

Nordea

Fourth-quarter and full-year results 2024



Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Although Nordea believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for Nordea include, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

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Executive summary

Continued income growth

- Total income up 1%. Net interest income down 5%, net fee and commission income up 8% and net fair value result up 31%
- Operating profit up 4%, to EUR 1.5bn

RoE* 14.3% (14.1% Q423) and EPS EUR 0.32 (0.31 Q423). FY24 RoE 16.7% (16.9% FY23) and EPS EUR 1.44 (1.37 FY23)

Good growth in lending and deposit volumes and assets under management

- Mortgage lending up 6% y/y and corporate lending up 1%. Retail deposits up 5% y/y and corporate deposits up 8%. AuM up 11% y/y

Cost-to-income ratio with amortised resolution fees 48.9% (50.6% Q423)

Solid credit quality – net loan losses again below long-term expectation

- Net loan losses and similar net result EUR 54m or 6bp
- Management judgement buffer revised, reflecting reduced need and improved outlook

Continued strong capital generation; dialogue on new share buy-back programme initiated

- CET1 ratio 15.8% – 2.2pp above current regulatory requirement
- Impact of Norwegian acquisition and share buy-backs offset by strong capital generation
- Dividend of EUR 0.94 per share proposed for 2024 – increase of 2%

2025 outlook: return on equity to stay above 15%

Key financials

Fourth-quarter results 2024

Income statement and key ratios EURm	Q424	Q423	Q4/Q4	Q324	Q4/Q3
Net interest income	1,854	1,946	-5%	1,882	-1%
Net fee and commission income	825	763	8%	774	7%
Net insurance result	69	40	73%	60	15%
Net fair value result	201	154	31%	284	-29%
Other income	6	12	-50%	14	-57%
Total operating income	2,955	2,915	1%	3,014	-2%
Total operating expenses excl. regulatory fees	-1,416	-1,397	1%	-1,311	8%
Total operating expenses	-1,434	-1,417	1%	-1,329	8%
Profit before loan losses	1,521	1,498	2%	1,685	-10%
Net loan losses and similar net result	-54	-83		-51	
Operating profit	1,467	1,415	4%	1,634	-10%
Cost-to-income ratio excl. regulatory fees, %	47.9	47.9		43.5	
Cost-to-income ratio*, %	48.9	50.6		44.5	
Return on equity*, %	14.3	14.1		16.7	
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.32	0.31	3%	0.36	-11%

Key financials

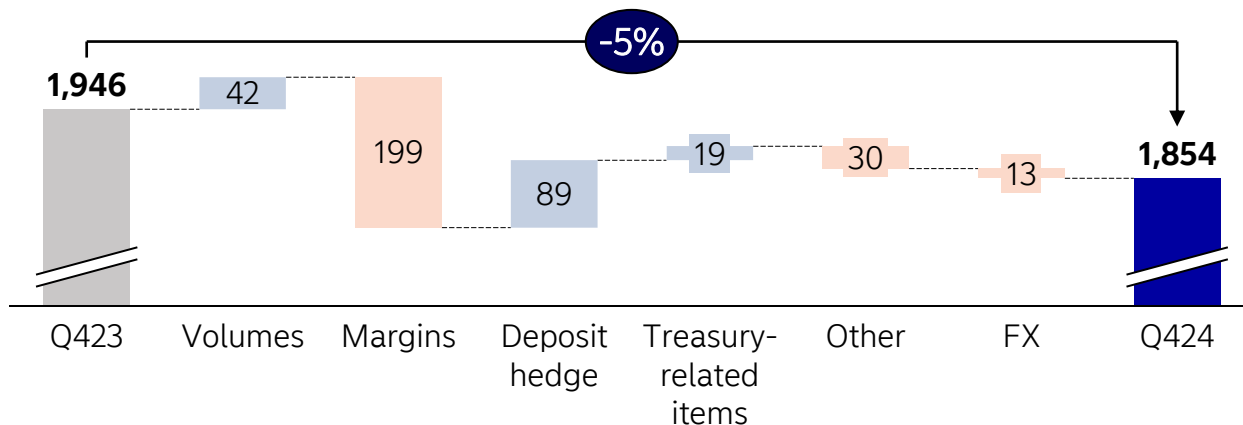
Full-year results 2024

Income statement and key ratios EURm	FY24	FY23	FY/FY
Net interest income	7,594	7,451	2%
Net fee and commission income	3,157	3,021	5%
Net insurance result	253	217	17%
Net fair value result	1,023	1014	1%
Other income	57	40	43%
Total operating income	12,084	11,743	3%
Total operating expenses excl. regulatory fees	-5,213	-4,922	6%
Total operating expenses	-5,330	-5,238	2%
Profit before loan losses	6,754	6,505	4%
Net loan losses and similar net result	-206	-167	
Operating profit	6,548	6,338	3%
Cost-to-income ratio excl. regulatory fees, %	43.1	41.9	
Cost-to-income ratio, %	44.1	44.6	
Return on equity, %	16.7	16.9	
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	1.44	1.37	5%

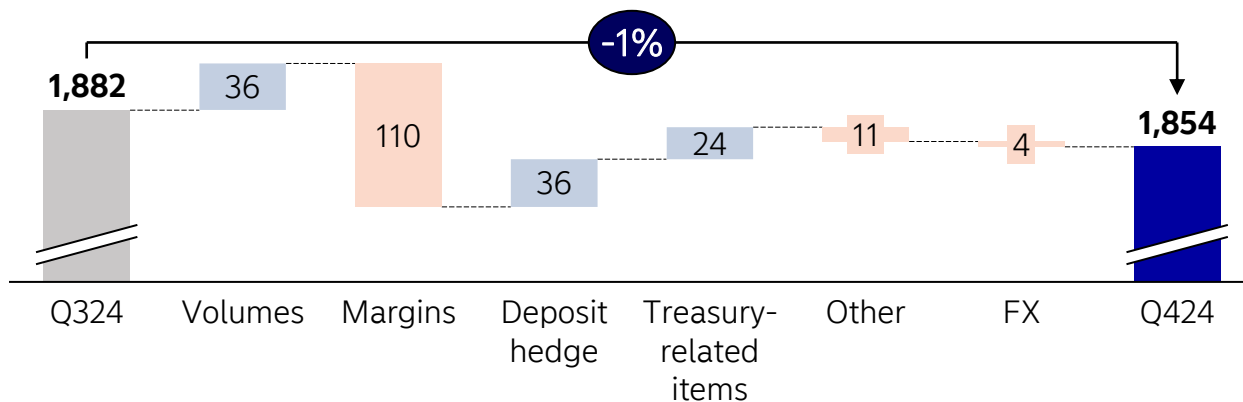
Net interest income

Higher volumes and lower deposit margins, as expected

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

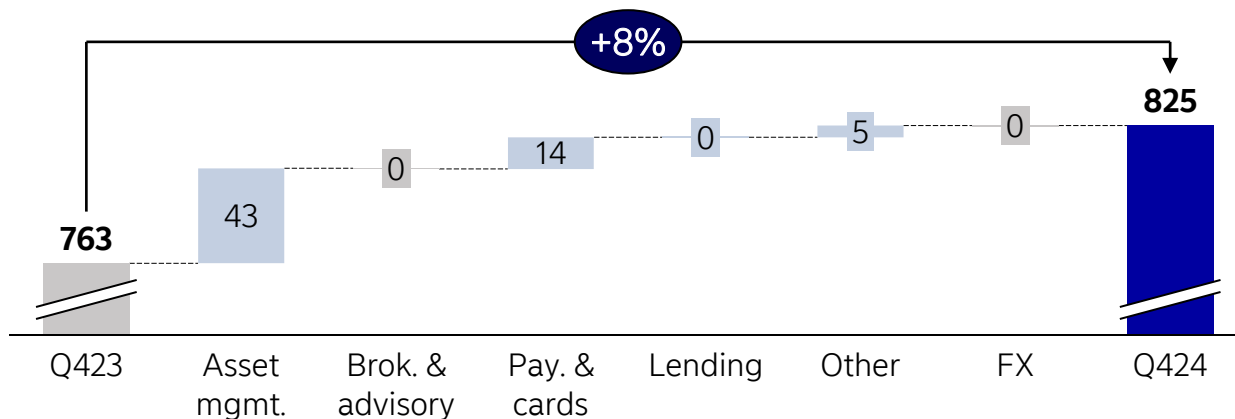


- **Net interest income down 5%**
- **Lending and deposits up**
 - Mortgages up 6% (1% excluding Norwegian acquisition)
 - Corporate lending up 1%
 - Retail deposits up 5% (2% excluding Norwegian acquisition)
 - Corporate deposits up 8%
- **Net interest margin 1.73% (1.83% Q423)**
 - Lower deposit margins, improved lending margins, and support from deposit hedge

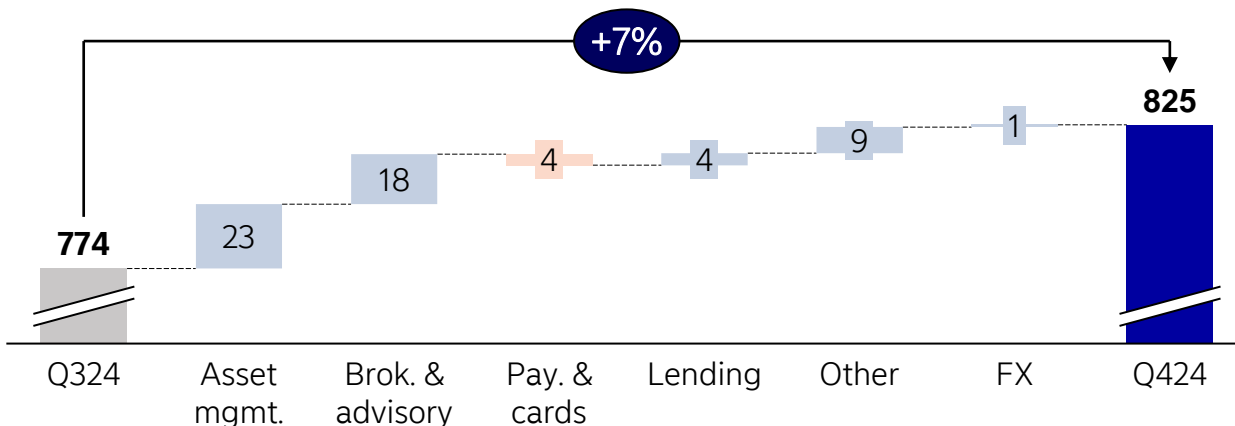
Net fee and commission income

Continued growth; higher savings and payment & card income

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

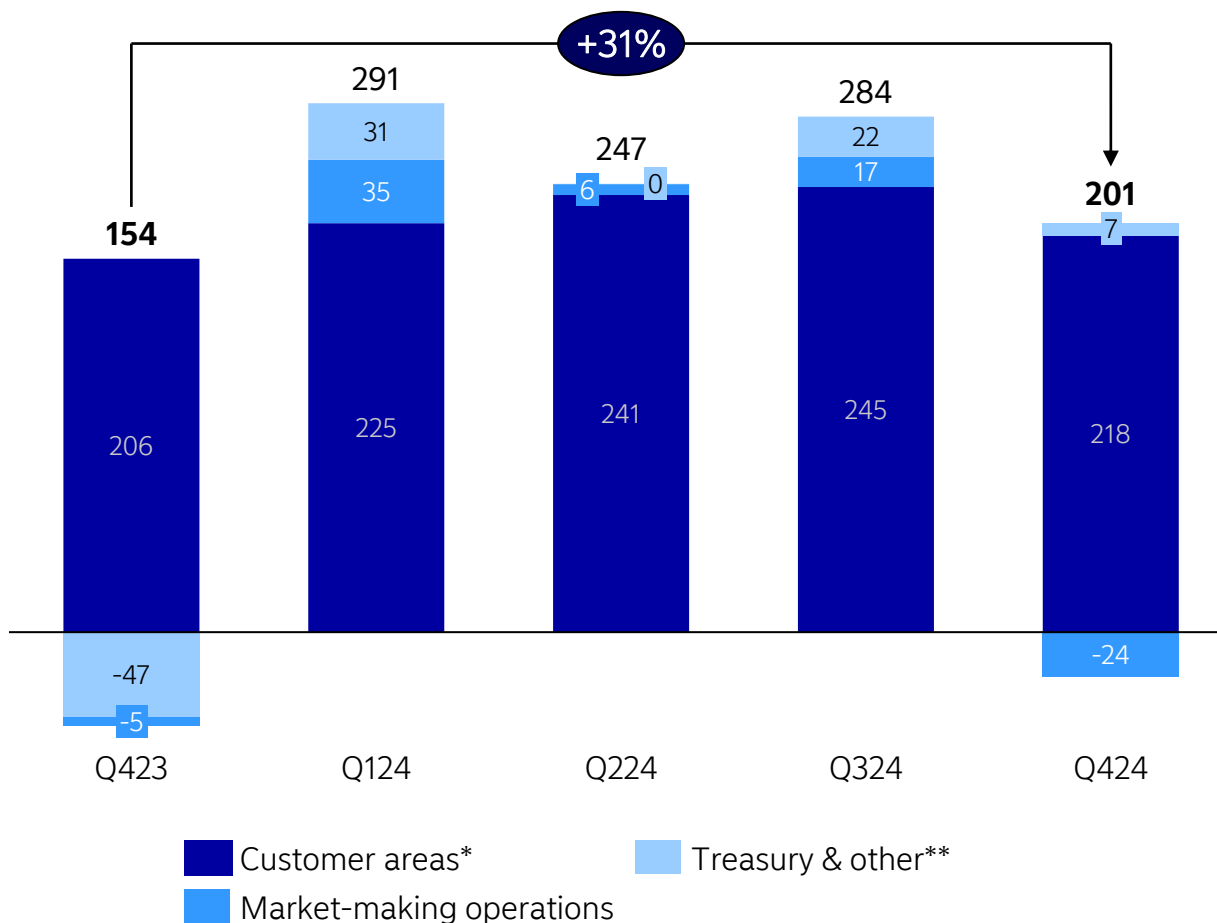


- Net fee and commission income up 8%
- Savings fee income up with higher assets under management
 - AuM up 11%, to EUR 422bn
 - Net flows in Nordic channels (86% of AuM) EUR 6.1bn
 - Net flows in international channels (14% of AuM) back positive at EUR 2.4bn, driven by several large new mandates
- Brokerage & advisory fee income stable
- Payment & card fee income up due to higher activity

Net fair value result

Higher customer activity and valuations

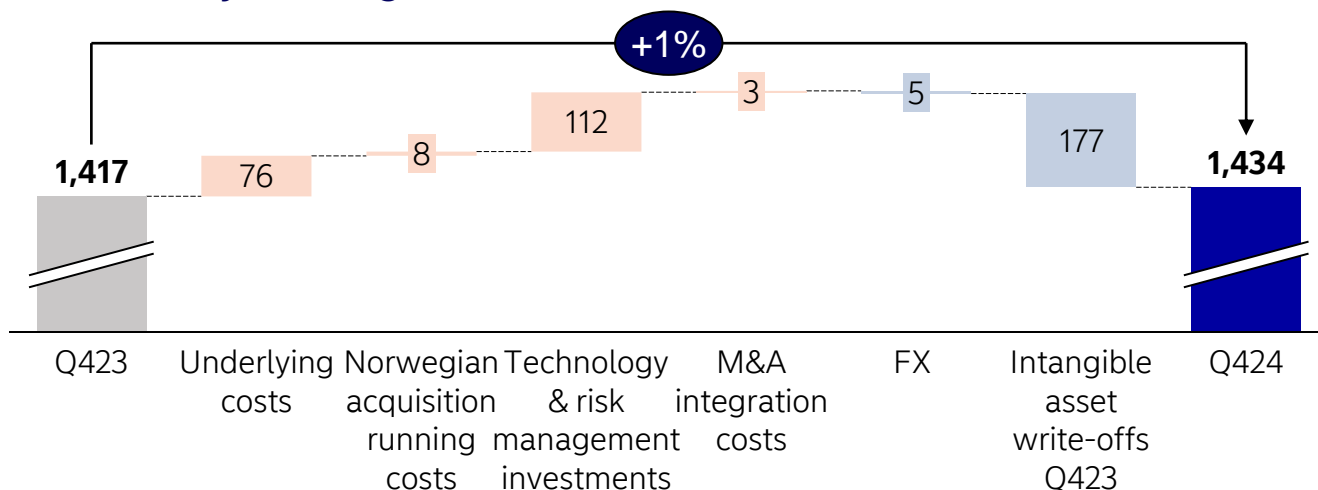
Net fair value result, EURm



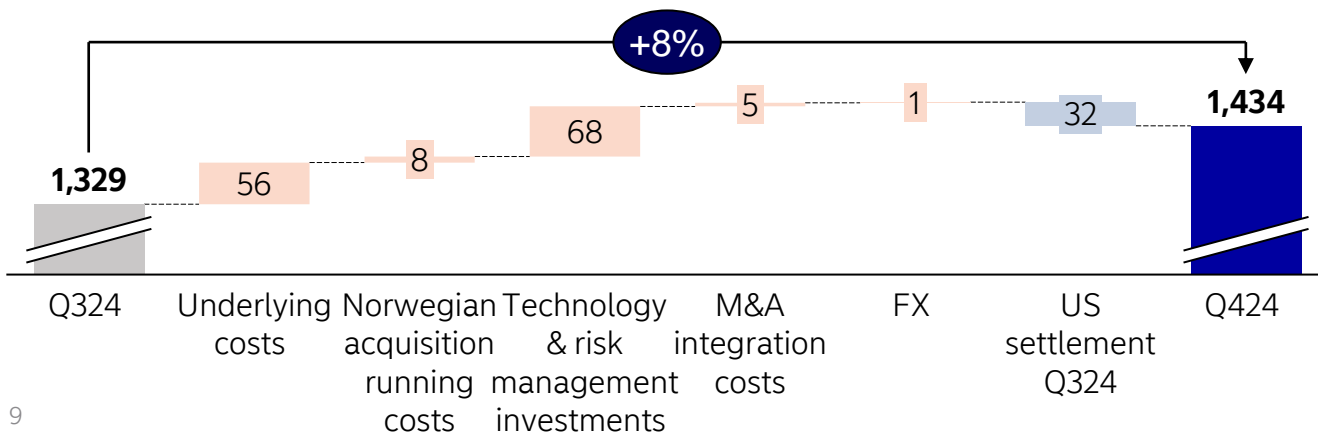
- Strong customer risk management activity, mainly in FX and rates products
- Market-making down, driven by wider spreads and higher bond market volatility
- Treasury & other up, driven by revaluation gains from holdings and reduced hedge volatility

Costs in line with plan

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

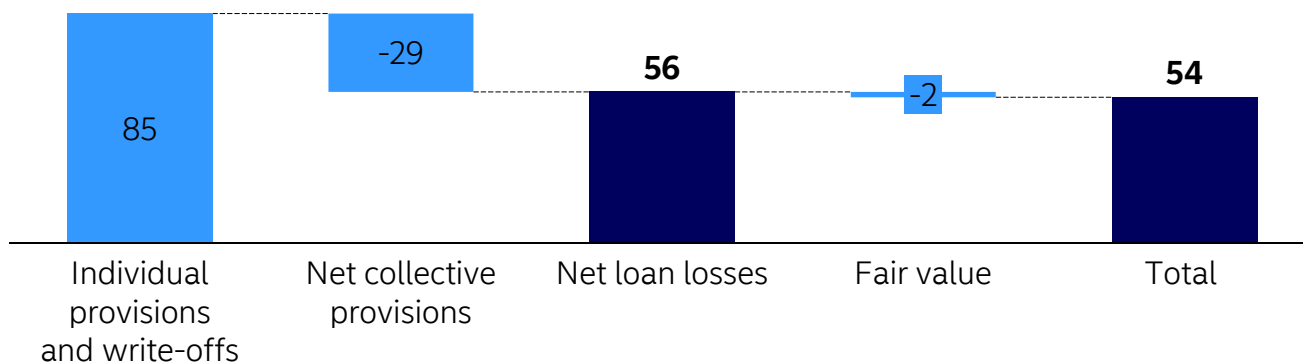


- **Total costs up 1%, driven by investments and inflation**
 - Underlying costs up 5%, driven by salary reviews, technology running costs, and marketing activities
 - Investments in technology infrastructure, data and AI, digital offering, and non-financial risk management increasing costs by 8%
 - Level of investment spend to stabilise in 2025
- **Total full-year costs expected to increase by 2.0–2.5% in 2025***

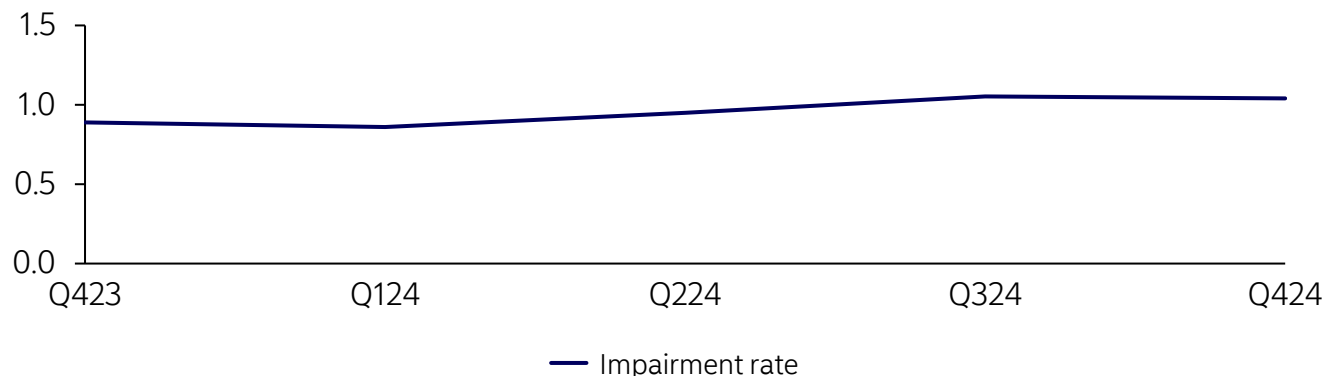
Net loan losses and similar net result

Continued strong credit quality

Net loan losses and similar net result, EURm



Impaired (stage 3) loans, %



- **Total net loan losses and similar net result EUR 54m (6bp)**

- Continued moderate level of loan losses
- Individual provisions and write-offs driven by small number of corporates, with no specific industry concentration
- Decrease in collective provisions, reflecting improved macroeconomic forecasts

- **Overall level of provisions unchanged at EUR 1.8bn**

- Management judgement buffer reduced to EUR 414m from EUR 435m due to improved credit risk outlook
- Solid coverage against uncertainties in economic outlook

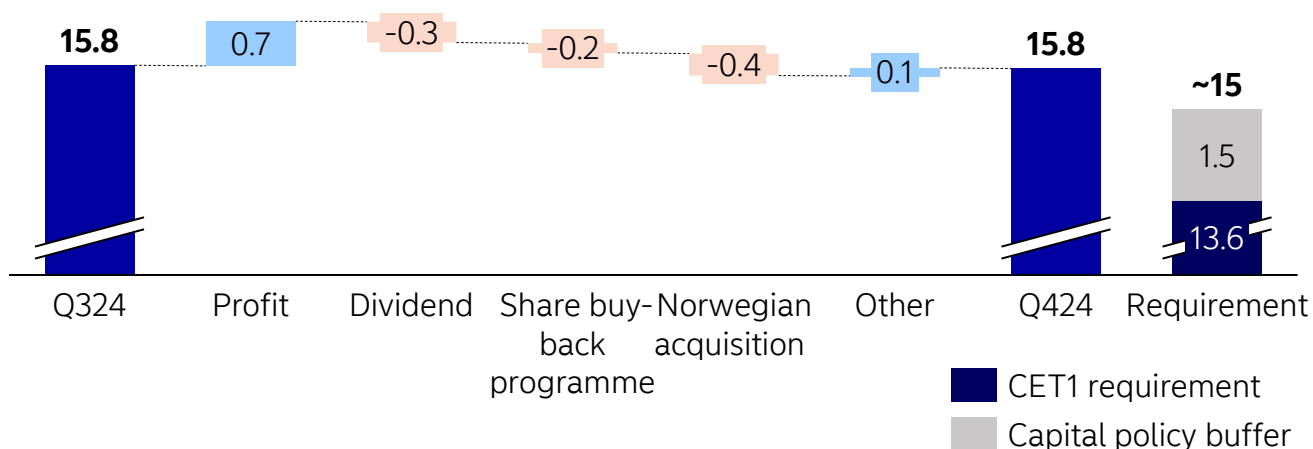
- **Continued low level of non-performing loans**

- Stage 3 loans stable at 1.04%

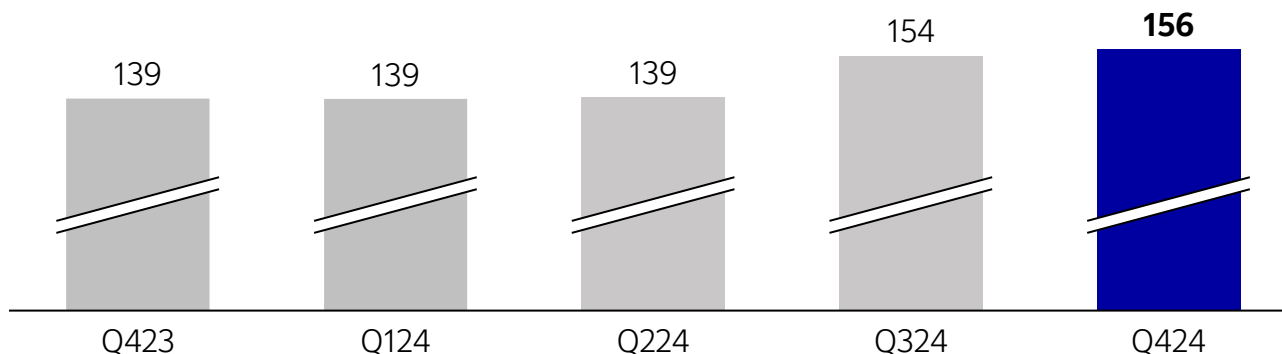
Capital

Strong capital position; share buy-backs in progress

CET1 capital ratio development, %



REA development, EURbn



- CET1 capital ratio 15.8%**

- 2.2 percentage points above regulatory requirement
- EUR 0.3bn increase in CET1 capital, mainly driven by profit net of dividend, partly offset by share buy-back programme launched in October
- EUR ~2.2bn increase in risk exposure amount, mainly due to Norwegian acquisition

- CET1 requirement expected to increase by ~10bp**

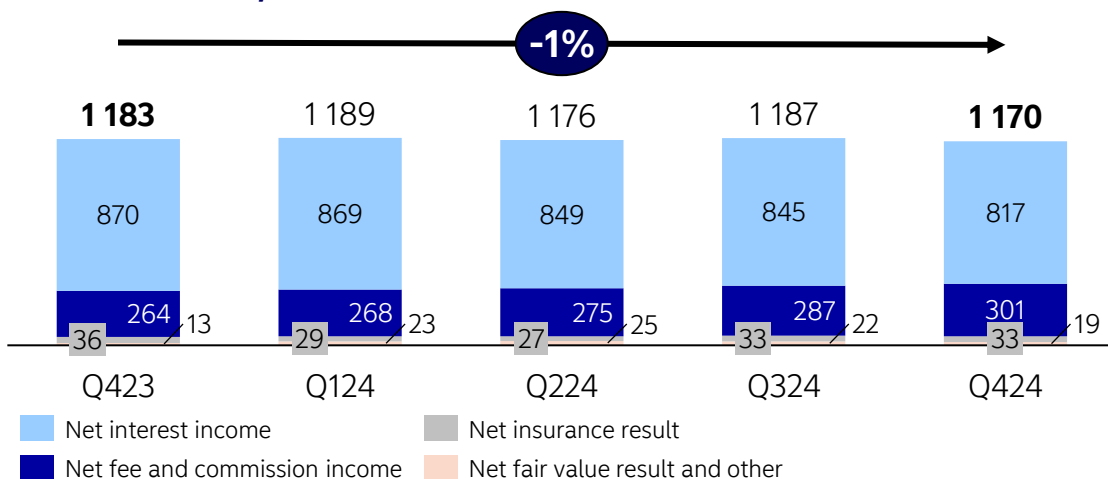
- ~10bp increase in CET1 requirement in Q424 due to increased CCyB and SyRB following Norwegian acquisition
- ~10bp increase in CET1 requirement from 1 Jan 2025 due to Finnish FSA's reciprocation of sector-specific Danish SyRB

- Ongoing share buy-back programme to end no later than 28 Feb; close dialogue on new programme already initiated**

Nordea

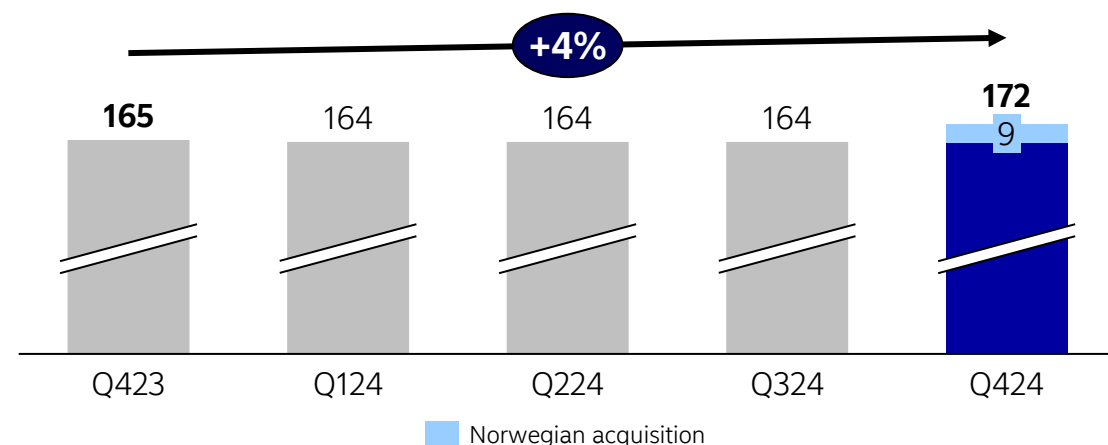
Income supported by increased mortgage and deposit volumes, and savings growth

Total income, EURm

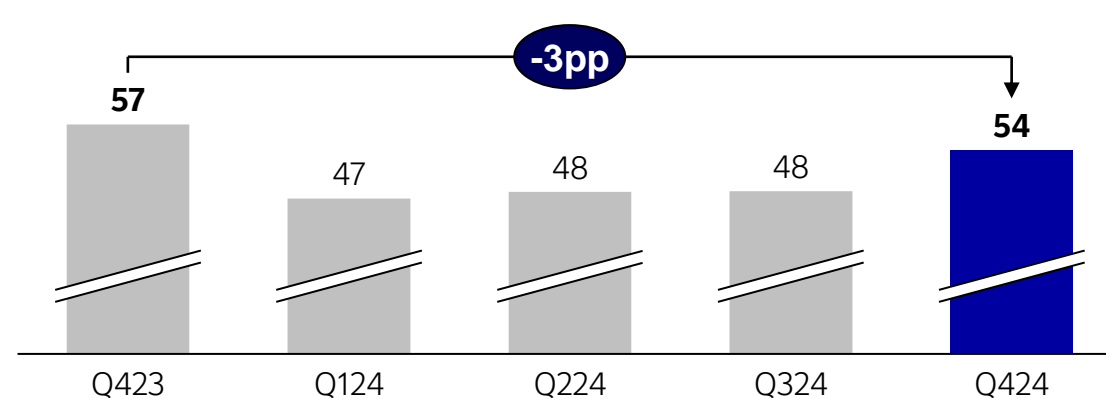


- Total income down 1%
- Net interest income down 6%; mortgage volumes up 5% and deposit volumes up 5%
- Net fee and commission income up 14%, driven by savings and payment & card income
- Improved cost-to-income ratio: 54% (57% Q423)– lower total expenses partly offset by integration costs related to Norwegian acquisition

Lending*, EURbn

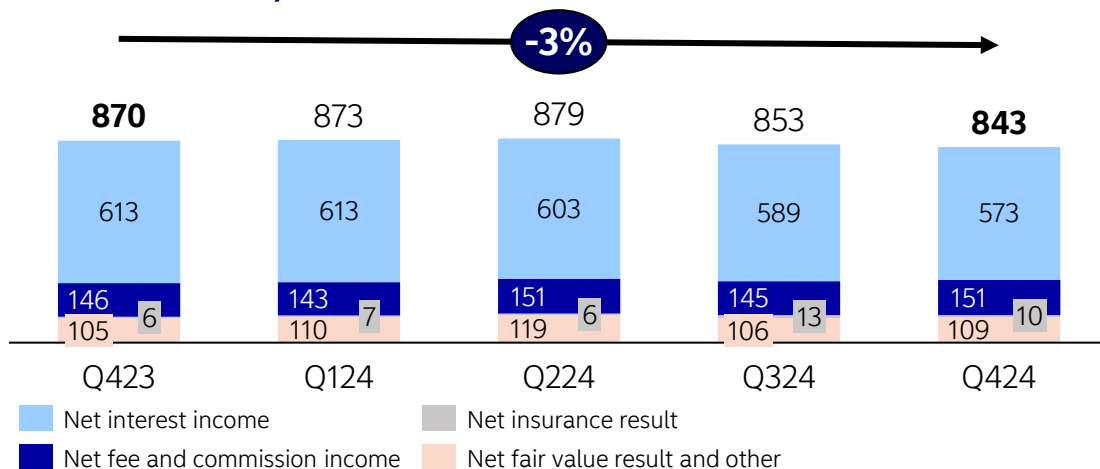


Cost-to-income ratio**, %



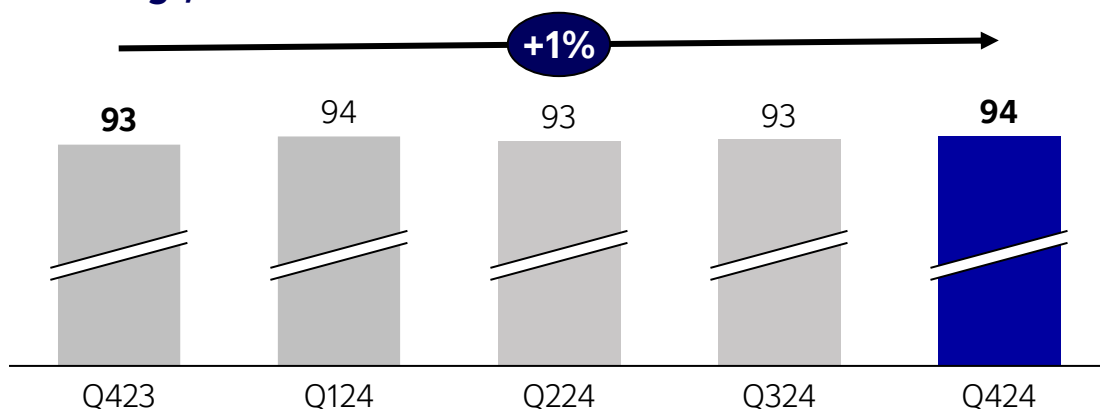
Solid volume and ancillary income growth, offset by lower deposit margins

Total income*, EURm

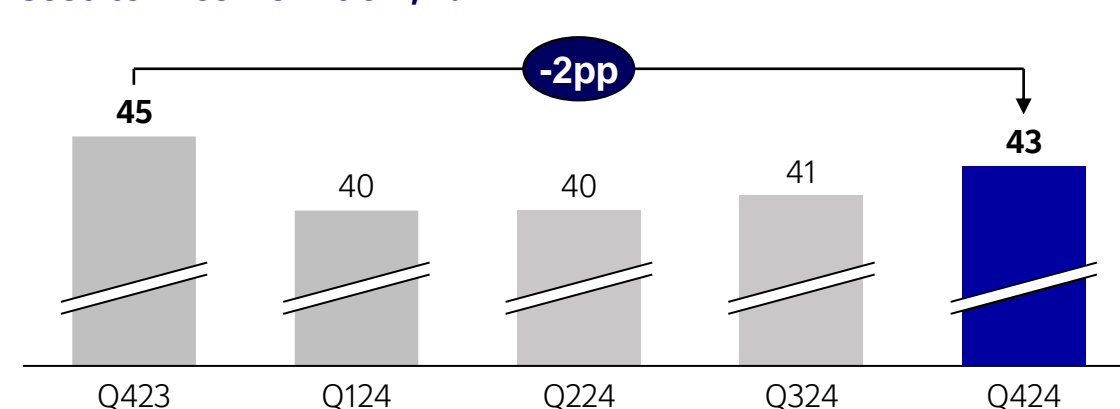


- Total income down 3%
- Net interest income down 7%; lending volumes up 1% and deposit volumes up 4%
- Net fee and commission income up 3%, driven by higher savings and payment & card income and higher income from debt capital market transactions
- Net fair value up 7%; strong activity in FX products
- Improved cost-to-income ratio: 43% (45% Q423)

Lending*, EURbn

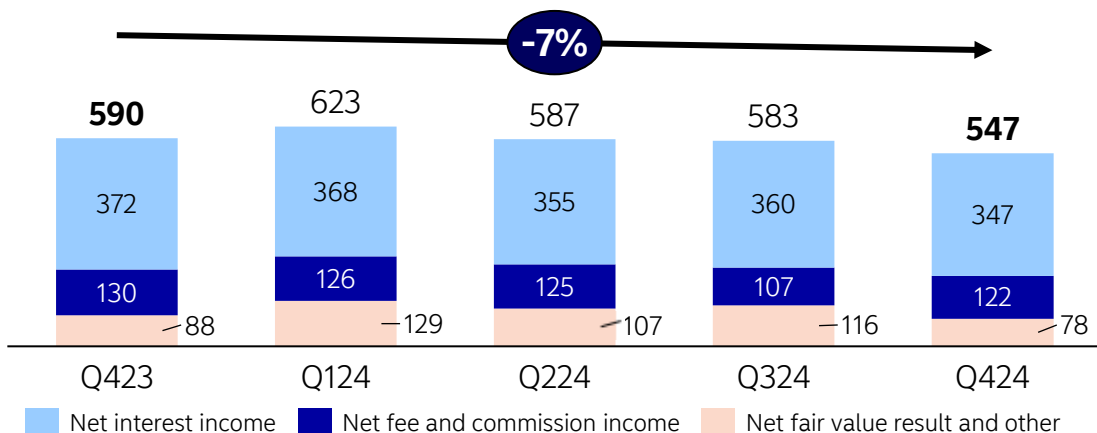


Cost-to-income ratio**, %



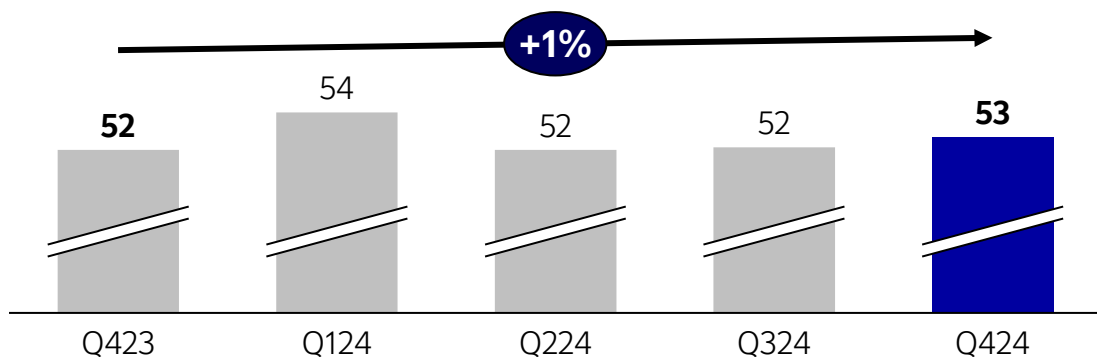
Solid customer activity, with lending and deposit growth

Total income, EURm

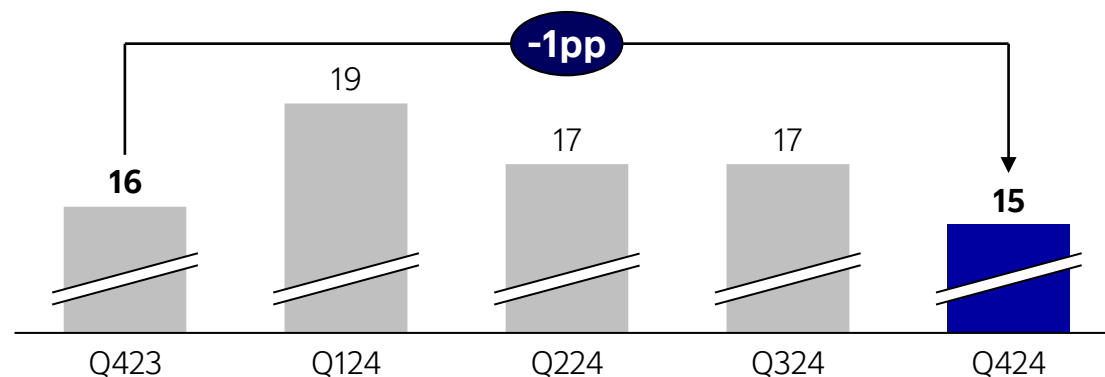


- Total income down 7%
- Net interest income down 7%; lending volumes up 1% and deposit volumes up 12%
- Net fee and commission income down 6%, mainly driven by lower corporate finance income compared with Q423
- Net fair value income down 10%: continued high customer activity offset by negative impact from fixed income market-making, driven by wider spreads and high volatility
- Return on allocated equity 15%

Lending*, EURbn

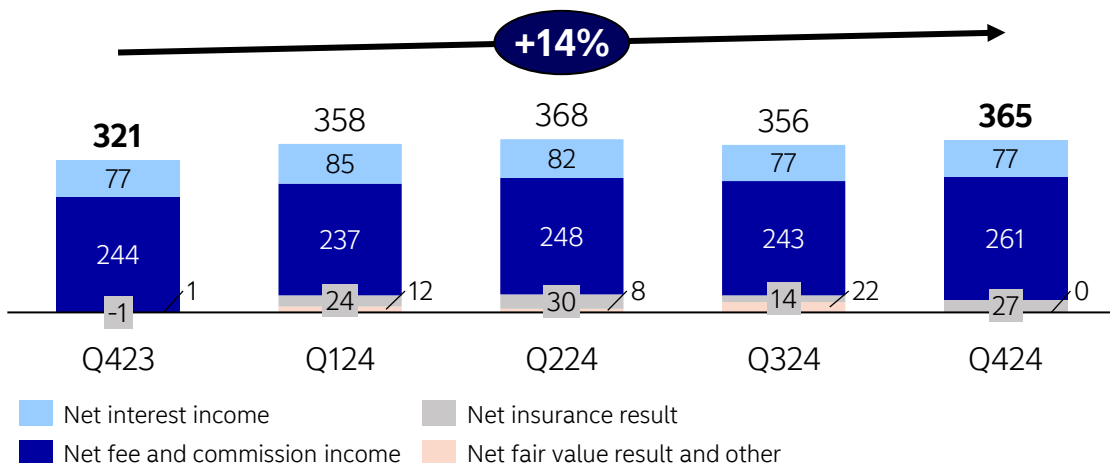


Return on allocated equity**, %



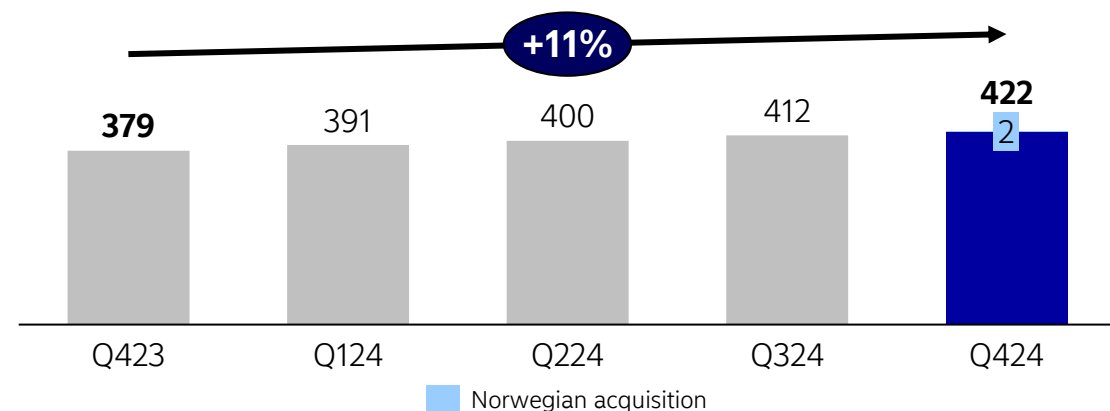
Strong inflow of new customers in Private Banking and strong net flows in all channels

Total income, EURm

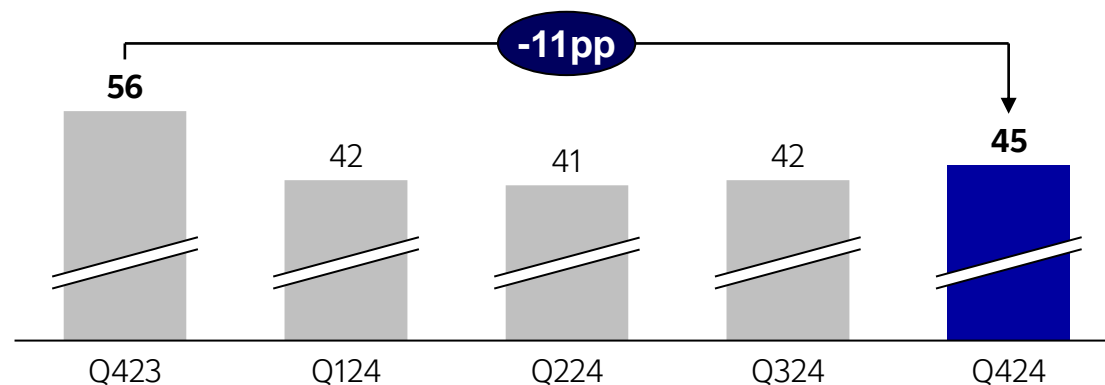


- Total income up 14%
- Net interest income stable; lending volumes up 5% and deposit volumes up 3%
- Net fee and commission income up 7% – assets under management up 11%, to EUR 422bn
 - Nordic channels net inflows EUR 6.1bn during quarter
 - International channels net inflows EUR 2.4bn during quarter
- Net fair value stable
- Improved cost-to-income ratio: 45% (56% Q423)

Assets under management, EURbn



Cost-to-income ratio*, %



2025: The preferred financial partner in the Nordics

Unique Nordic diversification and scale

Profitable growth and high capital efficiency

Continued high profitability and capital generation

Outlook for 2025: return on equity to stay above 15%

2025 financial target

Return on equity
>15%

Assumes CET1 requirement of 15%,
including management buffer

Rates assumed to normalise at ~2%

Supported in 2025 by

Cost-to-income ratio
44–46%

Loan losses
Normalised ~10bp annually

Capital and dividend policies
60–70% dividend payout ratio; excess
capital distributed through buy-backs
Management buffer of 150bp above
regulatory CET1 requirement

Taking Nordea to the next level

Leveraging the unique power of our Nordic scale

Best-in-class customer experiences

Market-leading growth, cost efficiency and long-term value creation



Outgrowing the market

Targeting focused organic growth opportunities

Nordic bolt-on acquisitions to further drive growth



Delivering superior financial performance

Continued market-leading return on equity

Superior earnings per share growth



Capital excellence – generate, deploy, distribute

Nordea Capital Markets Day Q4 2025

Nordea



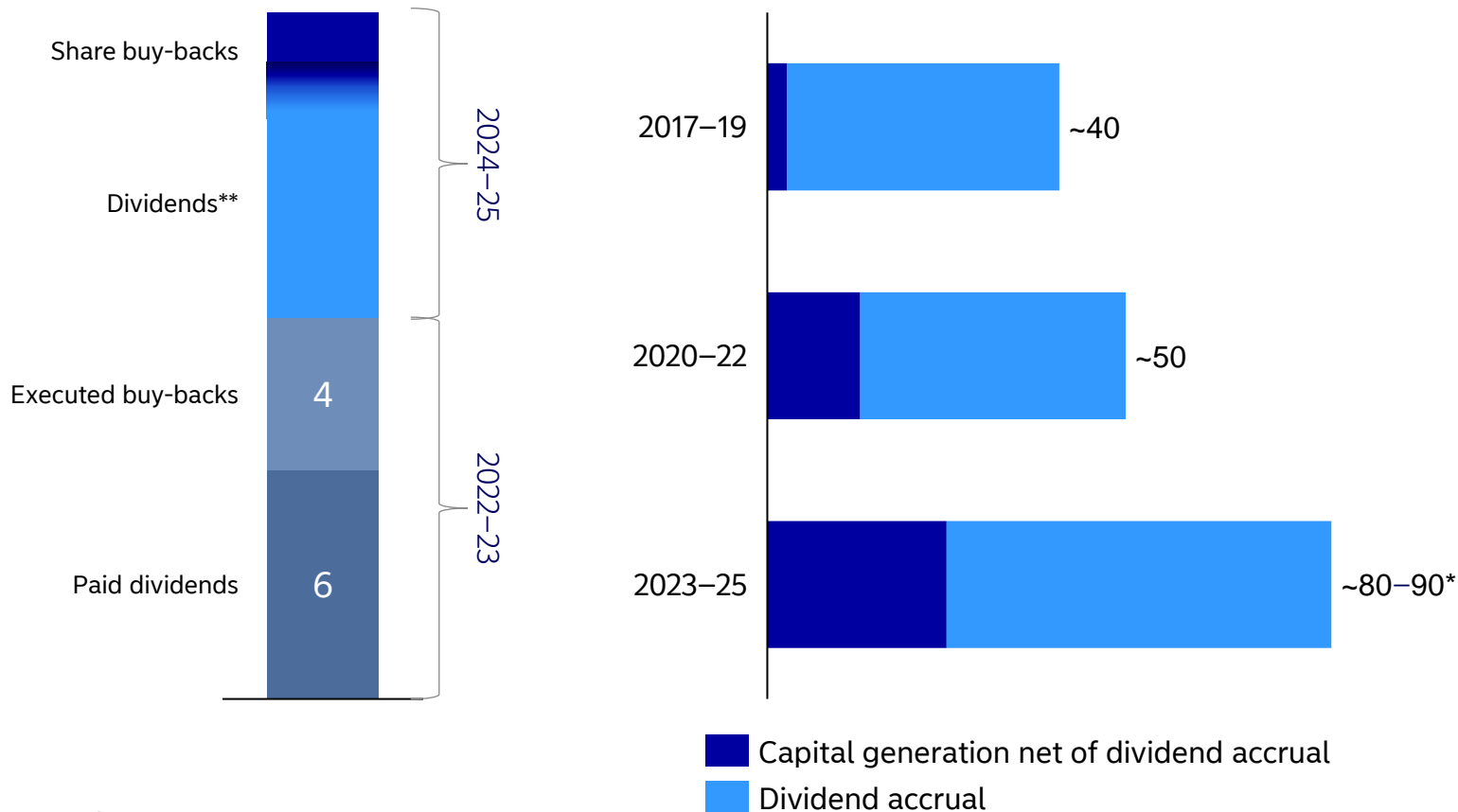
Capital excellence

Strong capital generation supporting returns

Shareholder returns supported by continued strong capital generation

EUR ~17-18bn

Year Average quarterly capital generation, bp

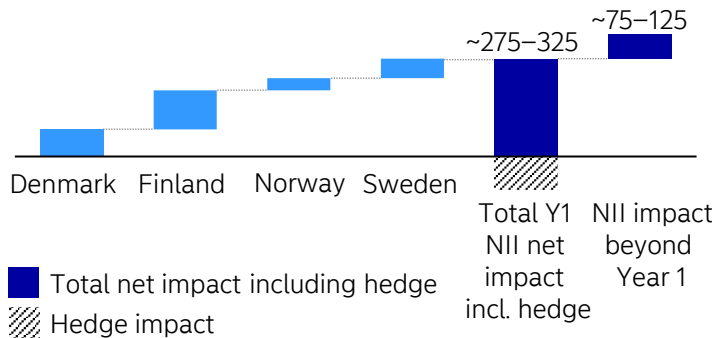


- **Capital return commitment reaffirmed**
 - Strong capital generation
 - Unchanged dividend policy
 - Share buy-backs to distribute excess capital
- **EUR 250m share buy-back programme launched in October 2024, to end no later than 28 February 2025**
- **Continued use of share buy-backs to trim generated excess capital**

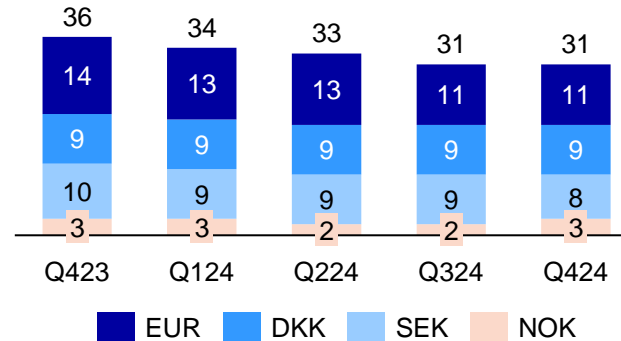
Net interest income sensitivity

Net interest income sensitivity to policy rate changes

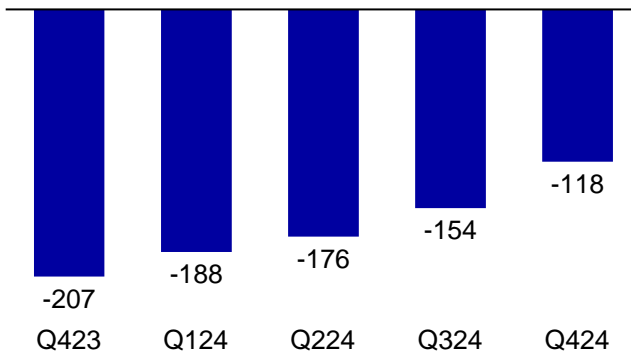
Sensitivity to +50bp parallel shift in policy rates*, EURm



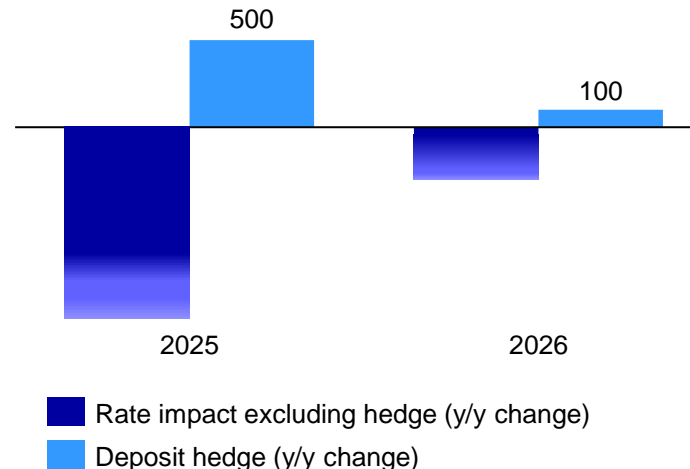
Deposit hedge – nominal volume, EURbn



Quarterly NII impact from deposit hedge (absolute), EURm



Deposit hedge to partially offset NII impact from lower policy rates, EURm**



- **NII impact largely driven by policy rates and pass-through**

- Actual pass-through varying between account types and countries, and throughout rate cycles
- Sensitivity reflecting modelled risk over cycle – actual NII impact expected to be lower following initial rate cuts and higher thereafter

- **Group NII also impacted by other drivers**

- Volumes and loan/deposit pricing
- Wholesale funding costs

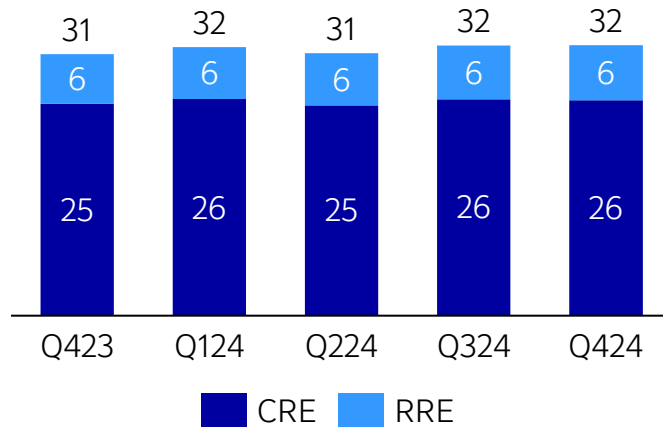
- **Deposit hedging reducing sensitivity to interest rate changes**

- Average hedge maturity ~3 years
- Additional NII impact in Y2–Y3 as assets repriced and hedges rolled over

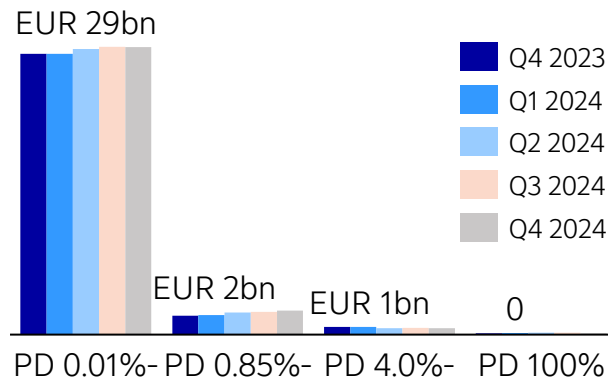
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)*

Well-diversified portfolio, high-quality lending

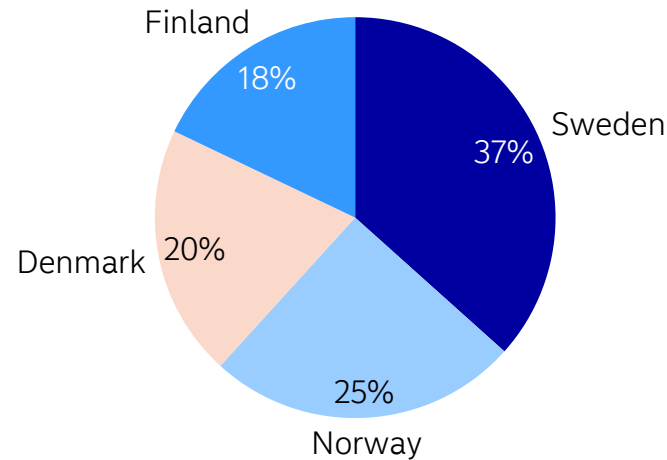
Lending volumes stable



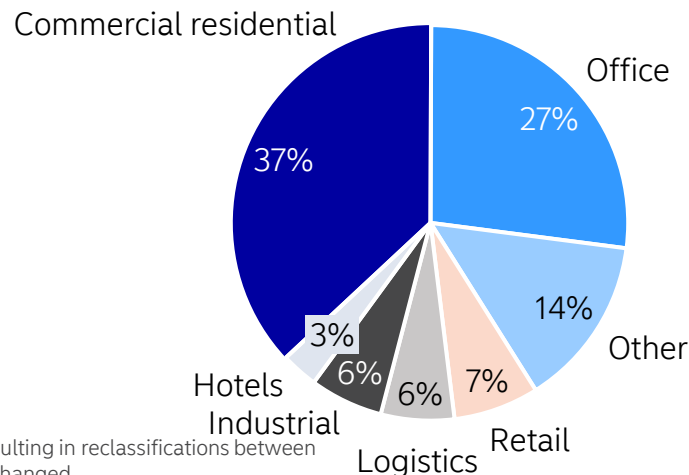
90% of portfolio with low probability of default (PD)



Diversified across countries



Diversified across types**

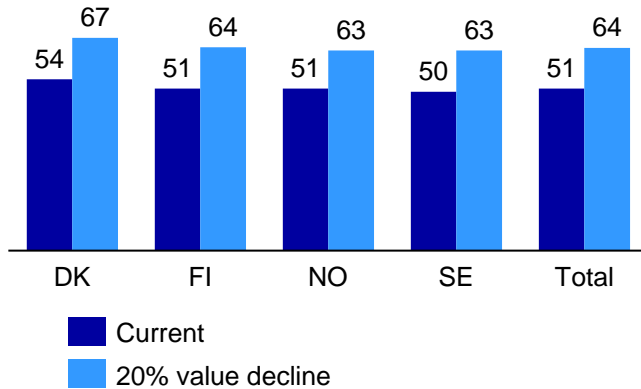


- **Well-diversified portfolio across Nordic markets**
- **90% of exposure towards low-risk customers, 7% towards increased risk, only 2% towards high risk and less than 1% impaired**
- **Portfolio mainly comprising central, modern office and residential properties**
- **Strict underwriting standards: conservative credit policy with focus on cash flow**

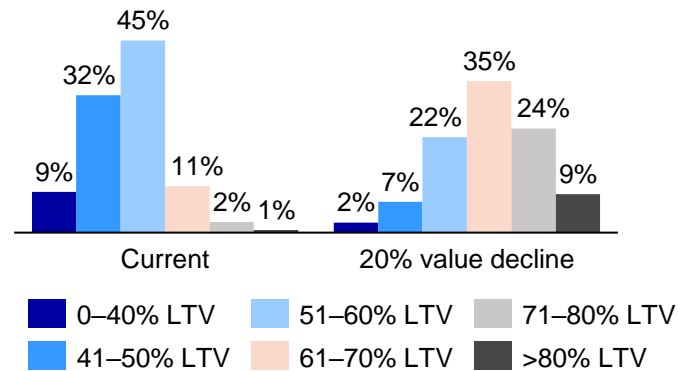
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)*

Solid LTVs, resilient interest coverage, high occupancy

Solid LTV levels for all countries



Majority of portfolio with low LTV



- **86% of exposures with LTV below 60%**

- In event of 20% decline in market value, 67% of portfolio still with LTV below 70%

- **Average interest coverage ratio (ICR) 2.7x**

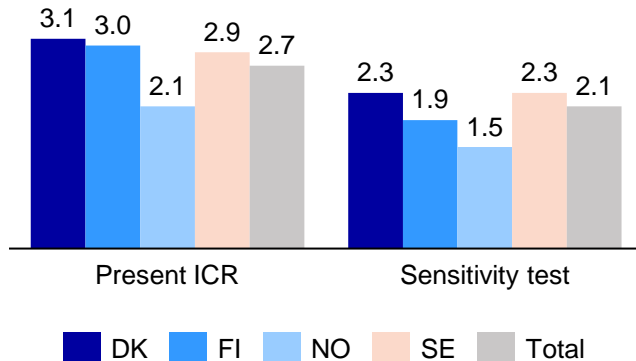
- Average ICR 2.1x in stress scenario
- Stress scenario: all debt refinanced day one at 5Y swap rates plus margins (4.0–5.0%); no hedging

- **Strict interest rate hedging requirements**

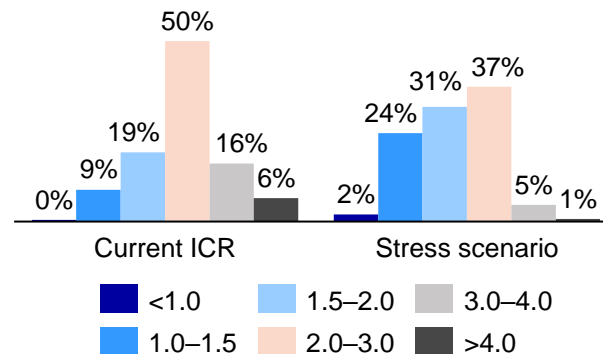
- 64% of customer debt hedged, with average maturity 4.3 years

- **Low vacancy rates, with average letting ratio 95%**

High ICR in all countries



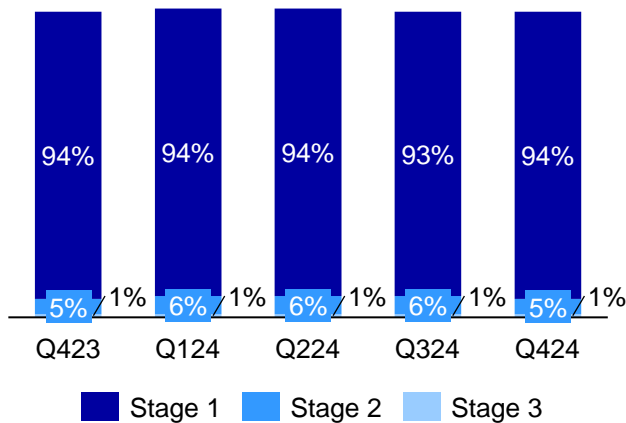
ICR above 1.0 in stress scenario for 98% of portfolio



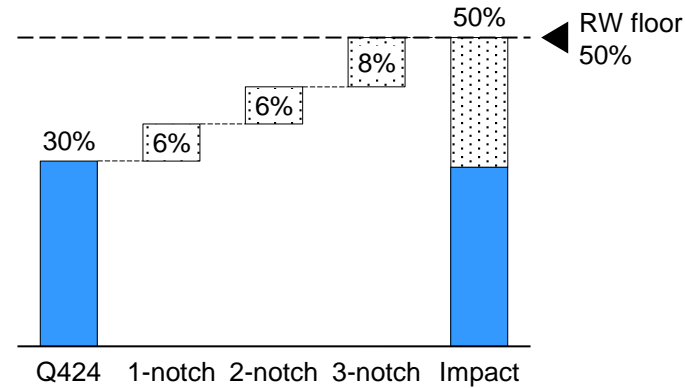
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)*

Low levels of risk exposure

Strong credit quality, with 93% of IFRS 9 portfolio in stage 1

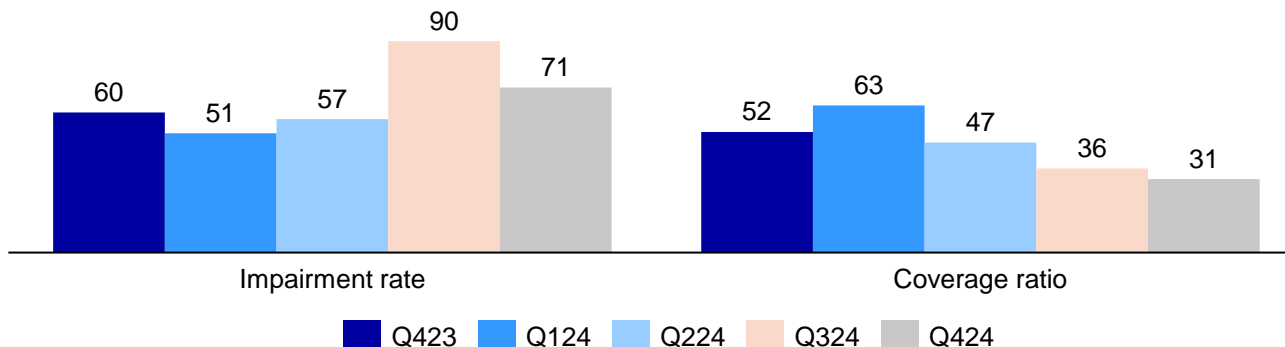


No REA impact even from 3-notch downgrade due to risk weight floors



- Continued strong credit quality, with slight improvement
- Only 5% of portfolio in stage 2
- 0.7% of portfolio impaired: slight decrease, driven by small number of individual customers
- Provision coverage 31%, reflecting high collateralisation
- REA protected by risk weight floors

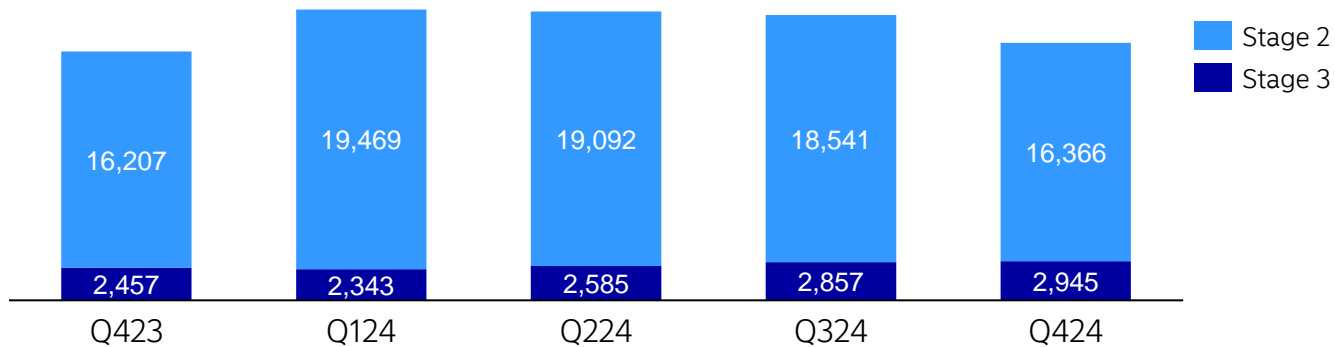
Low impairment rate and strong coverage for impaired portfolio



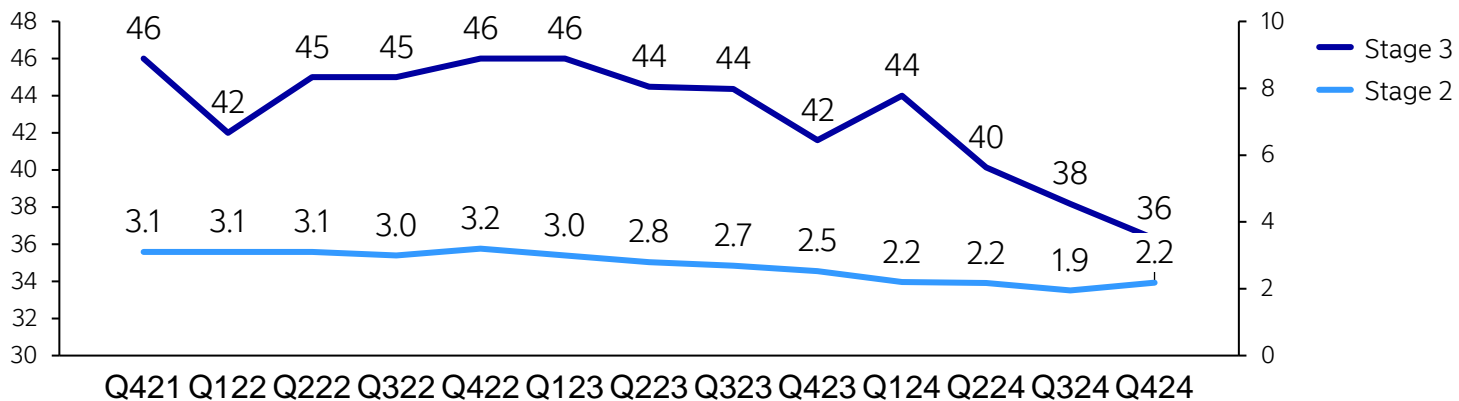
Impairments and provisioning coverage

Positive evolution in strong credit portfolio

Stage 2 and 3 loans at amortised cost, EURm



Coverage ratio, %



- **Stage 2 loans down EUR 2.2bn, to 6%**
 - Driven by favourable macro development
- **Stage 3 loans slightly up (+EUR 88m), but share in total lending stable at 1.04%**
- **Coverage ratio for stage 3 portfolio down to 36% due to model change**
 - More retail loans with lower provisioning requirements categorised as stage 3 due to model change