

Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Although Nordea believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for Nordea include, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

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Second-quarter highlights 2022

Executive summary

Continued growth in lending volumes, strong performance in corporate sector

- Mortgage volumes up 6% y/y, SME lending up 7% y/y and large corporate lending up 16% y/y. Assets under management down 9% q/q

Higher income and increased operating profit despite market turbulence

- Net interest income up 6%, net fee and commission income down 5% and net fair value result up 1%
- Operating profit up 2% compared with record levels in Q2 2021

Cost-to-income ratio* 49% – costs excluding regulatory fees down 1%

Strong credit quality – EUR 45m released from COVID-19 management judgement buffer

- Net loan losses and similar net result amounting to reversals of EUR 56m or 6bp during quarter

Return on equity* 13.3% and earnings per share EUR 0.28

EUR 4.5bn distributed to shareholders YTD and new EUR 1.5bn share buy-back programme launched

- CET1 ratio increased to 16.6% - 6.3pp above regulatory requirement

Outlook maintained: return on equity above 11% expected for 2022, supported by cost-to-income ratio of 49–50%

Key financials

Second-quarter results 2022

Income statement and key ratios EURm	Q222	Q221	Q2/Q2	Q122*	Q2/Q1
Net interest income	1,308	1,232	6%	1,308	0%
Net fee and commission income	838	878	-5%	870	-4%
Net fair value result	282	278	1%	295	-4%
Other income	16	30		17	
Total operating income	2,444	2,418	1%	2,490	-2%
Total operating expenses excl. regulatory fees	-1,122	-1,131	-1%	-1,116	1%
Total operating expenses	-1,139	-1,131	1%	-1,388	-18%
Profit before loan losses	1,305	1,287	1%	1,102	18%
Net loan losses and similar net result	56	51		12	
Operating profit	1,361	1,338	2%	1,114	22%
Cost-to-income ratio excl. regulatory fees, %	45.9	46.8		44.8	
Cost-to-income ratio**, %	49.2	49.1		48.0	
Return on equity**, %	13.3	11.4		12.5	
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.28	0.25	12%	0.22	27%

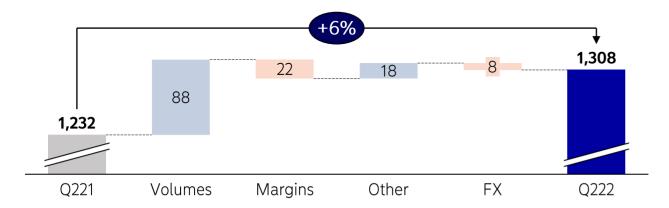
^{*} Excluding IAC; see page 5 in half-year 2022 interim report for details ** With amortised resolution fees

Nordea

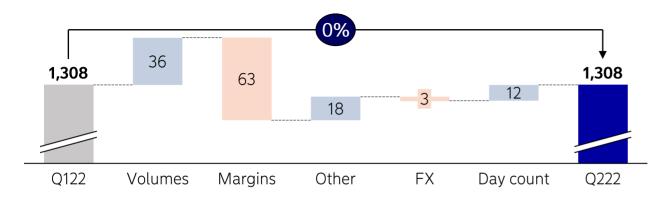
Net interest income

Continued strong volume growth, lower lending margins

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



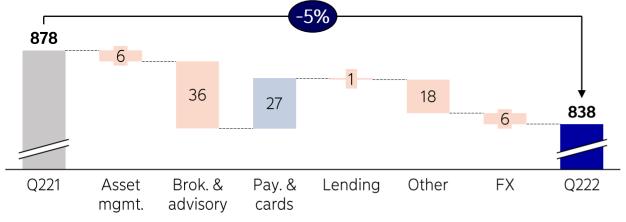
Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



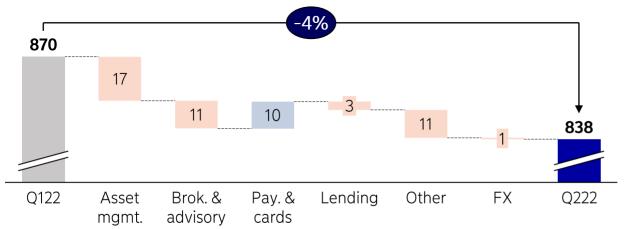
- Net interest income up 6%
- Strong lending volume growth across business areas
 - Strong performance in corporate sector with large corporate lending up 16%
- Lending margins down across business areas and countries
 - Margins pressured by increased funding costs
- Deposit margins up, driven by higher policy rates in Norway and Sweden

Higher payment and card income partly offsetting lower asset management, brokerage and advisory income

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

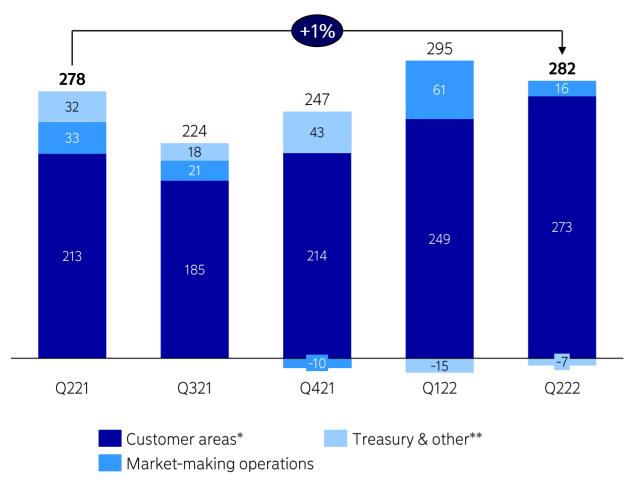


- Net fee and commission income down 5%
- Savings fees down following lower assets under management
 - Assets under management down 7% but net flow was positive
- Brokerage and advisory fee income down from record levels of Q2 2021
 - Customer activity negatively impacted by volatile market conditions
- Payment and card fee income up due to higher customer activity

Net fair value result

High customer activity driving net fair value result

Net fair value result, EURm



- * Excludes fair value adjustments to loans held at fair value in Nordea Kredit
- ** Includes valuation adjustments and FX

- High customer activity
 - Strong interest in FX and rates products
- Gains related to restructuring of Offshore portfolio
- Market-making subdued challenging market conditions for fixed income



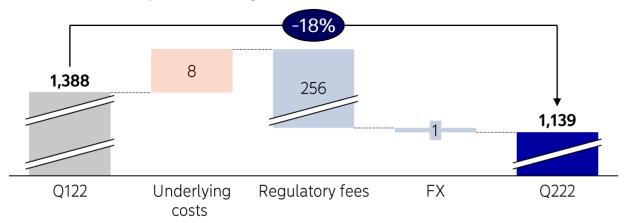
Costs

Underlying costs stable

Year-over-year bridge, EURm



Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



Costs up 1% from Swedish bank tax

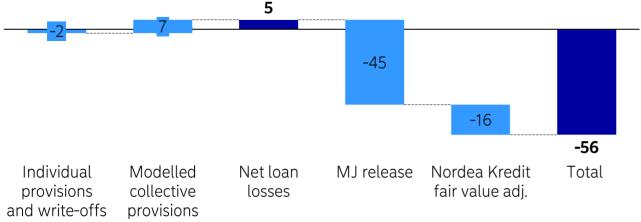
- Costs excluding regulatory fees down 1%



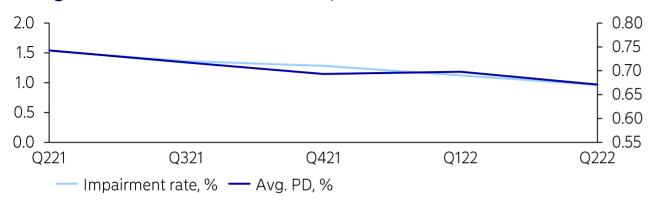
Net loan losses and similar net result

Net reversals and lower non-performing loans

Net loan losses and similar net result Q2 2022, EURm



Stage 3 loans and PD of total loans, %

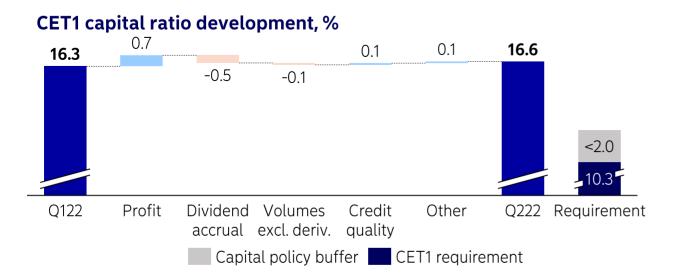


Net loan losses and similar net result amounting to reversals of EUR 56m (6bp)

- Very low new provisions
- Continued reversals from Shipping and Oil, gas and offshore portfolio restructuring
- Weaker macro-economic outlook incorporated in provisioning models
- Management judgement buffer reduced by EUR 45m to EUR 565m
 - Credit risk related to COVID-19 assessed as reduced
- Continued strong credit quality and further decrease in nonperforming loans

Capital

Strong position; new share buy-back launched



REA development, EURbn 152 153 152 151 151 Q221 Q321 Q421 Q122 Q222

CET1 capital ratio increased to 16.6%

- 6.3 percentage points above regulatory requirement
- CET1 capital down EUR 0.1bn following FX effects, partly offset by profit generation net of dividend accrual
- Risk exposure amount EUR 151bn positive credit migration

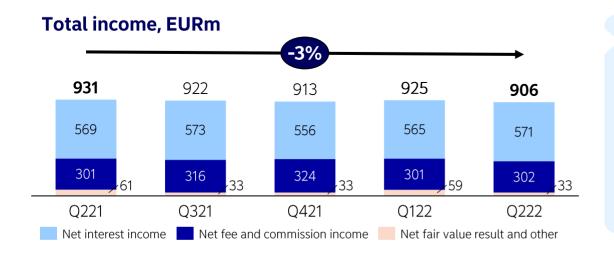
Good progress on share buybacks

- EUR 3bn returned to shareholders via buy-backs
- Third EUR 1.5bn programme approved by the ECB

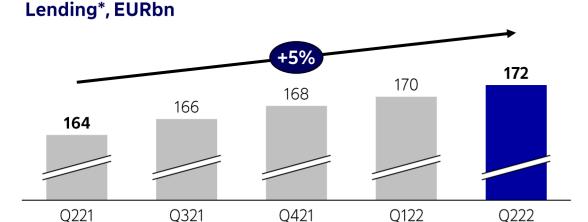


Personal Banking

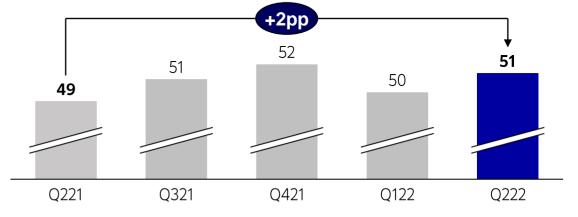
Strong growth in mortgage lending volumes and increased funding costs



- Total income excluding one-offs up 1%
- Increased mortgage market shares across Nordics
- Strong volume growth and higher deposit margins partly offset by mortgage margin pressure
- Higher payment and card fee income partly offset by lower savings and investment income
- Cost-to-income ratio 51% higher regulatory fees







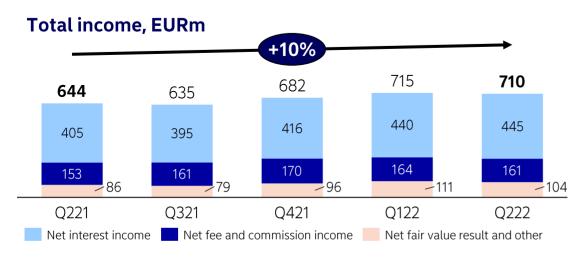


^{*} Excluding FX effects

^{**} With amortised resolution fees

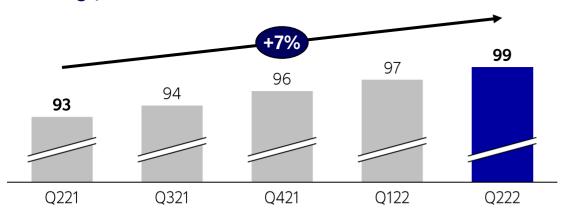
Business Banking

Continued strong income growth driven by high customer activity

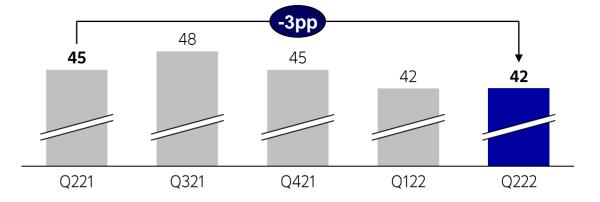


- Total income up 10%
- Lending volumes up 7%, driven by Sweden and Norway
- Strong growth in net fair value result, driven by high customer demand for FX and IR hedging products
- Continued strong credit quality
- Improvement in cost-to-income ratio, now 42%

Lending*, EURbn



Cost-to-income ratio**, %





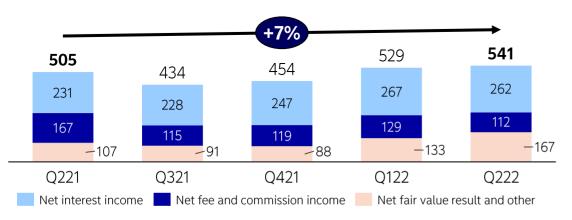
^{*} Excluding FX effects

^{**} With amortised resolution fees

Large Corporates & Institutions

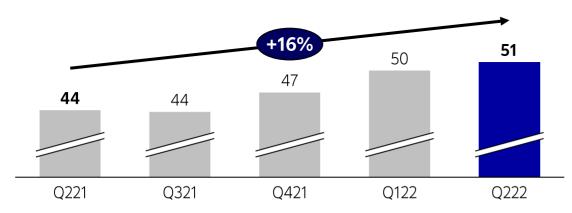
Very strong lending growth and high customer activity in volatile markets

Total income, EURm

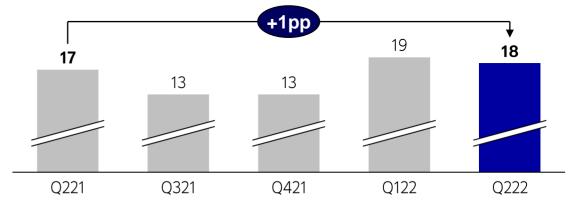


- Total income up 7%
 - Net interest income up 13% and lending volumes up 16%
 - Commission income lower following weaker capital markets
 - High customer activity and gains related to restructurings driving significant net fair value increase
- Net loan loss reversals of EUR 14m
- Return on capital at risk 18% and cost-to-income ratio 38%

Lending*, EURbn



Return on capital at risk**, %

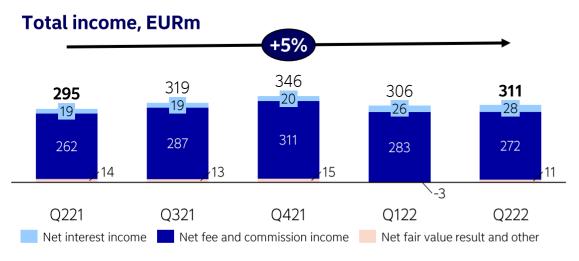




^{*} Excluding repos

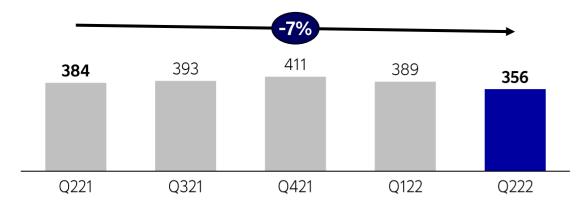
^{**} With amortised resolution fees

Total income up despite market turbulence and lower assets under management

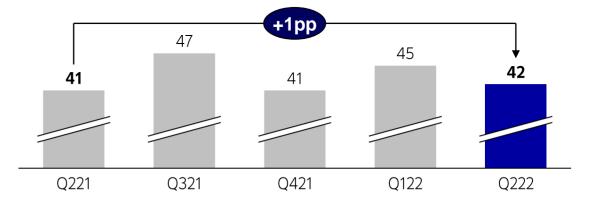


- Total income up 5%, driven by better asset management margins and higher net interest income
- Assets under management down 7% to EUR 356bn
 - Net inflow of EUR 1.3bn (annualised 1%) during quarter
- Record-high net flows in Private Banking across Nordics despite market turbulence
- Cost-to-income ratio 42%

Assets under management, EURbn



Cost-to-income ratio*, %



Nordea

2025: The preferred financial partner in the Nordics

Raising the bar on financial performance

Driving best-in-class omnichannel customer experiences and further value creation for shareholders

Well equipped for the future

2025 financial target

Return on equity

>13%

Assumes CET1 requirement of 15–16%, including management buffer

Supported in 2025 by

Cost-to-income ratio

45-47%

Loan losses

Normalised ~10bp

Capital and dividend policy

60–70% dividend payout ratio; excess capital distributed through buy-backs

Management buffer of 150–200bp above regulatory CET1 requirement



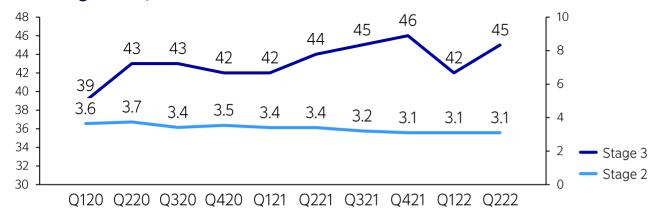
Impairments and provisioning coverage

Continued strong credit quality

Stage 2 and 3 loans at amortised cost, EURm



Coverage ratio, %

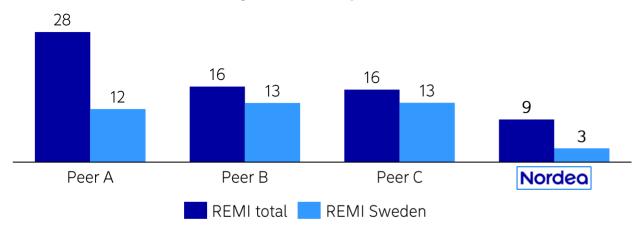


- Stage 3 impaired loans further reduced, to 0.96% from 1.12% in Q1
- Stage 2 loans down 3% q/q
- Coverage ratio for remaining
 Stage 3 portfolio improved from
 42% to 45%
- Weaker macro-economic outlook offset by continued improvement in portfolio credit quality

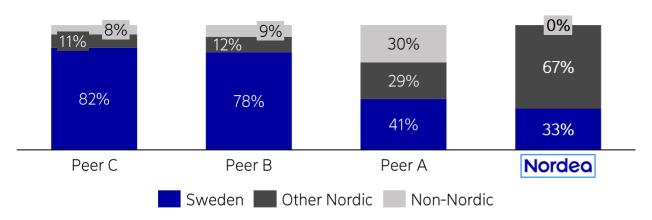
Real estate management industry (REMI)

Low relative exposure and well-diversified REMI portfolio

REMI as % of total lending, Q1 2022 reports*



REMI geographic diversification



- Nordea has low share of total lending towards REMI compared with peers
- Nordea REMI portfolio (EUR 30bn*) is well diversified with low exposure to Swedish REMI lending compared with peers
 - Nordea exposure 3% vs. Swedish peer average of 13%

High-quality portfolio

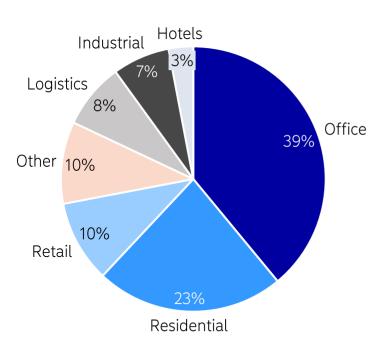
- Our stress tests suggest very limited provisions even from potential large price decreases
- Strict underwriting standards with focus on cash flows, diversified businesses in favourable locations and interest rate risk hedging requirements



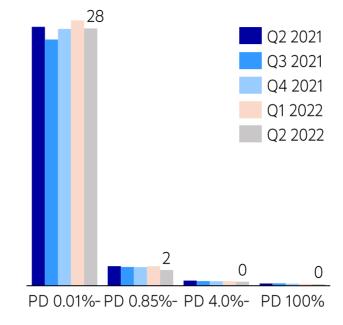
Real estate management industry (REMI)

Well diversified with high quality

Distribution of REMI property types, EUR 30bn*



Distribution of REMI by probability of default (PD), EURbn*

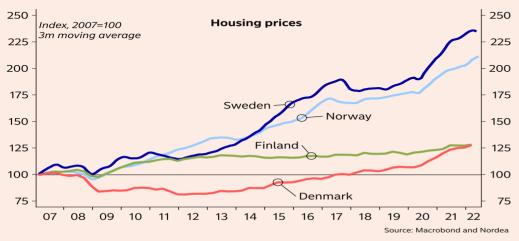


- Diversified portfolio
- Nearly two-thirds of portfolio consists of resilient office and residential properties
- Growing demand for properties supporting e-commerce and lastmile logistics
- 92% of exposure towards low-risk customers in Q2

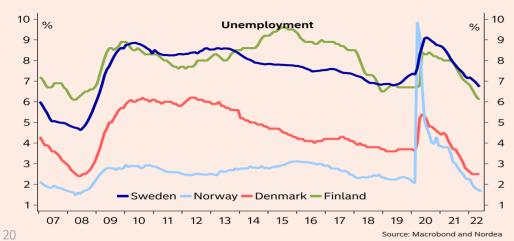
Nordic economies

Nordic economies are cooling down

Housing prices



Unemployment rate



Nordic outlook dampened by higher inflation and interest rates

- Danish GDP down 0.5% g/g in O1. Unemployment sideways at 2.5% in May. House prices up 6.5% and apartment prices up 4.7% v/v in O1.
- Finnish GDP up 0.5% q/q in Q1. Unemployment down to 6.1% in Mav and housing prices up 1.4% y/y in May.
- Norwegian mainland GDP down 0.6% g/g in O1. Unemployment sideways at 1.6% in June and housing prices up 6.4% y/y in June.
- Swedish GDP down 0.8% g/g in Q1. Unemployment down to 6.7% in May and housing prices up 2.9% v/v in May.

GDP, % y/y (Economic Outlook May 2022)

Country	2021	2022E	2023E
Denmark	4.7	3.5	1.0
Finland	3.5	2.0	1.5
Norway	4.2	3.5	2.0
Sweden	4.7	3.0	1.0

