

Nordea



Fourth quarter and full-year results 2020

Frank Vang-Jensen, President, Group CEO

Executive summary

- Continued strong growth in customer business volumes in all countries
 - Mortgage lending volumes up 6% y/y and assets under management up 9% y/y to record high of EUR 354bn
 - SME lending up 8% y/y, supported by acquisition of SG Finans, now Nordea Finance Equipment (NFE)
- Operating profit up 11% y/y, driven by income growth, and return on equity at 8.4%*
 - Total income up 4% y/y, driven by highest net interest income growth (6%) since 2008 – net fee and commission income up 2%
- Costs in line with guidance – new cost outlook for 2021
 - Costs up 3% y/y, but underlying costs down 3% y/y, with full-year cost-to-income ratio of 54.8%*
 - Full-year 2021 operating costs expected to be below EUR 4.6bn
- Strong credit quality – total net loan losses and similar net result EUR 28m**; 2020 net loan losses in line with guidance
- Capital position among strongest in Europe with CET1 ratio of 17.1%, 6.9 percentage points above requirement
 - 2020 dividend proposal of EUR 0.39 per share; 2019 dividend of EUR 0.40 to be paid in two instalments during 2021
- On track to reach 2022 financial targets

Group quarterly results Q4 2020

Income statement and key ratios EURm, excluding items affecting comparability*	Q420	Q419	Q4/Q4	Q320	Q4/Q3
Net interest income	1,169	1,108	6%	1,146	2%
Net fee and commission income	792	775	2%	729	9%
Net fair value result	217	250	-13%	257	-16%
Other income	41	7		23	78%
Total operating income	2,219	2,140	4%	2,155	3%
Total operating expenses	-1,218	-1,179	3%	-1,089	12%
Profit before loan losses	1,001	961	4%	1,066	-6%
Net loan losses and similar net result**	-28	-86		19	
Operating profit	973	875	11%	1,085	-10%
Cost-to-income ratio***, %	57.2	57.5		52.9	
Return on equity***, %	8.4	7.6		10.1	

Group full-year results 2020

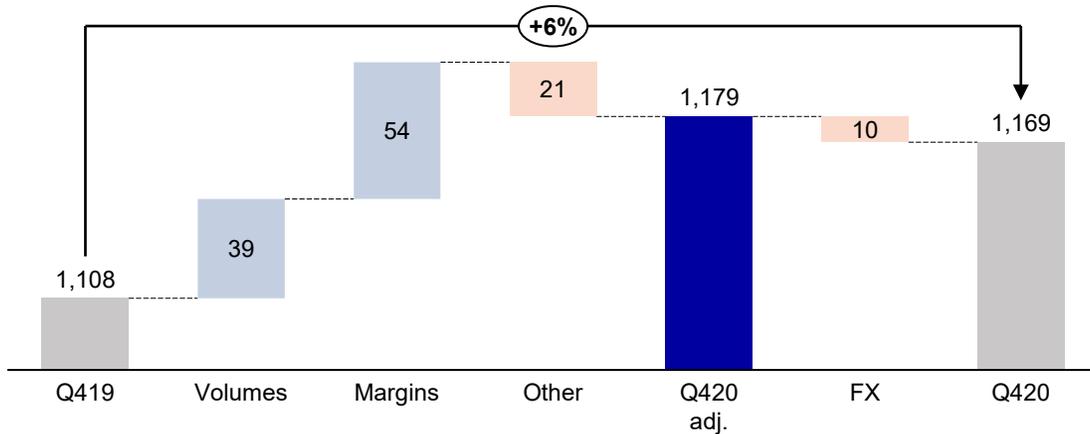
Income statement and key ratios EURm, excluding items affecting comparability*	FY20	FY19	FY/FY
Net interest income	4,515	4,318	5%
Net fee and commission income	2,959	3,011	-2%
Net fair value result	900	1,012	-11%
Other income	92	144	-36%
Total operating income	8,466	8,485	0%
Total operating expenses	-4,643	-4,877	-5%
Profit before loan losses	3,823	3,608	6%
Net loan losses and similar net result**	-860	-242	
Operating profit	2,963	3,366	-12%
Cost-to-income ratio, %	54.8	57.5	
Return on equity, %	7.1	8.2	
Diluted EPS, EUR	0.55	0.61	

* Q4 2019: EUR 138m tax free gain related to the sale of LR Realkredit; Q3 2019: EUR 204m staff restructuring provision, EUR 75m Luminor, EUR 735m IT impairment, EUR 282m loan loss provisions

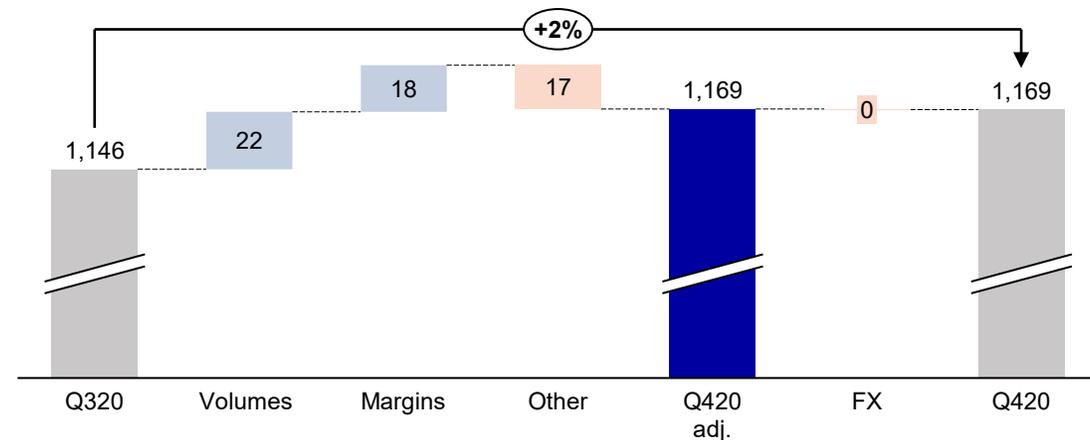
** Includes fair value adjustments to loans held at fair value in Nordea Kredit. From Q4 2020 onwards, these are being presented separately on a new row in the income statement entitled "Net result on loans in hold portfolios mandatorily held at fair value"

Net interest income – increase driven by growth in mortgage and SME lending

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

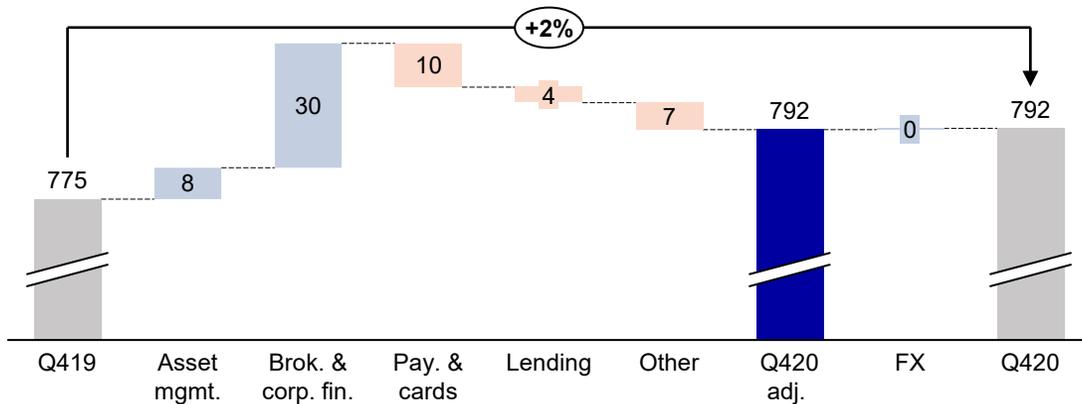


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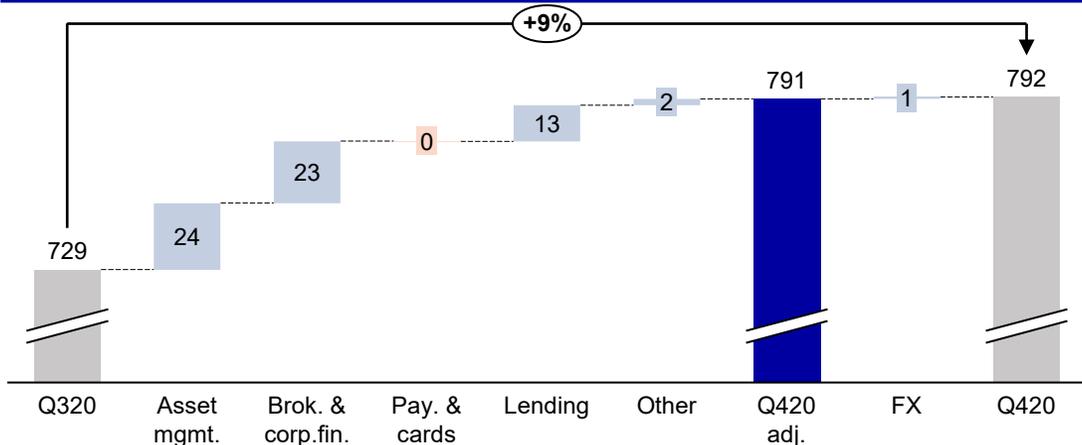
- Net interest income up 6%, highest growth rate since 2008
- Volume growth and higher market shares in mortgages in all countries. Positive SME lending development, particularly in Sweden and Norway
- Continued improvement in lending margins for large corporates
- Mortgage margins in Norway down in quarter, mainly due to higher NIBOR

Net fee and commission income – good customer activity and asset management inflows

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



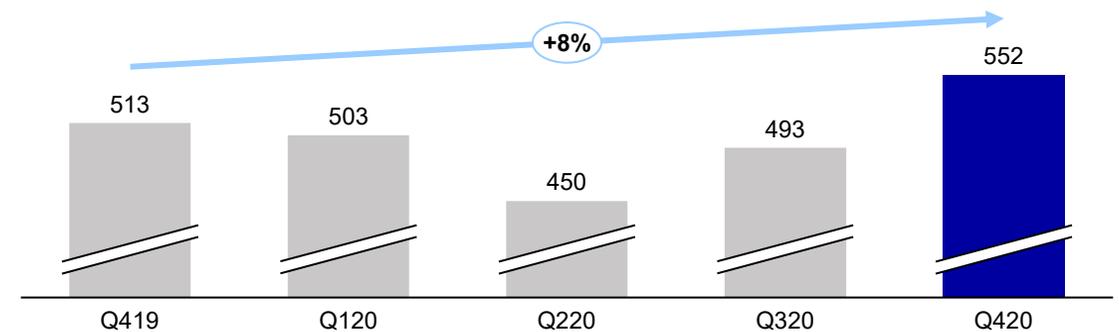
Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



Comments

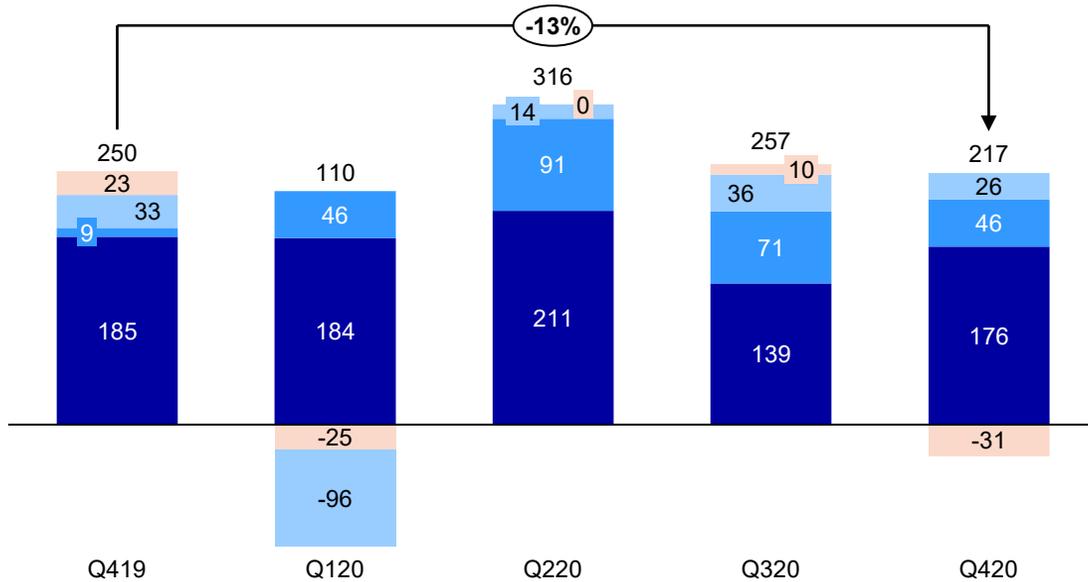
- Net fee and commission income up 2%, mainly driven by higher advisory income
- Savings income up 8% due to higher asset management fee income and high levels of customer activity
- Card-related fee income still affected by reduced travel, but improved in quarter

Savings and investment commission income, EURm



Net fair value result – underlying positive development in Markets

Net fair value result, EURm



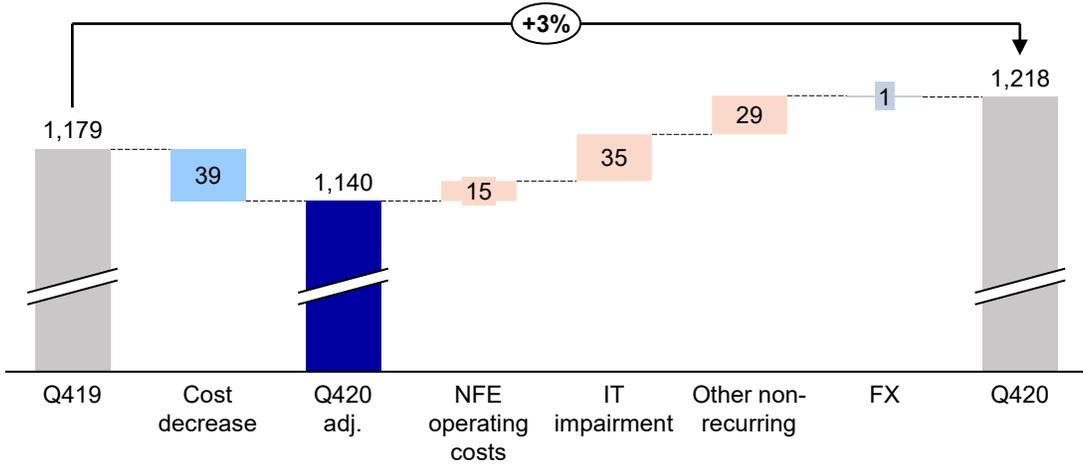
■ Customer areas**
 ■ Market-making operations
 ■ Treasury
 ■ Other*

Comments

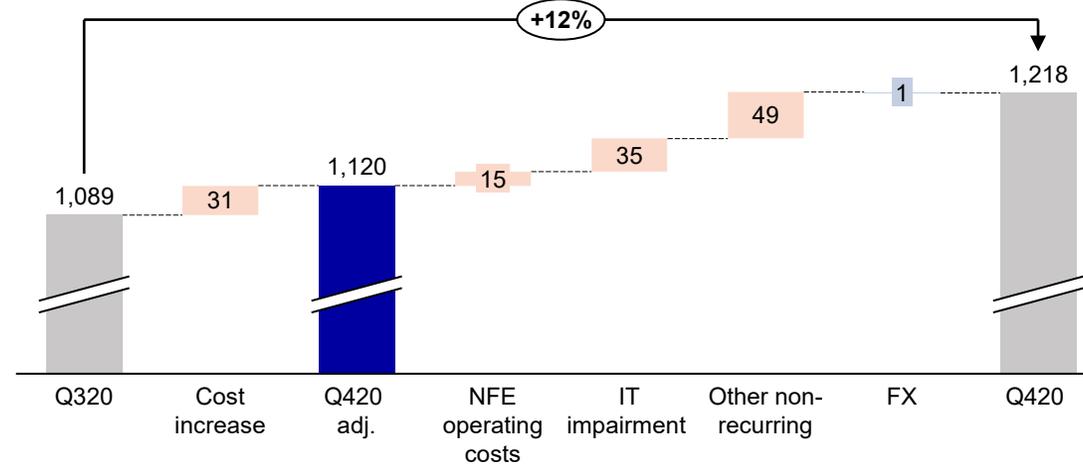
- Net fair value result down 13%
- Net fair value result excluding valuation adjustments up 4%, driven by strong income from market-making operations
- Customer areas slightly lower than last year, but customer activity improved from previous quarter
- Valuation adjustments and FX impacts of EUR -31m

Costs – underlying costs down according to plan; additional items in Q4

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



Comments

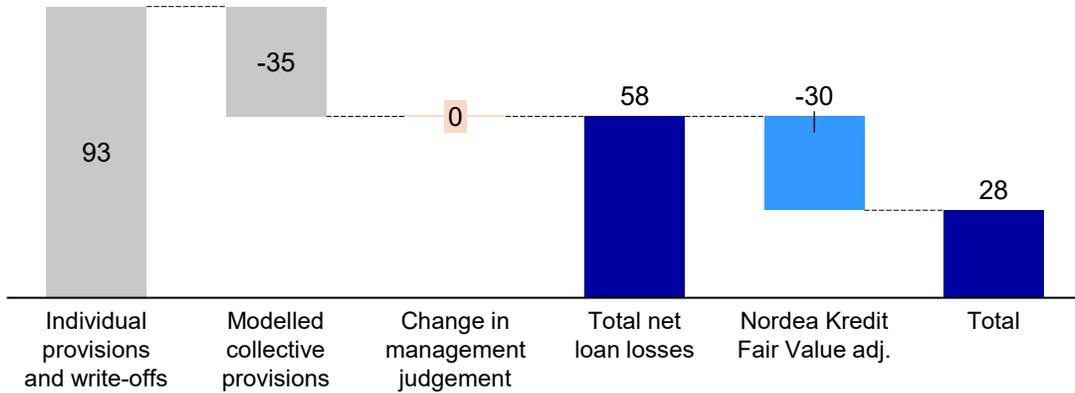
- Costs up 3% y/y; underlying costs down 3%, excluding FX
- Costs higher in quarter due to integration of Nordea Finance Equipment (NFE), one-off IT impairments and other non-recurring items
- Underlying cost trend continuing according to plan

Outlook

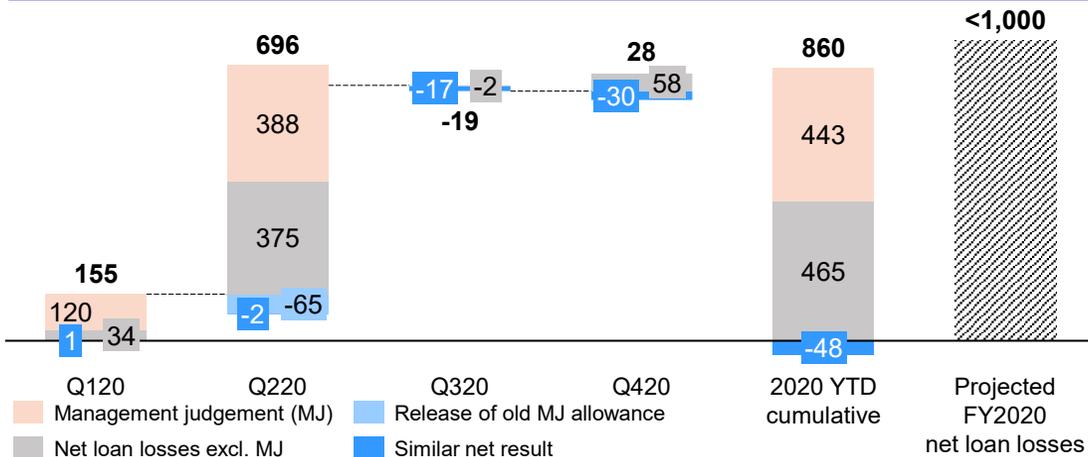
- Work to increase operational efficiency to continue
- 2021 costs expected to be below EUR 4.6bn
- Efficiency gains to be offset by pay inflation, higher depreciation and amortisation, and higher costs from integration of NFE in 2021

Net loan losses and similar net result – full-year losses in line with guidance

Net loan losses and similar net result Q420, EURm



Net loan losses and similar net result, EURm

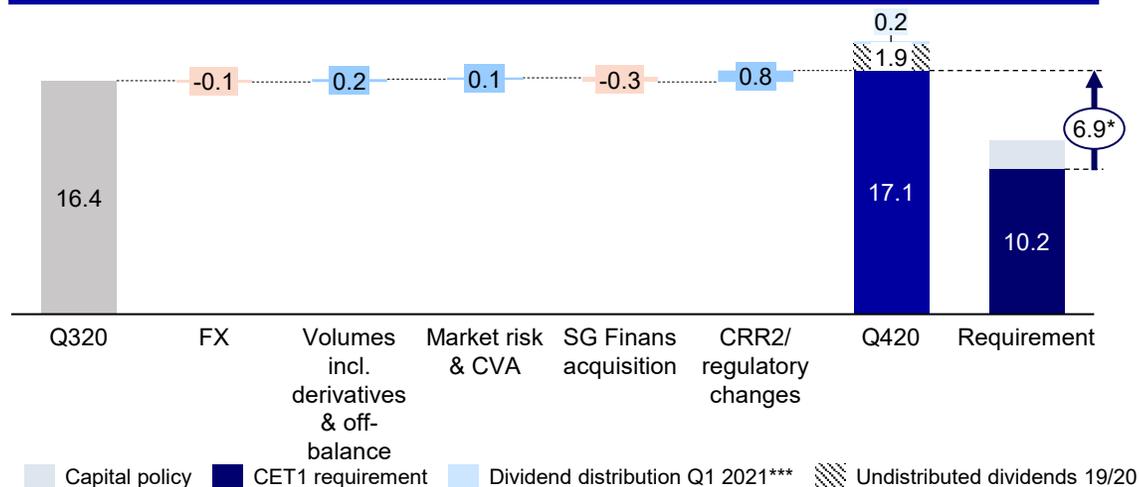


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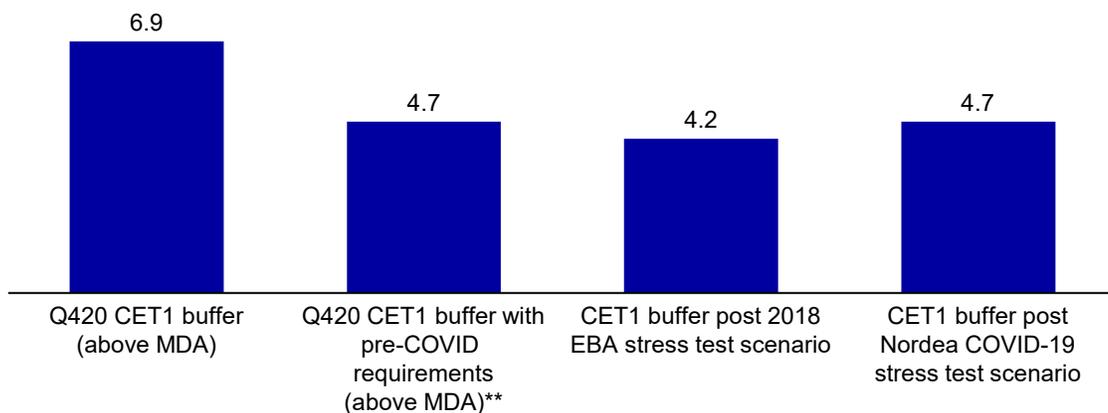
- Net loan losses and similar net result EUR 28m*
- Total net losses for 2020 in line with guidance of below EUR 1bn
- Projected impact of COVID-19 unchanged, based on new customer-level and portfolio assessments in fourth quarter
- Substantial management judgement buffer of EUR 650m kept on balance sheet to protect against potential losses

Capital – very strong capital position to support customers and pay dividends

CET1 capital ratio development, %



CET1 capital buffer, %



Comments

- CET1 capital ratio 17.1%, 6.9 percentage points above regulatory requirement*
- Risk exposure amount up EUR 5bn to EUR 155bn, driven by acquisition of Nordea Finance Equipment
- CET1 ratio up mainly due to regulatory changes to treatment of software assets and consolidation of Nordea Life & Pensions
- Capacity to support customers and distribute capital
- Capital and dividend policies unchanged
- Board of Directors' 2020 dividend proposal EUR 0.39 per share
 - Dividend of EUR 0.07 to be distributed in Q1 2021
 - AGM to decide on dividend payments of EUR 0.72 per share, covering 2020 and remaining 2019 dividend

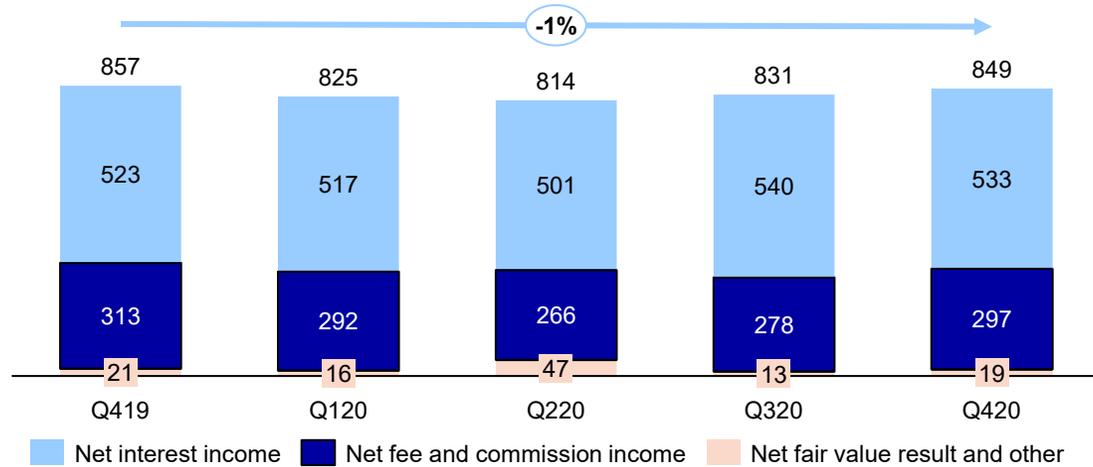
10 *As of Q4 2020, 0.9 percentage points of the CET1 buffer has been used to fulfil the AT1/Tier 2 capital requirement

** Assuming pre-COVID buffer levels as applicable in Q4 2019, i.e. CCyB at 1.4% and SyRB at 3%

*** Dividend to be distributed Q1 2021, corresponding to 0.2 percentage points of REA

Personal Banking – strong momentum in mortgages in all countries

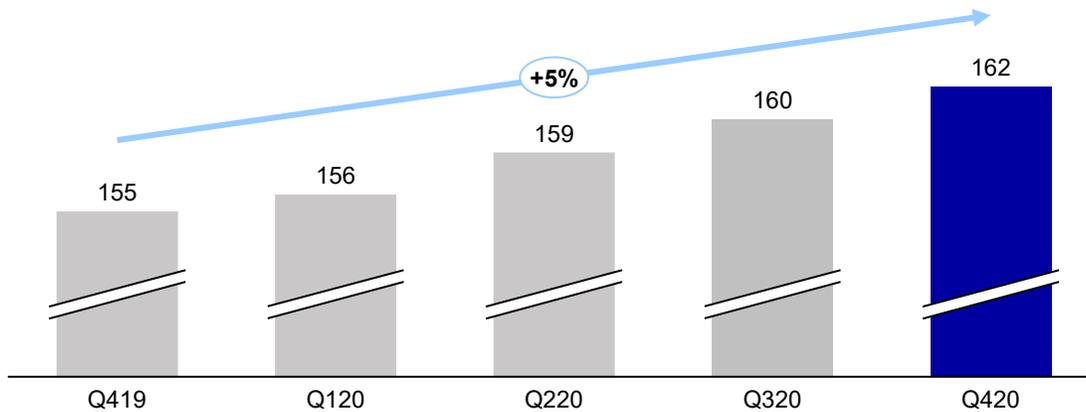
Total income, EURm



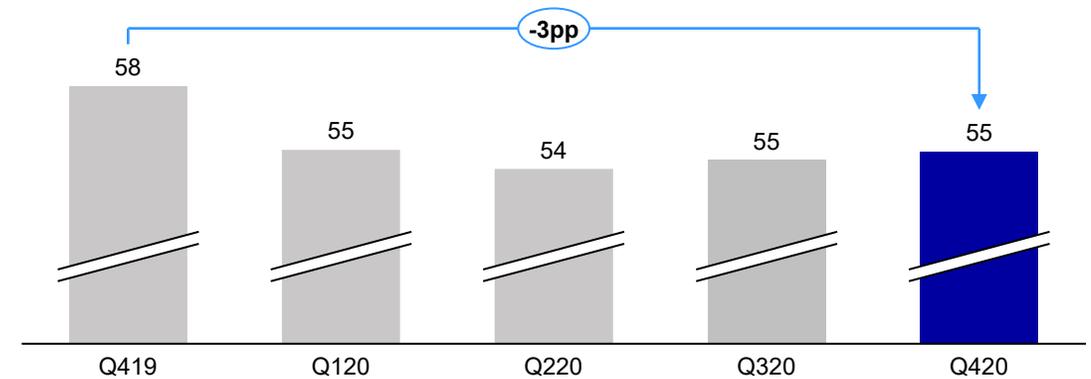
Comments

- Strong mortgage volume growth: up 6%* or EUR 8bn
- Increase in market shares across countries
- Total income down 1% due to reduced payments activity
- Net interest income negatively affected by high deposit inflows and lower consumer lending volumes and margins
- Improved cost efficiency: cost-to-income ratio down to 55%

Lending*, EURbn

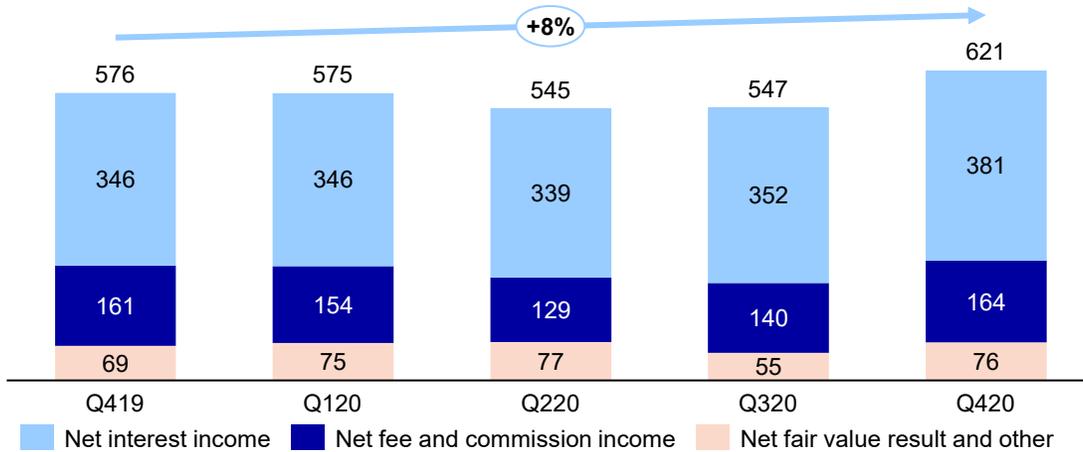


Cost-to-income ratio**, %

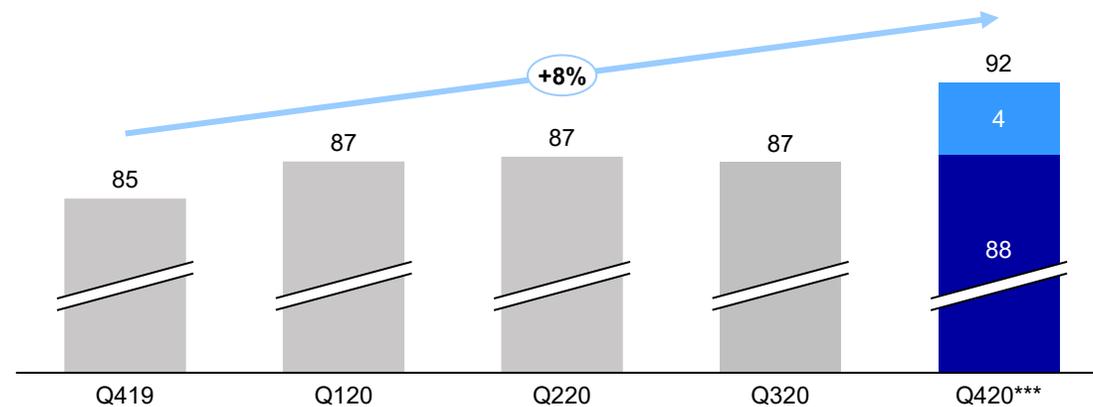


Business Banking – increased lending volumes and higher levels of business activity

Total income, EURm



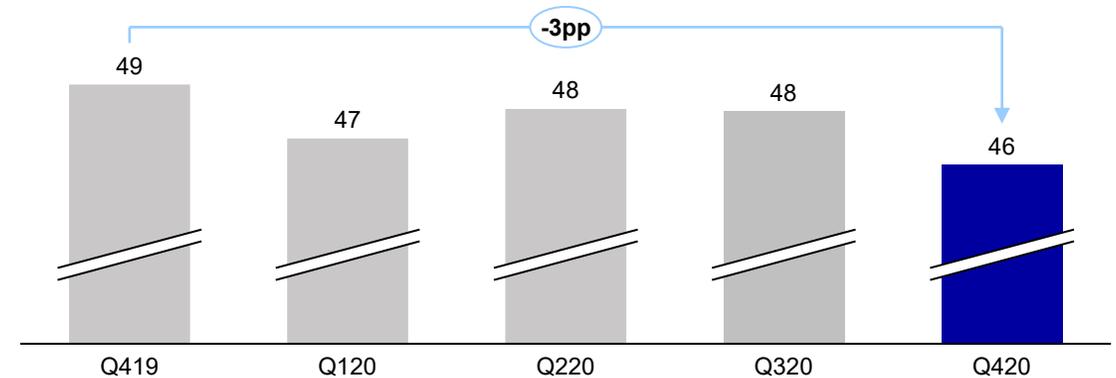
Lending*, EURbn



Comments

- Total income up 8% due to increased business activity and equity capital market transactions
 - Total income up 2% excluding impact of Nordea Finance Equipment (NFE) integration
 - Total lending volumes up 8%* (3% excluding NFE), with strongest growth in Norway and Sweden
- Savings and payment fee income further recovering in the quarter
- Improved cost efficiency: cost-to-income ratio down to 46%

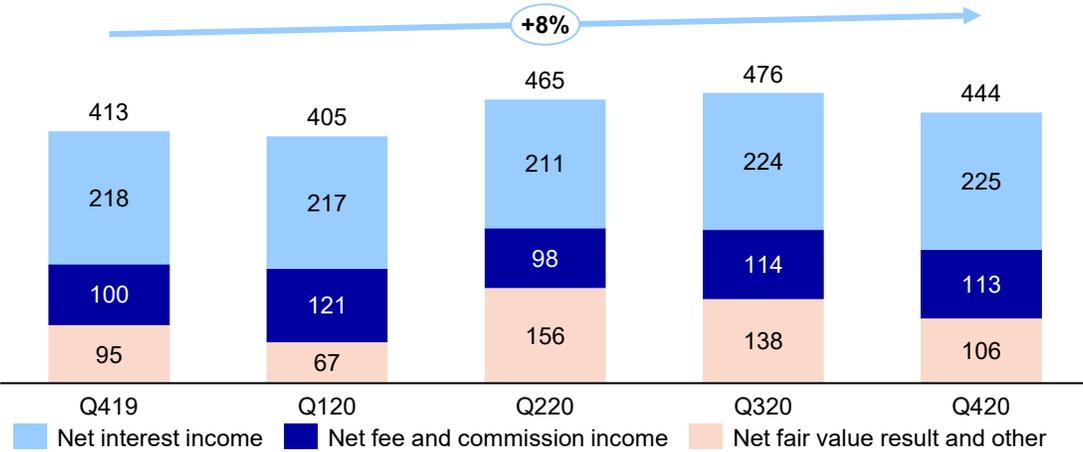
Cost-to-income ratio**, %



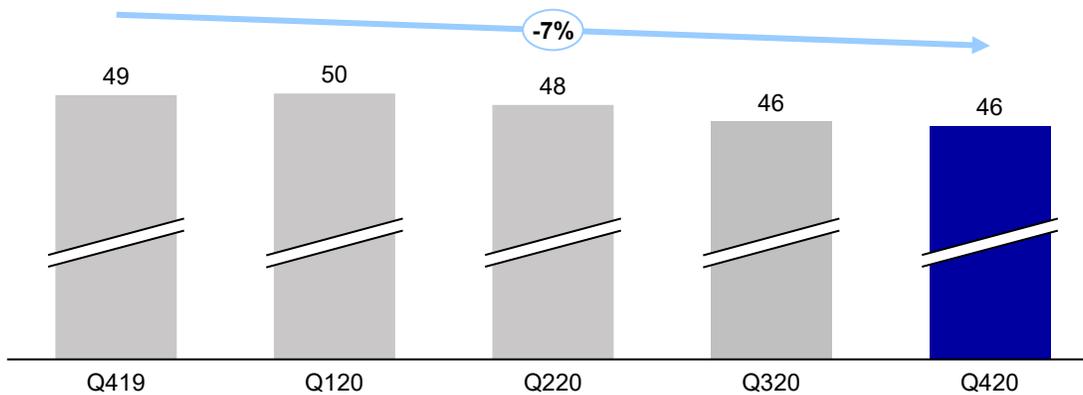
12 * Excluding FX effects (adjusted to current exchange rate)
 ** With amortised resolution fees
 *** Acquisition of SG Finans (now Nordea Finance Equipment) contributed EUR 4bn

Large Corporates & Institutions – strong business activity, lower capital consumption

Total income, EURm



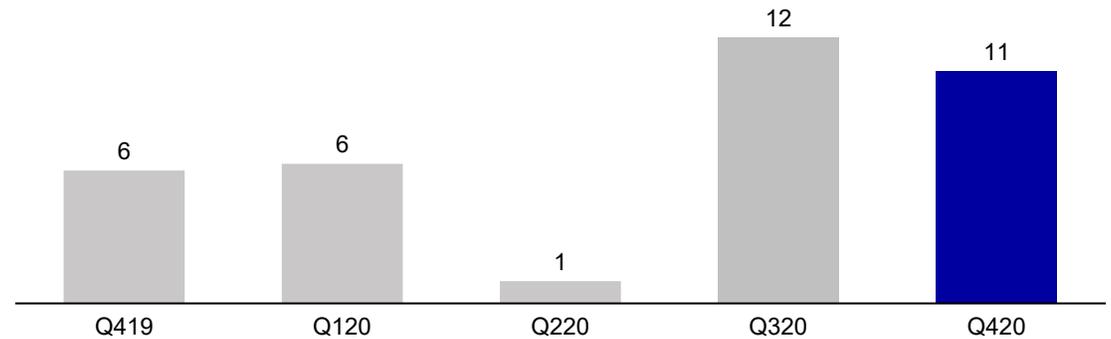
Lending*, EURbn



Comments

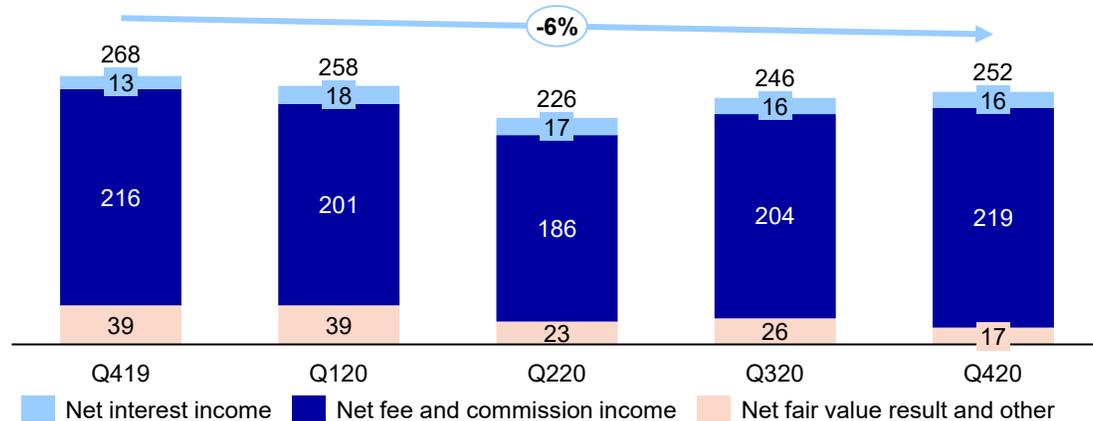
- Total income up 8%, with improvements across all income lines
 - Increased lending margins and high levels of customer activity
 - Strong result in investment banking-related products
- Good progress with strategic repositioning plan
- Improved return on capital at risk of 11% – EUR 1.1bn reduction in economic capital
- Improved cost efficiency: cost-to-income ratio down to 49%

Return on capital at risk**, %

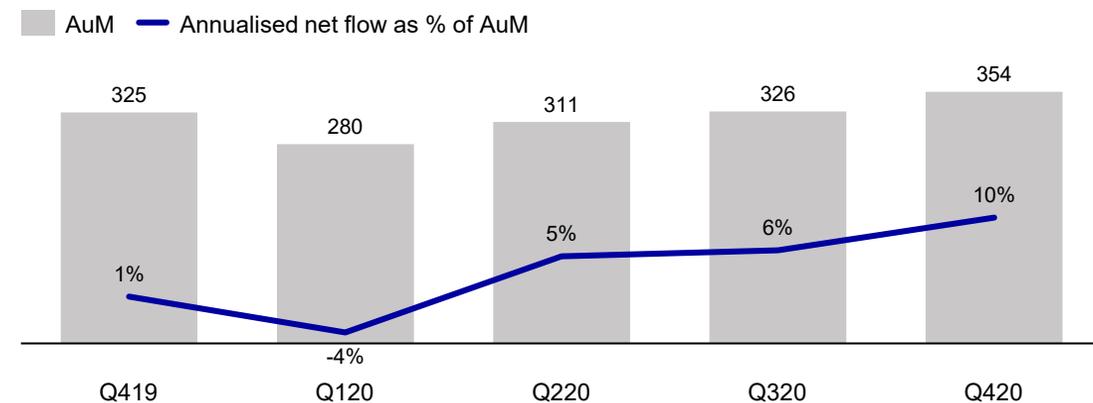


Asset & Wealth Management – record volumes and strong net inflow via all channels

Total income, EURm



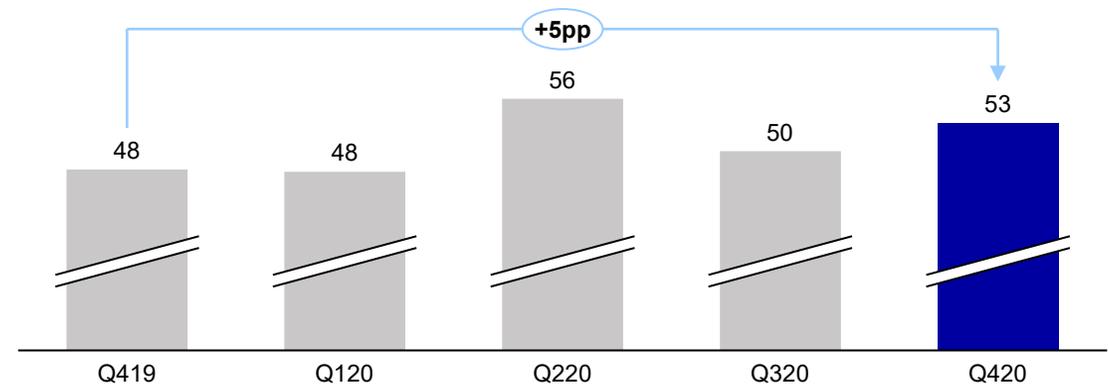
Assets under management, EURbn, and net flows, %



Comments

- Assets under management (AuM) up 9% to all-time high of EUR 354bn
 - Highest quarterly net inflow (EUR 8.2bn) since Q3 2016 and second highest ever
 - Strong demand for ESG products, contributing 70% of Q4 net inflow
- Total income supported by higher AuM and growth in lending volumes, but down 6% due to one off-items in Nordea Life & Pensions
- Cost-to-income ratio 53%

Cost-to-income ratio*, %



Next step in our sustainability journey: elevated ambition level and enhanced customer support

Our purpose is the starting point

Together, we lead the way,
enabling dreams and everyday aspirations
for a greater good

As a leading bank we are well positioned to drive change



Sustainability integrated into business plans across Group

- Savings and lending offerings
- Culture and people processes
- Procurement
- Risk management
- Funding



Targets for all ESG pillars – including customer activities and our own direct impact

- Medium-term (2023) targets for all units, covering ESG funds, green mortgages, green bonds, sector policies, etc
- Focus on incentivising customers to make choices which have a positive impact and supporting their transition to more sustainable banking
- Targets for our activities, including climate, social and governance areas, and financial strength

Our long-term climate objectives

- By 2030 reduce carbon emissions from our lending and investment portfolios by 40-50%* and achieve net zero emissions by 2050 at the latest
- By 2030 reduce carbon emissions from our internal operations by >50%* and deliver net positive carbon contribution (through off-setting)

Nordea is committed to delivering on its financial targets

Cost-to-income ratio in FY22

50%

Return on equity in FY22

>10%

Capital policy

**150-200bp
management buffer**
above regulatory CET1 requirement

Dividend policy

**60-70% payout of distributable
profits to shareholders**
Excess capital intended to be distributed
to shareholders through buy-backs

Nordea



Q&A

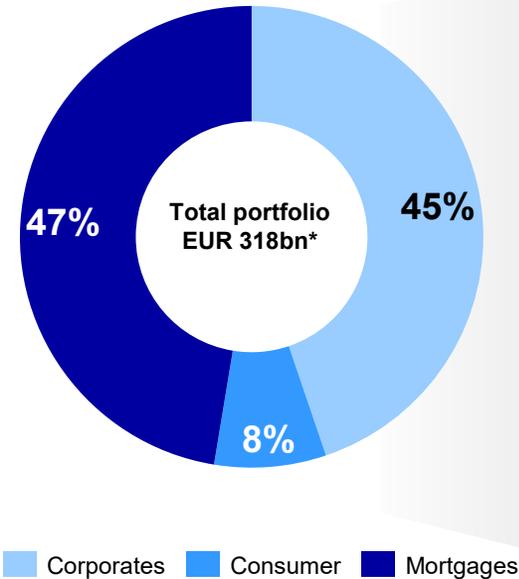
Nordea

Appendix

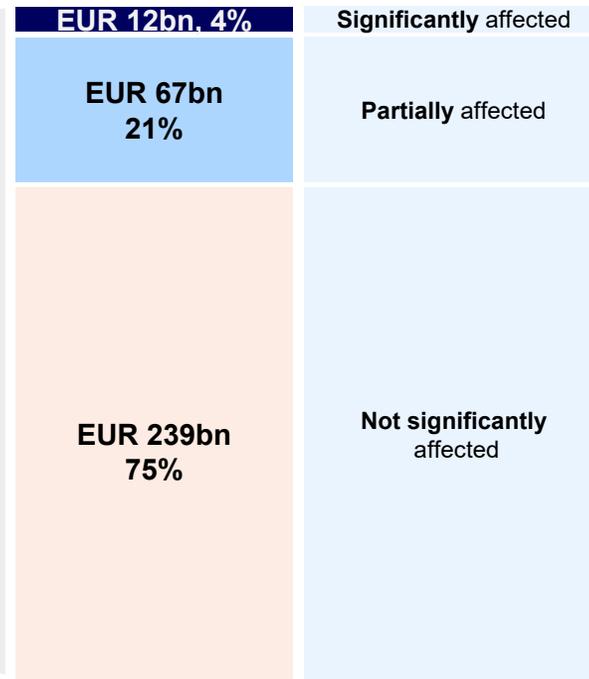


Loan book – well diversified with strong credit quality during 2020

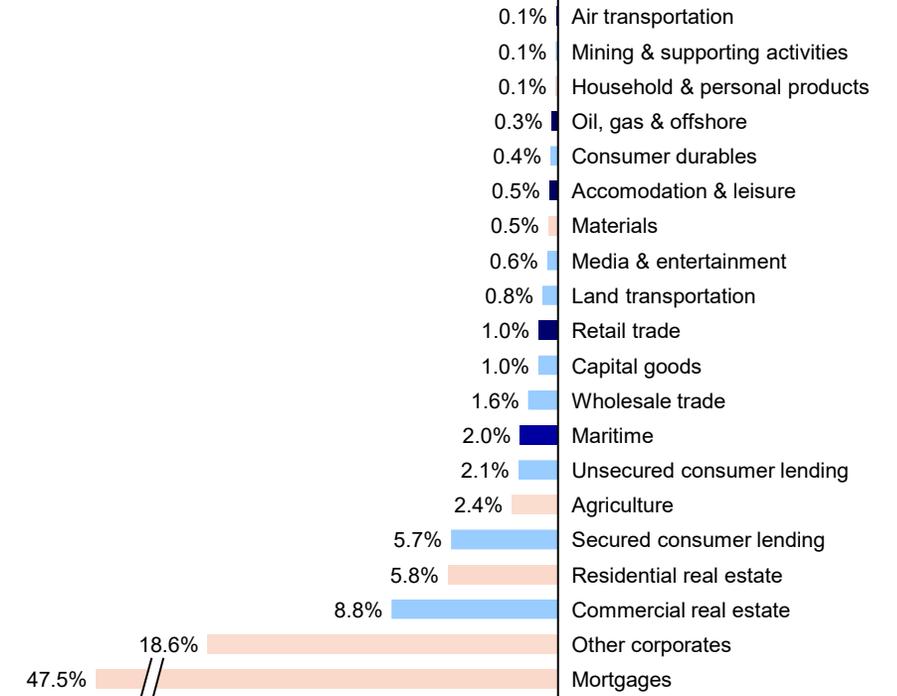
Portfolio well diversified across countries and segments



Updated analysis of COVID-19 impact by segment



Five segments with 4% of total exposures significantly affected



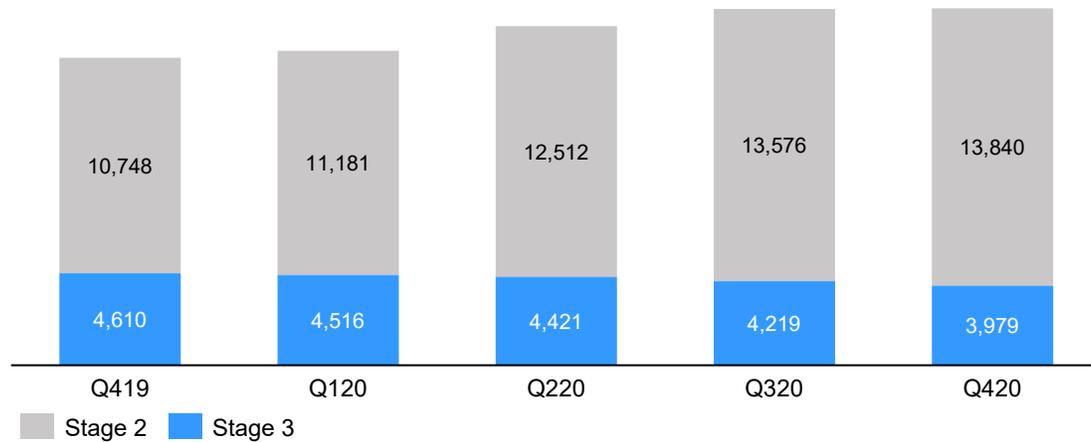
Nordic societies have well-structured social safety nets, strong fiscal positions and effective legal systems

Lending by country

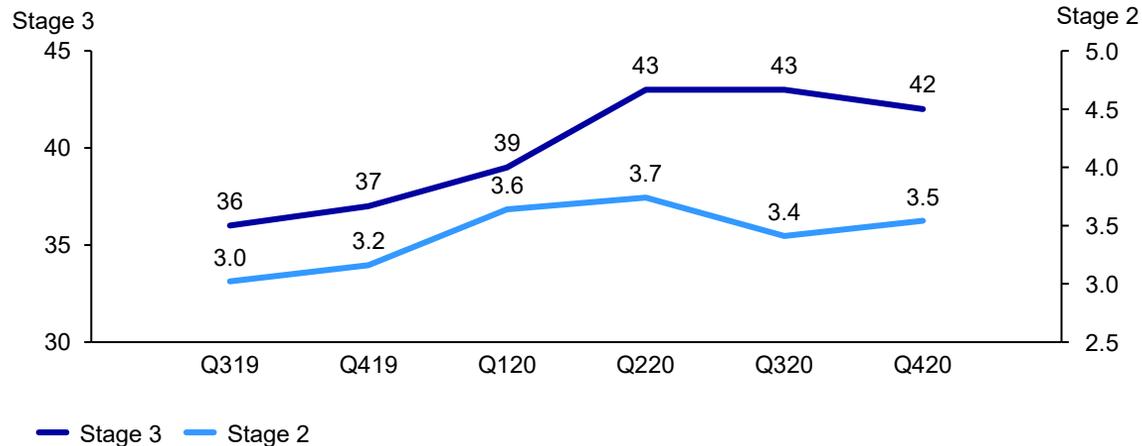


Strong and stable credit quality – continued reduction in impaired loans

Stage 2 and 3 loans at amortised cost, EURm



Coverage ratio, %

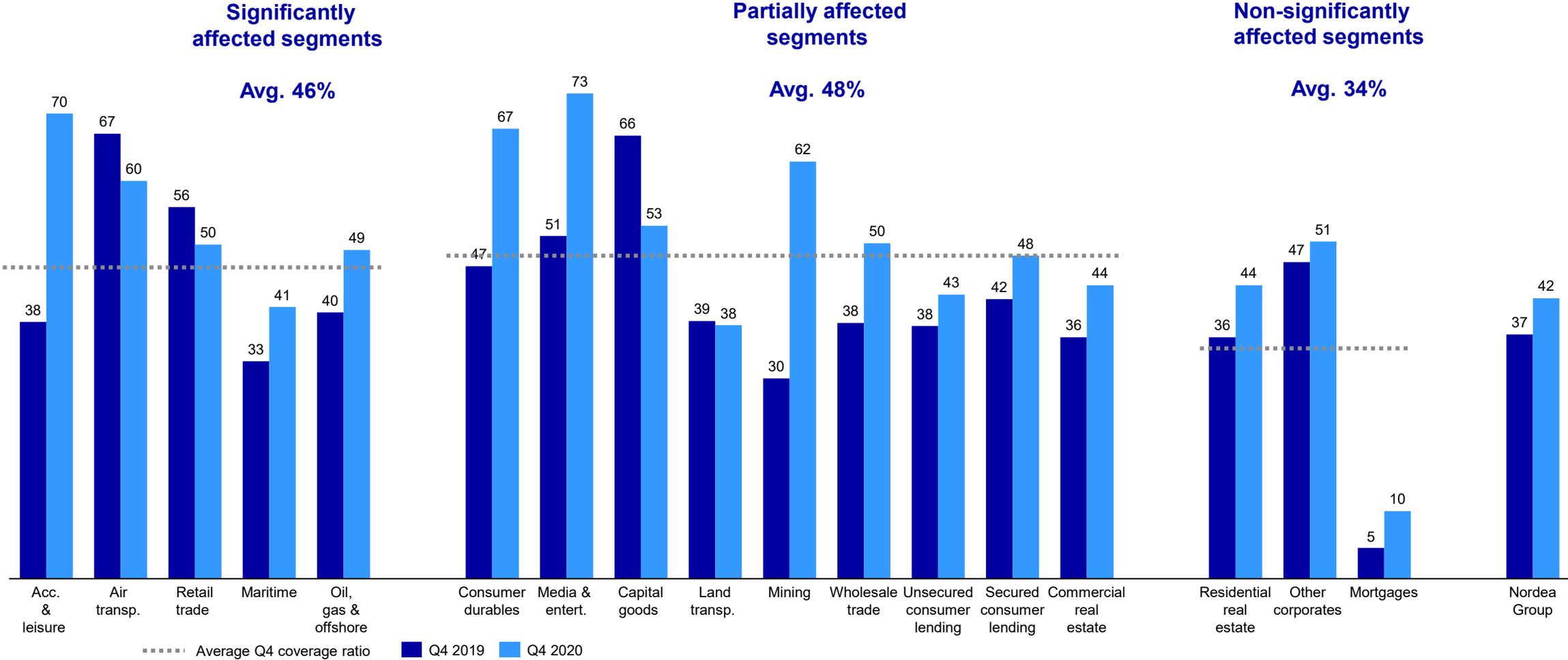


Comments

- Decrease in impaired loans ratio, from 1.69% to 1.51% q/q, due to write-offs of non-performing loans
- Stage 2 loans up 2% q/q due to COVID-19-affected customers
- Slight decrease in provision coverage for potential losses in stage 3, to 42% from 43%
- Slight deterioration in credit quality observed for significantly affected segments, as expected

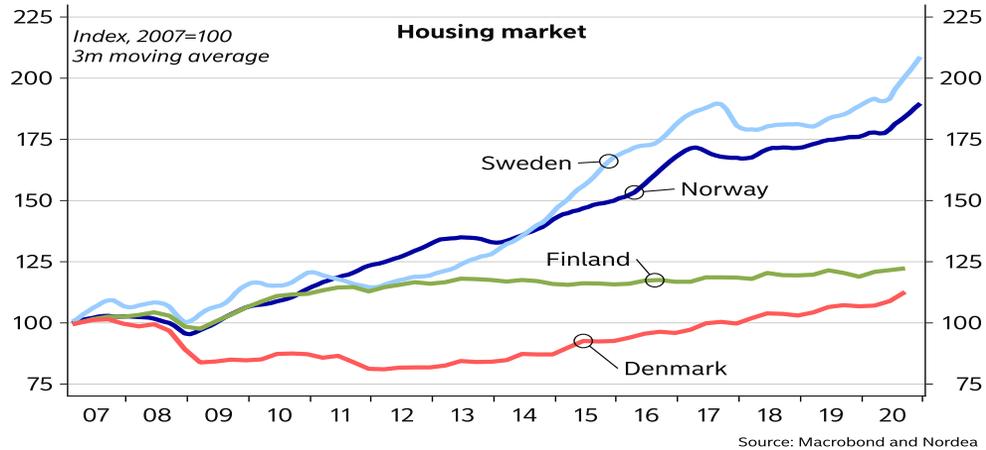
Coverage ratios – well provisioned for potential losses

Coverage ratios

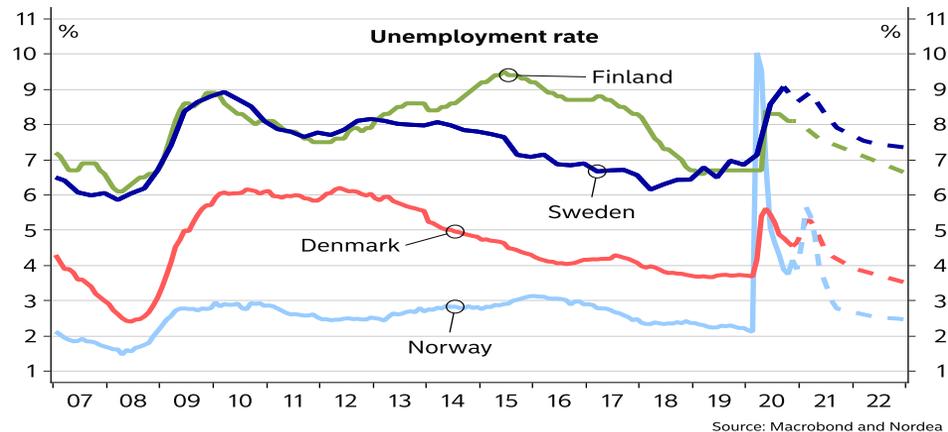


Nordic economic development – resilient economies rebounding

House prices



Unemployment rate



Nordics – among best performing countries during COVID-19

- Danish GDP up 5.2% q/q in Q3. Unemployment down to 4.5% in November and house prices up 5% y/y in the third quarter
- Finnish GDP up 3.3% q/q in Q3. Unemployment up to 8.1% in November and house prices were up 3% y/y in November
- Norwegian mainland GDP up 5.2% q/q in Q3. Unemployment down to 3.9% at end of 2020, and house prices up 8% y/y in December
- Swedish GDP up 4.9% q/q in Q3. Unemployment down to 8.3% in November and house prices up 11% y/y in December

GDP forecasts, %, y/y, (Nordea Markets)

Country	2020E	2021E	2022E
Denmark	-3.7	2.5	3.5
Finland	-3.0	3.0	2.0
Norway	-3.4	2.7	4.3
Sweden	-2.9	4.0	3.0