

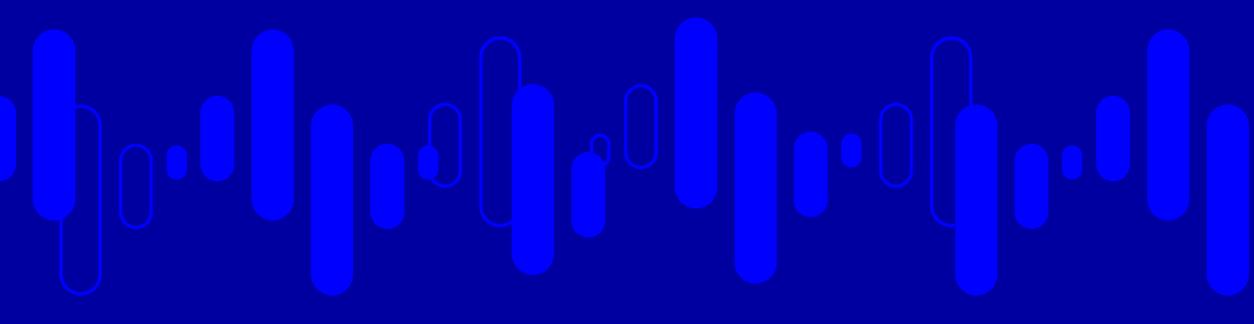
Table of contents

| _ | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|------|
| 2. | Cov | er i | 000 | kev | cha | aract | eris | tics |

- 3. Asset quality
- 4. Covered bond framework
- 5. Macro

1. In brief

6. Further information



10

14

16

20

1. In brief



Nordea covered bond operations

| Four aligned covered bond issuers with complementary roles | Nordea Eiendomskreditt | Nordea Hypotek | Nordea Kredit | Nordea Mortgage Bank |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Legislation | Norwegian | Swedish | Danish | Finnish |
| Cover pool assets | Norwegian residential mortgages | Swedish residential mortgages primarily | Danish residential & commercial mortgages | Finnish residential mortgages primarily |
| Cover pool size | EUR 16.9bn (eq.) | EUR 53.5bn (eq.) | Balance principle | EUR 21.9bn |
| Covered bonds outstanding | EUR 9.9bn (eq.) | EUR 31.8bn (eq.) | EUR 58.6bn (eq.)* | EUR 16.1bn |
| ос | 71% | 68% | 8%* | 37% |
| Issuance currencies | NOK, GBP, USD, CHF | SEK | DKK, EUR | EUR |
| Rating (Moody's / S&P) | Aaa / - | Aaa / AAA | Aaa / AAA | Aaa / - |

- Covered bonds are an integral part of Nordea's long term funding operations
- Issuance in Scandinavian and international currencies
- ECBC Covered Bond Label on all Nordea covered bond issuance

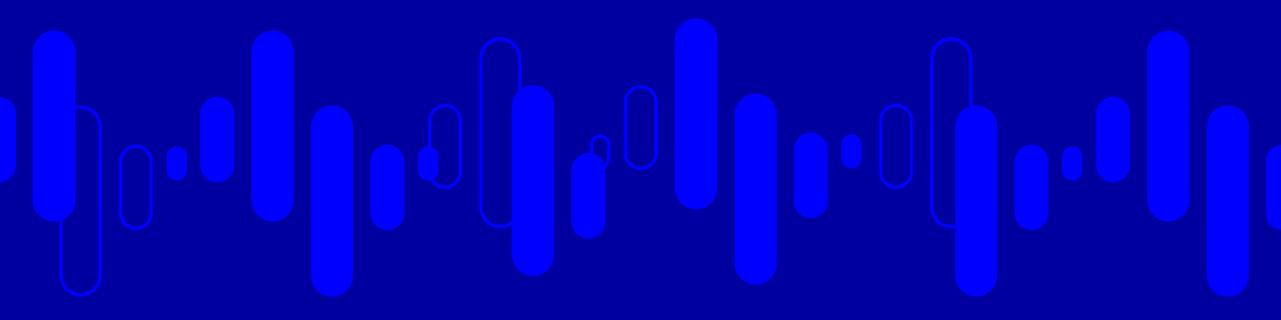




Nordea Eiendomskreditt – overview

- A 100% owned subsidiary of Nordea Bank Abp
- The purpose of the Issuer is to acquire and provide residential mortgage loans and finance its activities mainly through issuance of covered bonds
- Loans in Nordea Eiendomskreditt (NE) are originated by Nordea Bank Abp, Norwegian branch and subsequently transferred to NE
 - Collateral must be in the form of mortgages in residential real estate or in shares in housing cooperatives
 - At the time of transfer, the loans are not in default, i.e. payments of installments and interest are not overdue at the time of transfer
- Cost-effective loan origination and service through Nordea Bank's nationwide Norwegian branch network and internet
- Covered bonds rated Aaa by Moody's

2. Cover pool characteristics



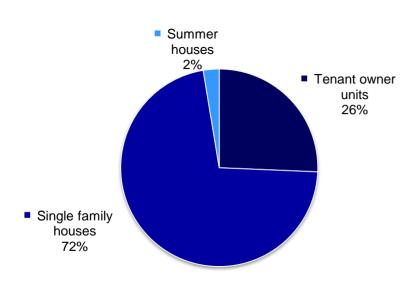
Cover pool key characteristics

| Cover pool summary | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Pool notional | NOK 166.2bn |
| Outstanding Covered Bonds | NOK 97.2bn |
| Cover pool content | Mortgage loans secured by Norwegian residential collateral |
| Geographic distribution | Throughout Norway with concentration to urban areas |
| Asset distribution | 100% residential |
| Weighted average LTV | 50.5% (indexed, calculated per property) |
| Average Ioan size | NOK 1.7m |
| Over Collateralisation (OC) | 71% |
| Rate type | Floating 98.3%, Fixed 1.7% |
| Amortisation | Bullet/ interest only 38.7%, Amortizing 61.3% |
| Pool type | Dynamic |
| Loans originated by | Nordea Bank Abp (as of 1 October 2018), Norway Branch |

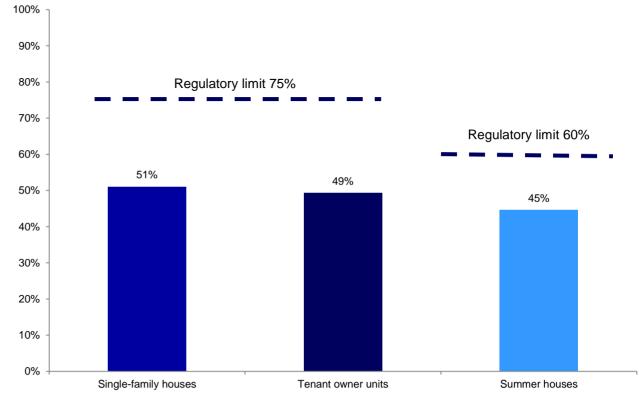
Cover pool key characteristics (2)

Q4 2019

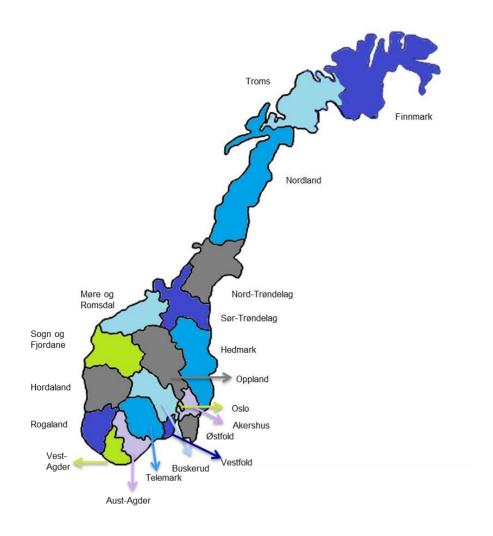
Cover pool balance by loan category

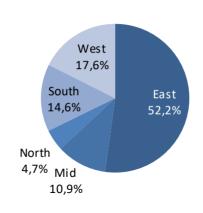


Weighted Average LTV – Indexed



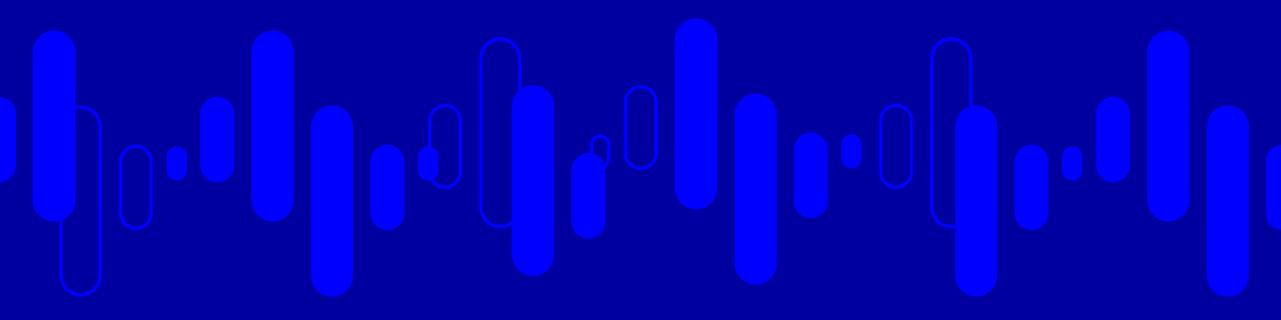
Cover pool – geographic distribution





| Fylke | Loan balance | Region |
|------------------|--------------|--------|
| Akerhus | 18,5% | East |
| Aust-Agder | 1,4% | South |
| Buskerud | 4,2% | Mid |
| Finnmark | 0,3% | North |
| Hedmark | 1,9% | East |
| Hordland | 10,0% | West |
| Møre og Romsdal | 6,6% | West |
| Nordland | 2,0% | North |
| Oppland | 3,5% | Mid |
| Oslo | 24,1% | East |
| Østfold | 7,6% | East |
| Rogaland | 3,6% | South |
| Sogn og Fjordane | 1,0% | West |
| Trøndelag | 3,2% | Mid |
| Telemark | 1,2% | South |
| Troms | 2,3% | North |
| Vest-Agder | 3,8% | South |
| Vestfold | 4,6% | South |

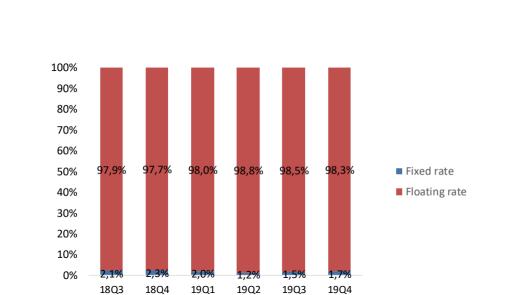
3. Asset quality



Loan to Value (LTV) Each loan is reported in the highest bucket

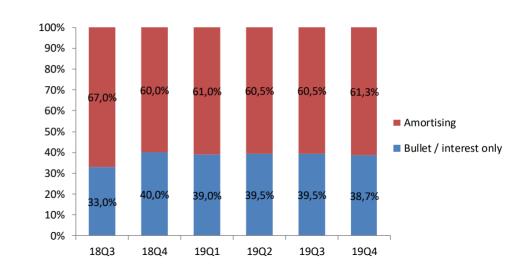
| Weighted Average LTV Unindexed | 50.6% | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | | 26 2 11 11 11 |
| LTV buckets | Nominal (NOKm) | % Residential Loans |
| >0 - <=40 % | 44 126 | 26,55% |
| >40 - <=50 % | 27 982 | 16,83% |
| >50 - <=60 % | 36 613 | 22,03% |
| >60 - <=70 % | 34 723 | 20,89% |
| >70 - <=80 % | 22 776 | 13,70% |
| Total | 166 220 | 100% |
| | | |
| Weighted Average LTV Indexed | 50.5% | |
| | | |
| LTV buckets | Nominal (NOKm) | % Residential Loans |
| >0 - <=40 % | 44 531 | 26,79% |
| >40 - <=50 % | 28 088 | 16,90% |
| >50 - <=60 % | 36 580 | 22,01% |
| >60 - <=70 % | 34 638 | 20,84% |
| >70 - <=80 % | 22 382 | 13,47% |
| Total | 166 220 | 100% |

Loan structure



Rate type

Repayment



Underwriting criteria

Affordability

- Customers ability to service its commitment out of its cash flow/income is critical
- Repayment ability of borrowers is calculated using stressed scenarios. Customers must manage 5 percentage points increase on interest rate on all debt
- Scoring of retail customers

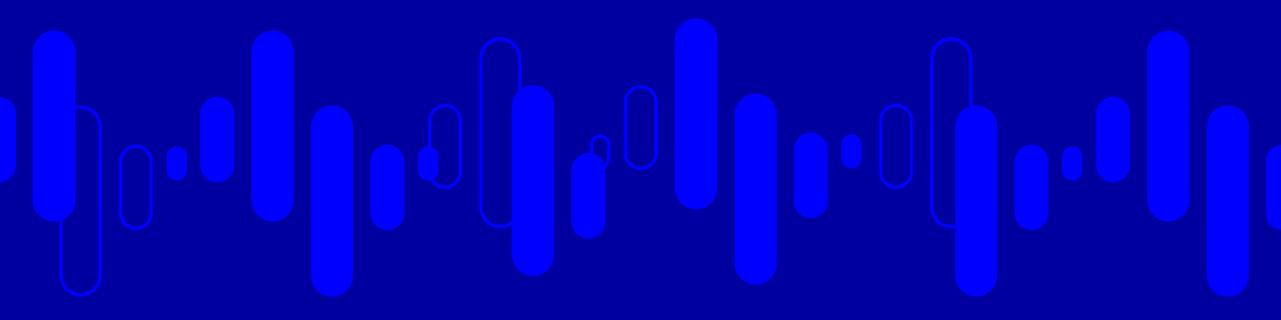
Payment history

Credit bureau check is always conducted. Potential external payment remarks are revealed

Collateral

- Information from Norwegian official property register in order to secure correct real estate ownership and priority
- Nordea accepts four sources of real estate valuations:
 - a) Written statement from external authorized valuer
 - b) Last sales price (within 6 months)
 - c) Use of external evaluating system "Eiendomsverdi" (used by most banks and real estate agents in Norway)
 - d) Written statement from (external) real estate agent

5. Covered Bond framework



Norwegian covered bond framework

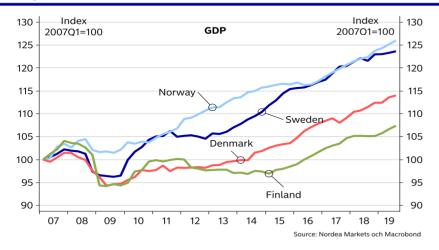
- Legal framework
 - Norwegian Financial Institutions Act (2007)
- Registration and independent inspector
 - A mortgage credit institution shall for each cover pool establish a register of loans, interest rate contracts and foreign exchange contracts, substitute assets and covered bonds
 - The institution shall put forward an independent inspector who shall be appointed by the FSA "Finanstilsynet"
- Limit on LTV ratio based on the current value
 - 75% for housing loans (residential property)
 - 60% for commercial loans (commercial property)
- Matching cover requirements
 - The value of the cover pool shall at all times exceed the value of covered bonds with a preferential claim over the pool and account shall be taken of the mortgage credit institution's derivative contracts
- Liquidity requirements
 - The mortgage credit institution shall ensure that the payment flows from the cover pool enable the mortgage credit institution to honour its payment obligations towards holders of covered bonds and counterparties to derivative contracts at any and all times

6. Macro



Nordic economies - solid

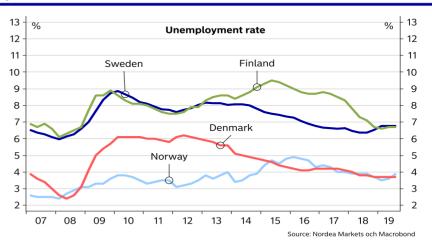
GDP development



Comments

- The Nordic economies are well equipped to handle the global slowdown.
 Sweden is set to recover in the end of 2020, and Denmark is headed for a soft landing after a six-year upswing. Norway will continue to show strength after a solid 2019, while growth is stalling in Finland
- Norway has seen three rate hikes in 2019 and, more surprisingly, the Riksbank hiked the repo rate in Sweden to 0% in December. Monetary policy in the Nordics will however be more cautious in 2020
- Swedish unemployment is set to increase further due to weakening domestic demand. The Danish labour market is expected to remain balanced as well as in Norway. Finnish unemployment is expected to hover at current levels if no structural reforms are implemented

Unemployment rate



GDP forecast, %

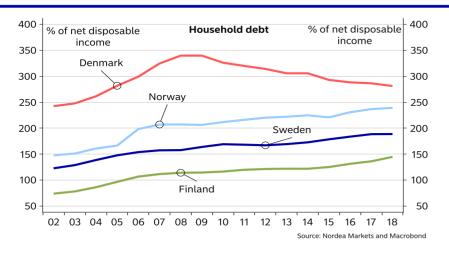
| Country | 2017 | 2018 | 2019E | 2020E | 2021E |
|---------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Denmark | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Finland | 3.1 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| Norway | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Sweden | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.8 |

Source: Nordea Markets Economic Outlook January 2020, Macrobond and OECD.

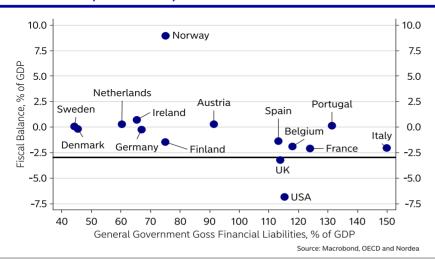


Household debt remains high, but so do private and public savings

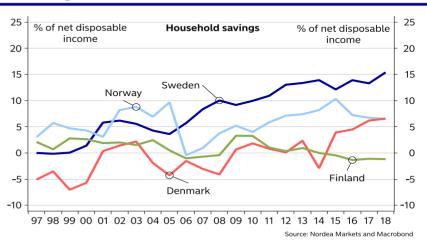
Household debt



Public balance/debt, % of GDP, 2020E



Household savings

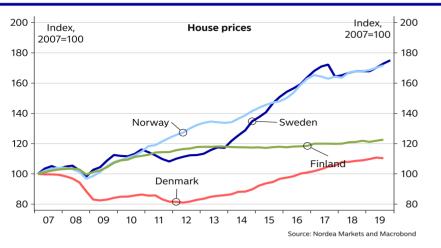


Comments

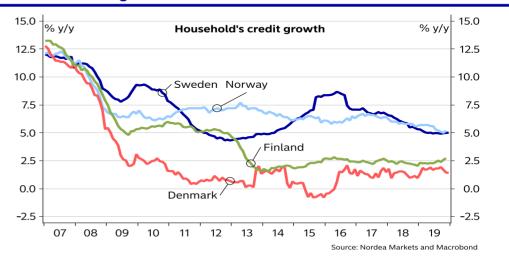
- Household debt continues to rise somewhat faster than income in Norway, Finland and Sweden. Denmark continues to move in the opposite trend
- Meanwhile, households' savings rates remain at high levels, and are increasing in Sweden and Denmark. Finnish savings have stabilised in recent years and are finally showing signs of picking up
- Nordic public finances are robust due to the overall economic recovery and firm fiscal policies. Norway is in a class of its own due to oil revenues

House price development in the Nordics

House prices



Households' credit growth



Comments

- Low interest rates continue to keep Nordic housing markets afloat and modest price increases are expected in the coming years. Prices continue to rise in Sweden and Norway. Danish home prices are still at a low level. The Finnish housing market was unusually active in 2019. However, uncertainty will remain while low interest rates will support prices in growing cities. Credit growth in the Nordics is moving sideways except for in Denmark
- Swedish house prices have exceeded the previous top in 2017. The Riksbank's rate hike in late 2019 may temporarily dampen the pick-up, but the prospect of low interest rates in the foreseeable future will likely be more important for housing prices than rising unemployment and the Riksbank's isolated rate hike
- Last year's increase in interest rates in Norway and good supply of new housing have contributed to keeping a lid on housing prices in Norway. The total rate hike was nonetheless modest, and interest rates are still very low. The housing market is this well balanced and the risk of a significant turnaround in the market is considered to be very low
- 2019 was a good year for the Danish housing market and prices rose across most of the country. Housing prices are expected to continue to rise by around 3% annually driven by persistently low interest rates and the expected stronger purchasing power of households

7. Further information



Covered bonds – outstanding volumes

| Breakdown by ISIN | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| ISIN | Currency | Amount (NOKm) | Maturity | Coupon (%) |
| 200010703521 | NOK | 7 690 | 3 00. | FRN |
| 10741903 | NOK | 14 | | |
| 221072 | NOK | 11 000 | _0. | |
| NUI - 235 | NOK | 9 383 | 2021-06-16 | 4,25 |
| JJ/58931 | NOK | 4 615 | 2022-06-15 | 1,08 |
| JU010759632 | NOK | 17 550 | 2022-06-15 | FRN |
| NO0010819717 | NOK | 16 800 | 2023-06-21 | FRN |
| NO0010843626 | NOK | 17 950 | 2024-06-19 | FRN |
| NO0010593064 | NOK | 550 | 2025-06-18 | 4,8 |
| NO0010852650 | NOK | 4 800 | 2026-05-22 | 2,17 |
| NO0010766827 | NOK | 500 | 2031-06-18 | 1,75 |
| NO0010812084 | NOK | 300 | 2043-06-17 | 2,20 |
| NO0010821986 | NOK | 300 | 2048-05-04 | 2,60 |
| XS1210746134 | GBP | 1 526 | 2020-03-30 | FR |
| XS1487838291 | GBP | 133 | 2021-09-09 | FP . |
| XS1837099339 | GBP | 3 270 | 2023-06-18 | FRN |
| XS1451306036 | EUR | 938 | 2031-07-15 | 0,74 |
| | Total | 97 319 | | |

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