 ratio at 15.7% – 4pp above current regulatory requirement

2023 outlook maintained: return on equity above 13%

Key financials

First-quarter results 2023

Income statement and key ratios EURm	Q123	Q122*	Q1/Q1	Q422	Q1/Q4
Net interest income	1,765	1,308	35%	1,641	8%
Net fee and commission income	765	829	-8%	785	-3%
Net insurance result	46	35	31%	47	-2%
Net fair value result	345	272	27%	396	-13%
Other income	0	17		28	
Total operating income	2,921	2,461	19%	2,897	1%
Total operating expenses excl. regulatory fees	-1,167	-1,098	6%	-1,196	-2%
Total operating expenses	-1,422	-1,370	4%	-1,212	17%
Profit before loan losses	1,499	1,091	37%	1,685	-11%
Net loan losses and similar net result	-19	12		-59	
Operating profit	1,480	1,103	34%	1,626	-9%
Cost-to-income ratio excl. regulatory fees, %	39.9	44.6		41.3	
Cost-to-income ratio**, %	42.7	47.9		44.0	
Return on equity**, %	17.1	12.6		16.3	
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.31	0.21	48%	0.35	-11%

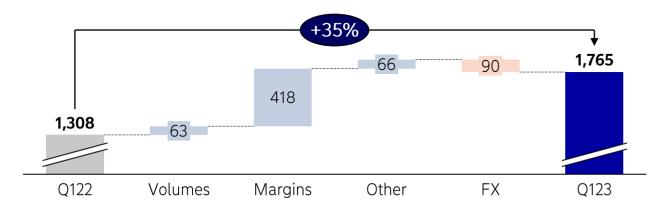
^{*} Excluding IAC; see page 5 in Q1 2023 interim report for details ** With amortised resolution fees

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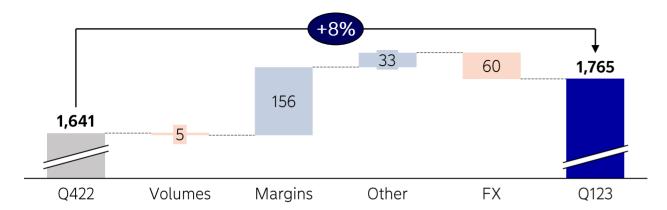
Net interest income

Slowing volume growth, increased deposit margins

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



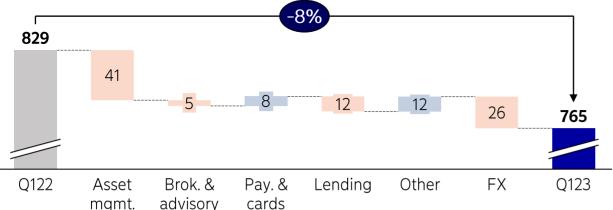
Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



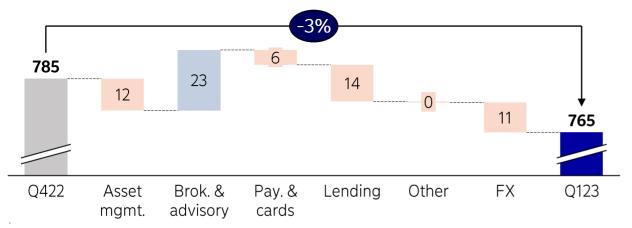
- Net interest income up 35%
- Lending volume growth driven by corporate lending, but all business areas contributing
 - Corporate lending up 5%
 - Mortgages up 1%
- Net interest margin up 41bp to 1.58%
 - Lending margins down, especially in households
 - Further increases in deposit margins across business areas and countries

Higher payment and card income partly offsetting lower asset management income

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

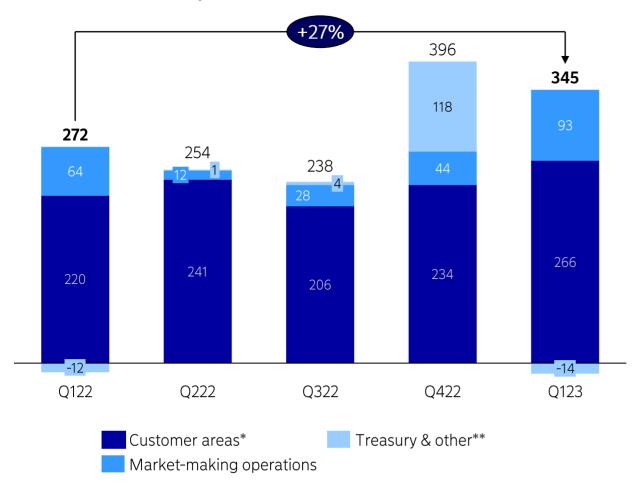


- Net fee and commission income down 8%
- Savings fee income down due to decrease in assets under management
 - Assets under management down 7%, but net flows from internal channels positive
- Brokerage and advisory fee income down due to lower activity
- Payment and card fee income up due to higher volumes

Net fair value result

High customer activity

Net fair value result, EURm



- Continued high customer risk management activity
 - Strong demand for FX and rate hedging products
- Market-making up, driven by rates and FX trading

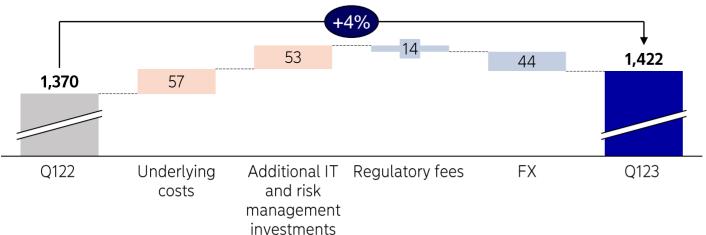
^{*} Excludes fair value adjustments to loans held at fair value in Nordea Kredit

^{**} Includes valuation adjustments and FX

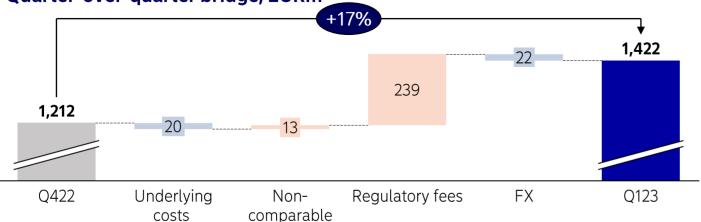
Costs

Continued additional investments

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



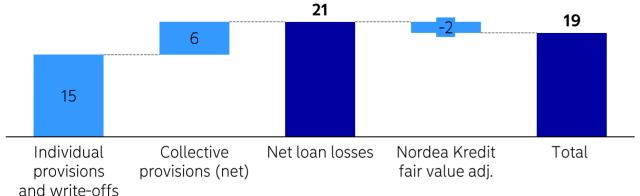
items

- Costs excluding regulatory fees up 6%, in line with plan
- Continued additional investments in selected strategic areas: digital tech, other tech and risk management

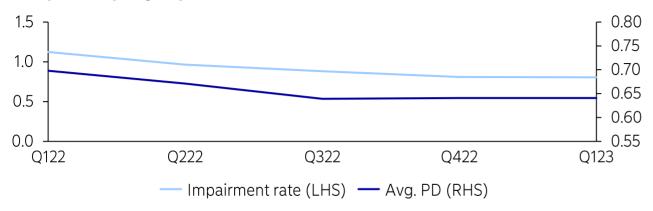
Net loan losses and similar net result

Strong credit quality in weaker economic conditions





Impaired (stage 3) loans and PD of total loans, %



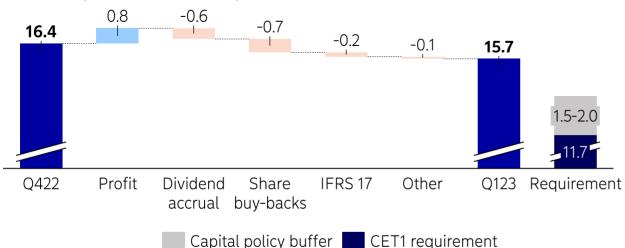
- Total net loan result low at EUR 19m (2bp)
 - Low levels of both individual and collective provisions
 - EUR 2m FV gain from Danish mortgages
- Management judgement buffer maintained at EUR 585m
- Continued strong credit quality;
 risks carefully monitored



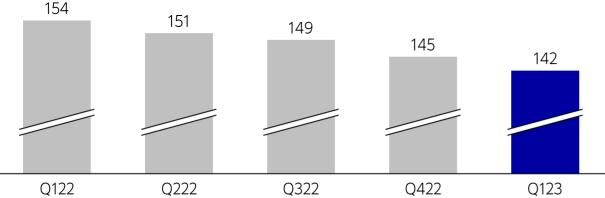
Capital

Strong position; share buy-backs continuing

CET1 capital ratio development, %



REA development, EURbn



CET1 ratio 15.7%

- 4.0pp above current requirement
- CET1 capital down EUR 1.6bn following ECB approval of EUR 1.0bn buy-back and implementation of IFRS 17, partly offset by profit net of dividend
- REA down EUR 3.3bn, mainly driven by FX, IERS 17 and new securitisation

Capital distributions continuing

- New buy-back programme of EUR 1.0bn to commence on 28 April or asap thereafter

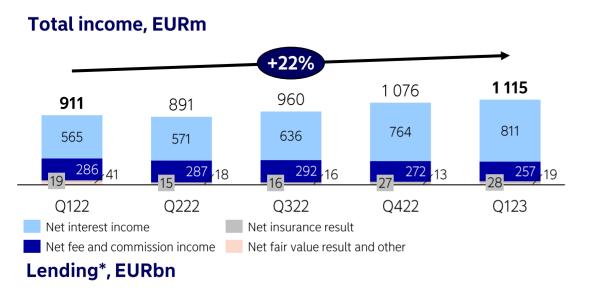
IRB model approval process update

- Retail models expected to go live within next 12 months, resulting in REA increase for household lending
- Non-retail models to be reworked; unlikely to go live before 2025
- REA impact from IRB models not expected to adversely impact capital outlook or financial target for 2025



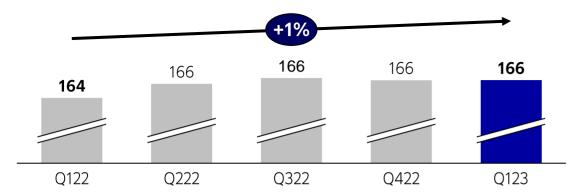
Personal Banking

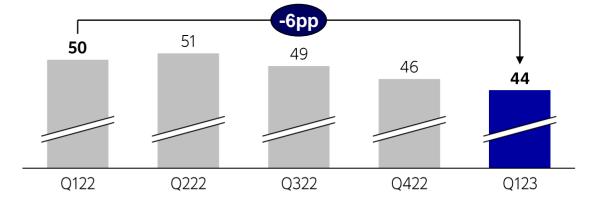
Higher net interest income, driven by higher deposit income and lending volumes



- Total income up 22%
- Mortgage volumes up 1% margin pressure continuing
- Deposit volumes up 2% and margins increased
- Lower savings & investment and lending income partly offset by higher payment and card fee income
- Improved cost-to-income ratio of 44%

Cost-to-income ratio**, %







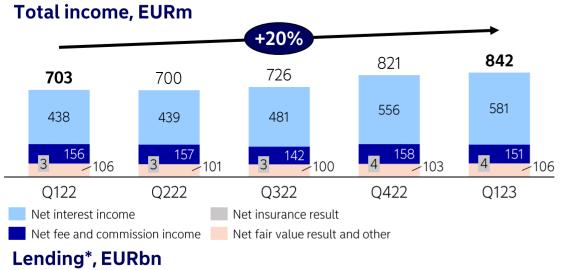
¹⁰

^{*} Excluding FX effects

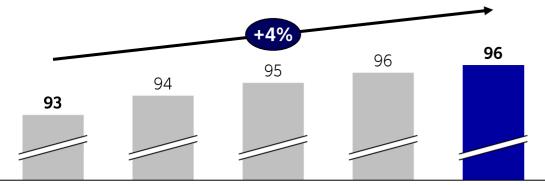
^{**} With amortised resolution fees

Business Banking

Strong business momentum with continued volume growth



- Total income up 20%
- Lending volumes up 4%, led by Sweden and Norway
- Deposits up 3%
- Strong credit quality net loan losses of 2bp
- Improved cost-to-income ratio of 38%

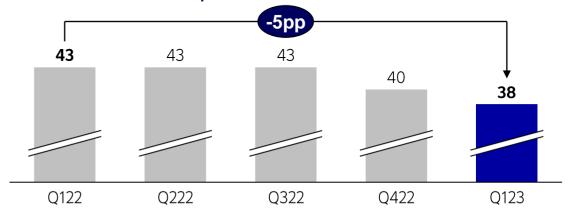


Q322

Q422

Q123

Cost-to-income ratio**, %



Q122

Q222

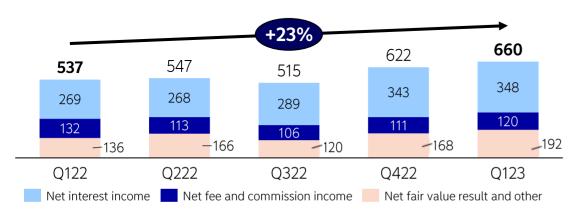


^{*} Excluding FX effects

^{**} With amortised resolution fees

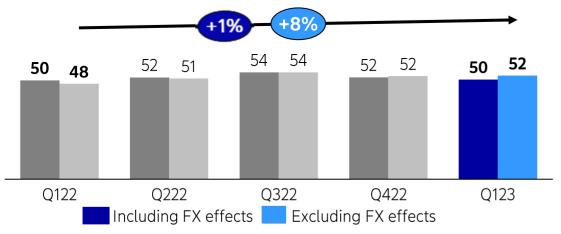
High customer activity and strong net interest income growth

Total income, EURm

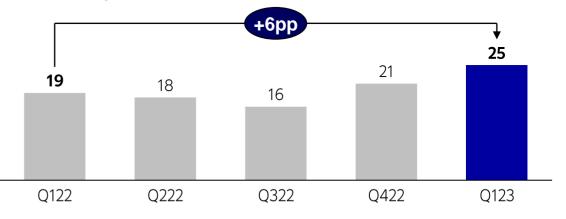


- Total income up 23%
- Net interest income up 29%, driven by higher average lending volumes and deposit margins
- Commission income lower in continued weak capital markets
- Net fair value and other income up 41%, driven by high customer activity and strong risk management
- Improved return on capital at risk of 25% and cost-to-income ratio down to 33%

Lending*, EURbn



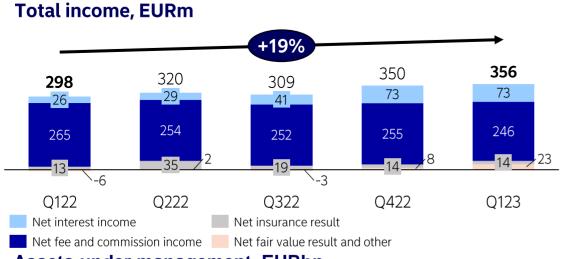
Return on capital at risk**, %



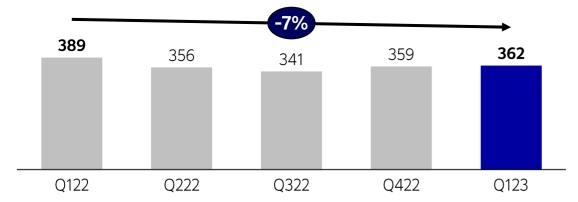
^{*} Excluding repos

^{**} With amortised resolution fees

Solid income delivery in weak markets

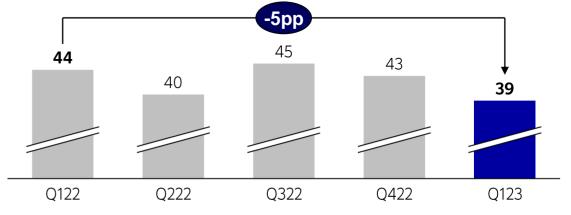


Assets under management, EURbn



- Total income up 19%, driven by higher net interest income from improved deposit margins
- Strong momentum in Private Banking; lending and deposits up 4% and 11%, respectively
- Assets under management down 7% to EUR 362bn
 - Positive net flows from internal channels, driven by Life & Pension and Private Banking
 - Net outflow of EUR 2.1bn (annualised -2%) during quarter partly due to seasonality
- Improved cost-to-income ratio of 39%

Cost-to-income ratio*, %





Nordea

2025: The preferred financial partner in the Nordics

Creating the best omnichannel customer experience

Driving focused and profitable growth

Increasing operational and capital efficiency

2025 financial target

Return on equity

>13%

Assumes CET1 requirement of 15–16%, including management buffer

Supported in 2025 by

Cost-to-income ratio

45-47%

Loan losses

Normalised ~10bp

Capital and dividend policy

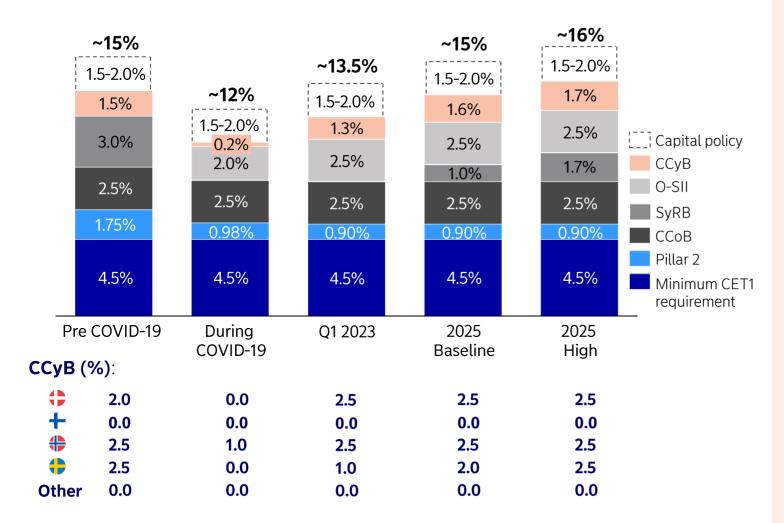
60–70% dividend payout ratio; excess capital distributed through buy-backs

Management buffer of 150–200bp above regulatory CET1 requirement

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Capital

CET1 capital requirements



Changes in Q1 2023 (Q4 2022)

- CCyB increase to 1.3% (1.1%)
- O-SII increase to 2.5% (2.0%)
- P2R decrease to 0.90% (0.98%)

• 2025 "Baseline" (known)

- Finnish systemic risk buffer increase to 1.0% (Q2 2024)
- CCyB increase to 1.6% (Q2 2023)

• 2025 "High"

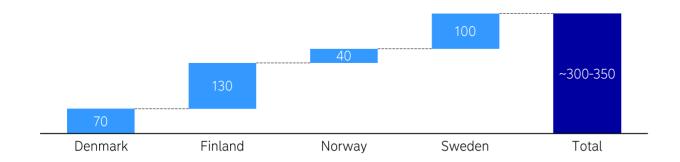
- Impact of potential full reciprocation of Norwegian systemic risk buffer ~0.7%
- CCyB increase in Sweden to 2.5%

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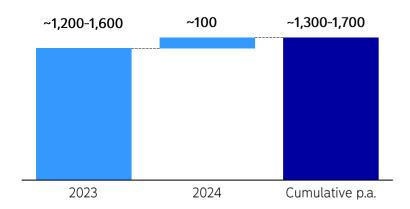
Net interest income

Net interest income sensitivity to policy rate increases

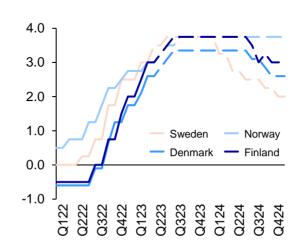
Sensitivity to +50bp parallel rate shift in policy rates



Estimated incremental full-year NII impact solely from higher policy rates, EURm



Policy rate path expectations



NII impact largely driven by policy rates and pass-through

- Expected higher policy rates in 2023 estimated to increase NII by FUR ~1.2–1.6bn
- Actual pass-through to vary between account types and countries, and throughout rate hike cycle

Group NII also impacted by other drivers

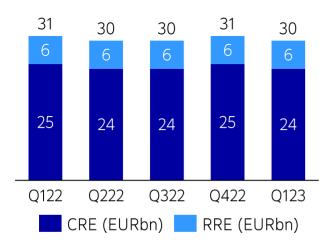
- Volumes
- Asset pricing
- Wholesale funding costs
- Deposit hedging



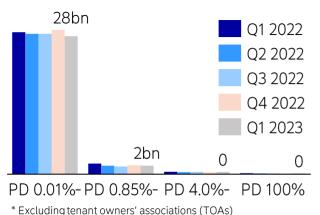
Real estate management industry (REMI)*

Well-diversified portfolio of high quality

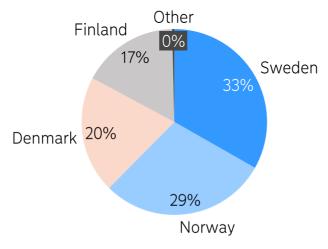
CRE lending stable



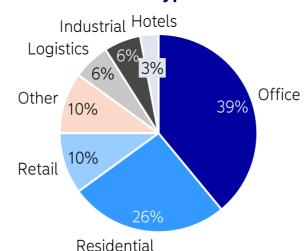
92% of portfolio with low probability of default (PD)



Diversified across countries



Diversified across types

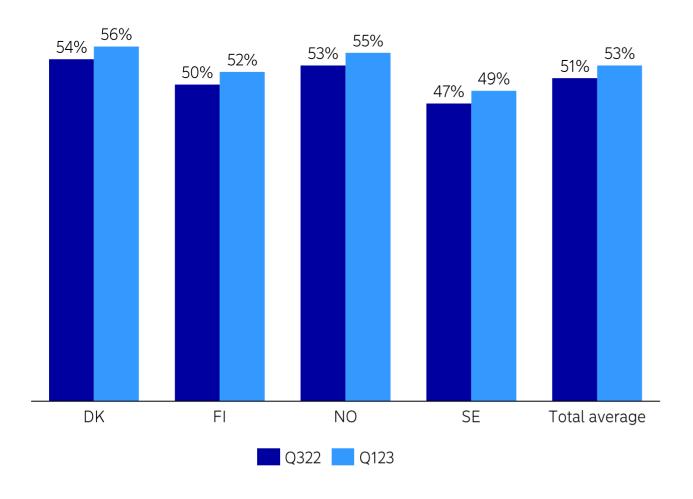


- Well-diversified portfolio across
 Nordic markets
- 92% of exposure towards lowrisk customers in Q1 2023, with only 2% towards high risk
- Portfolio mainly comprising central and modern office and residential properties
- Underwriting standards: conservative credit policy with focus on cash flow and existing customers. All new lending fully collateralised

Real estate management industry (REMI)*

Prudent LTV levels and interest coverage

Moderate LTV levels for all Nordic countries

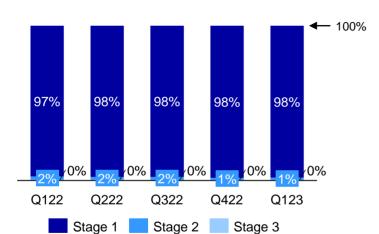


- Moderate LTVs, resilient interest coverage and low vacancy rates
- 97% of exposure with LTV below65%
- Average Interest Coverage Ratio (ICR) 5.8x end-Q3 2022
 - Average ICR in stress scenario above 2x
- Low vacancy rates, with average letting ratio 93.5%

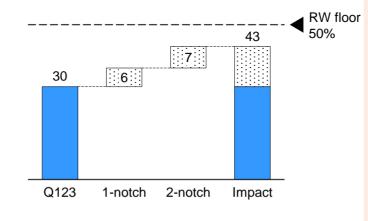
Real estate management industry (REMI)*

Low levels of risk exposure

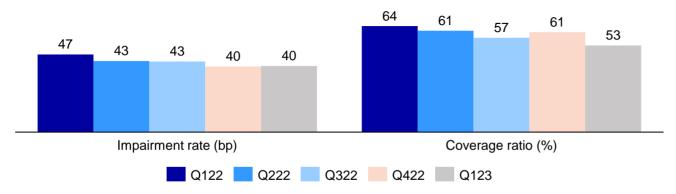
Strong credit quality, with 98% in IFRS 9 stage 1



No REA impact even from 2-notch downgrade due to risk weight floors



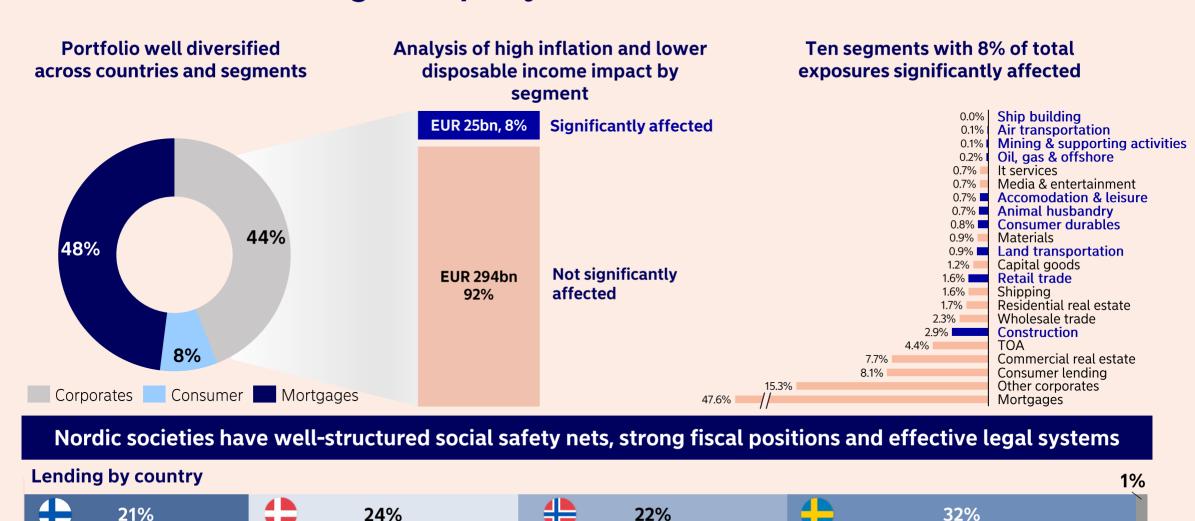
Low impairment rate and high coverage for impaired portfolio



- Only 1% of portfolio in stage 2 (higher credit risk)
- Less than 0.5% of portfolio impaired
- Provision coverage above 50% strong for collateralised assets
- Limited REA impact from potential rating migration due to risk weight floors

Credit portfolio

Well diversified with strong credit quality





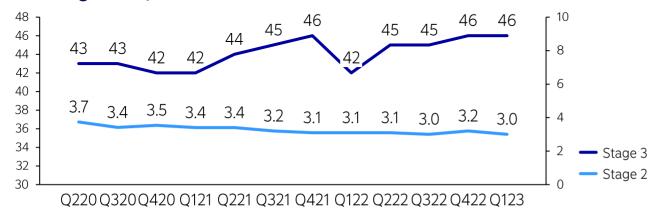
Impairments and provisioning coverage

Strong and stable portfolio credit quality

Stage 2 and 3 loans at amortised cost, EURm



Coverage ratio, %



- Stage 3 (impaired) loans unchanged from Q4 2022 at 0.80%
- Stage 2 loans slightly up: 2% q/q
- Coverage ratio for remaining stage 3 portfolio unchanged at 46%
- Continued strong portfolio credit quality