

**Nordea**

**Half-year results 2024**



## Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Although Nordea believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for Nordea include, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

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## **Executive summary**

### **Continued high-quality income growth**

- Net interest income up 4%, net fee and commission income up 6% and net fair value result down 15%. Total income up 3%
- Operating profit remained strong, 2% lower compared to Q2 2023

### **Return on equity\* 17.9% and earnings per share EUR 0.37**

### **Mortgage lending volumes stable, deposit volumes and assets under management up**

- Mortgage lending stable and corporate lending down slightly. Retail deposits up 1% and corporate deposits up 5% y/y. AuM up 10% y/y

### **Stable cost-to-income ratio with amortised resolution fees: 42.6%**

### **Solid credit quality – net loan losses increase mainly driven by provisions on few single corporate exposures**

- Net loan losses and similar net result EUR 68m or 8bp
- Management judgement buffer at EUR 464m – EUR 30m released, reflecting lower provisioning needs

### **Continued strong capital position**

- CET1 ratio 17.5% – 4.4pp above current regulatory requirement. ECB approval for new capital models for retail exposures

### **2024 outlook unchanged: return on equity above 15%**

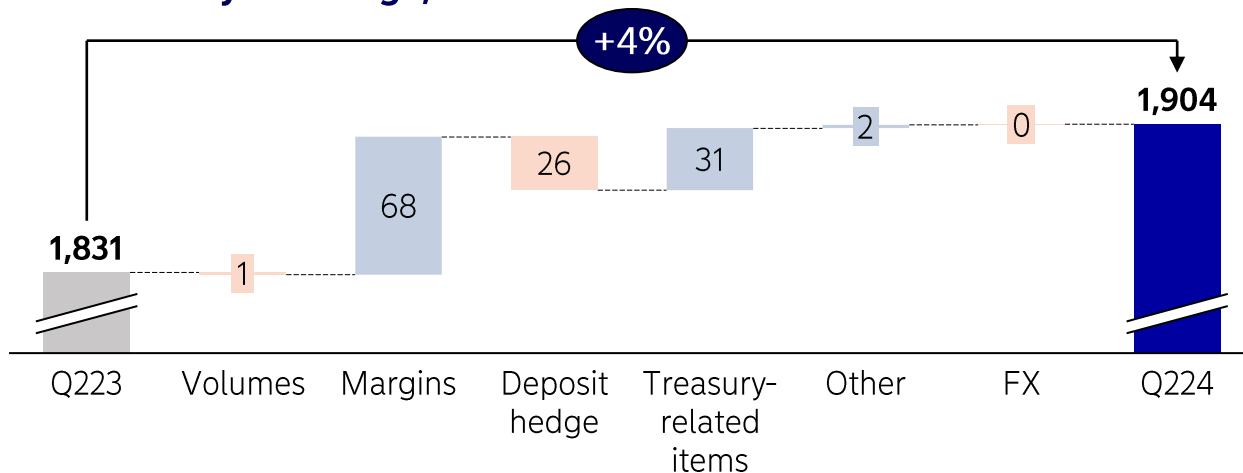
**Second-quarter results 2024**

Income statement and key ratios EURm	Q224	Q223	Q2/Q2	Q124	Q2/Q1
Net interest income	1,904	1,831	4%	1,954	-3%
Net fee and commission income	795	751	6%	763	4%
Net insurance result	63	68	-7%	61	3%
Net fair value result	247	290	-15%	291	-15%
Other income	21	15	40%	16	31%
<b>Total operating income</b>	<b>3,030</b>	<b>2,955</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>3,085</b>	<b>-2%</b>
Total operating expenses excluding regulatory fees	-1,260	-1,184	6%	-1,226	3%
Total operating expenses	-1,278	-1,205	6%	-1,289	-1%
<b>Profit before loan losses</b>	<b>1,752</b>	<b>1,750</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>1,796</b>	<b>-2%</b>
Net loan losses and similar net result	-68	-32		-33	
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>1,684</b>	<b>1,718</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>1,763</b>	<b>-4%</b>
Cost-to-income ratio excl. regulatory fees, %	41.6	40.1		39.7	
Cost-to-income ratio*, %	42.6	42.8		40.7	
Return on equity*, %	17.9	18.4		18.1	
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.37	0.37	0%	0.38	-3%

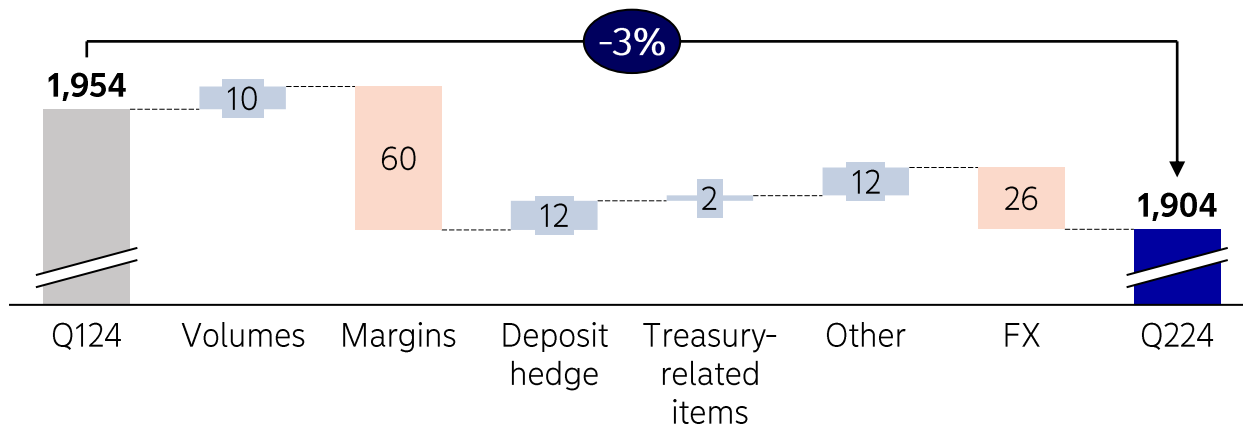
Net interest income

## Stable volumes, improved margins

### Year-over-year bridge, EURm



### Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

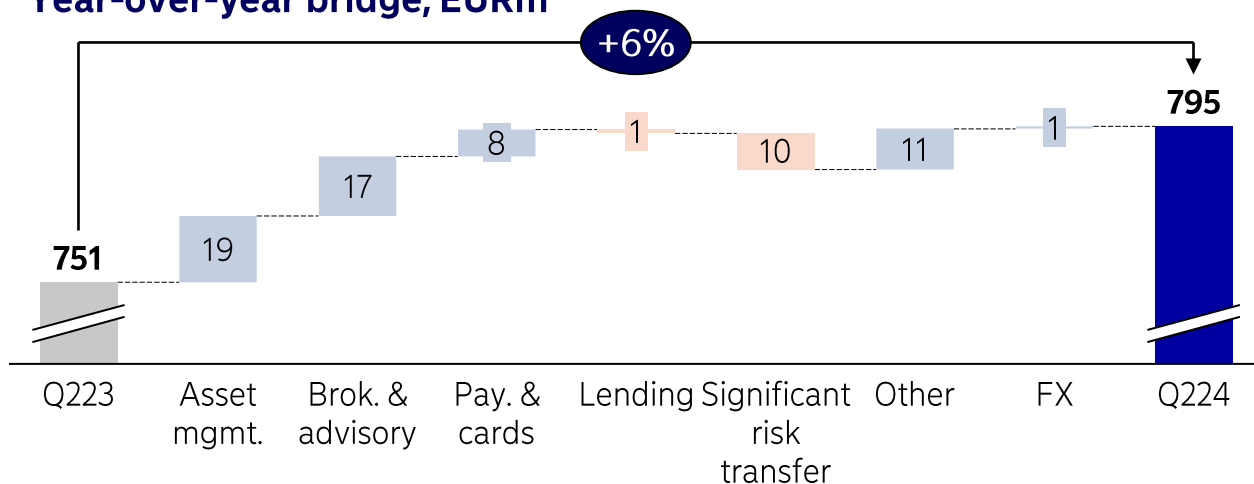


- **Net interest income up 4%**
- **Mortgage lending stable and deposits up**
  - Mortgage volumes stable
  - Corporate lending down 1%
  - Retail deposits up 1%
  - Corporate deposits up 5%
- **Net interest margin 1.83%, up 14bp**
  - Improved lending and deposit margins

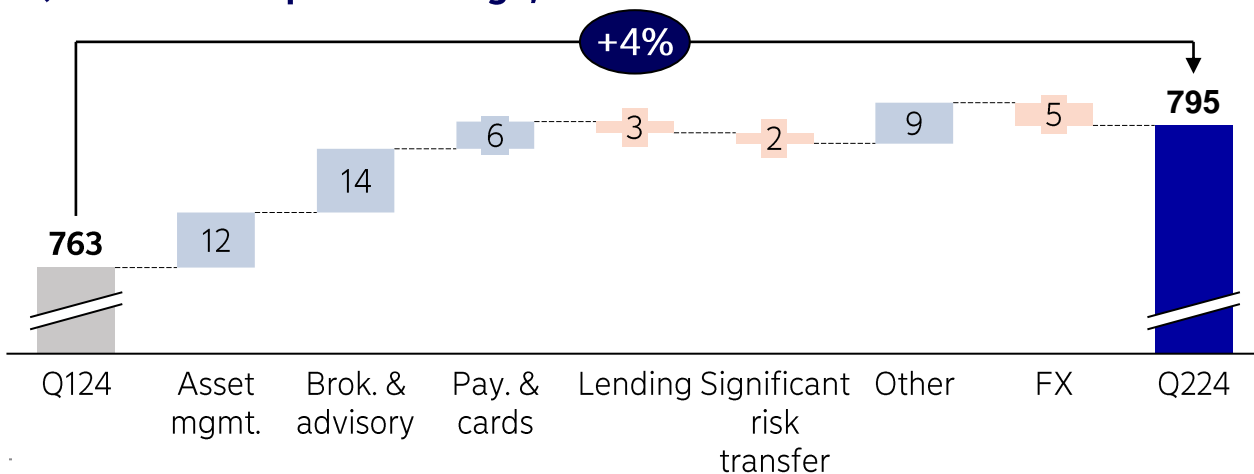
Net fee and commission income

## Return to growth driven by higher savings and capital markets activity

### Year-over-year bridge, EURm



### Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



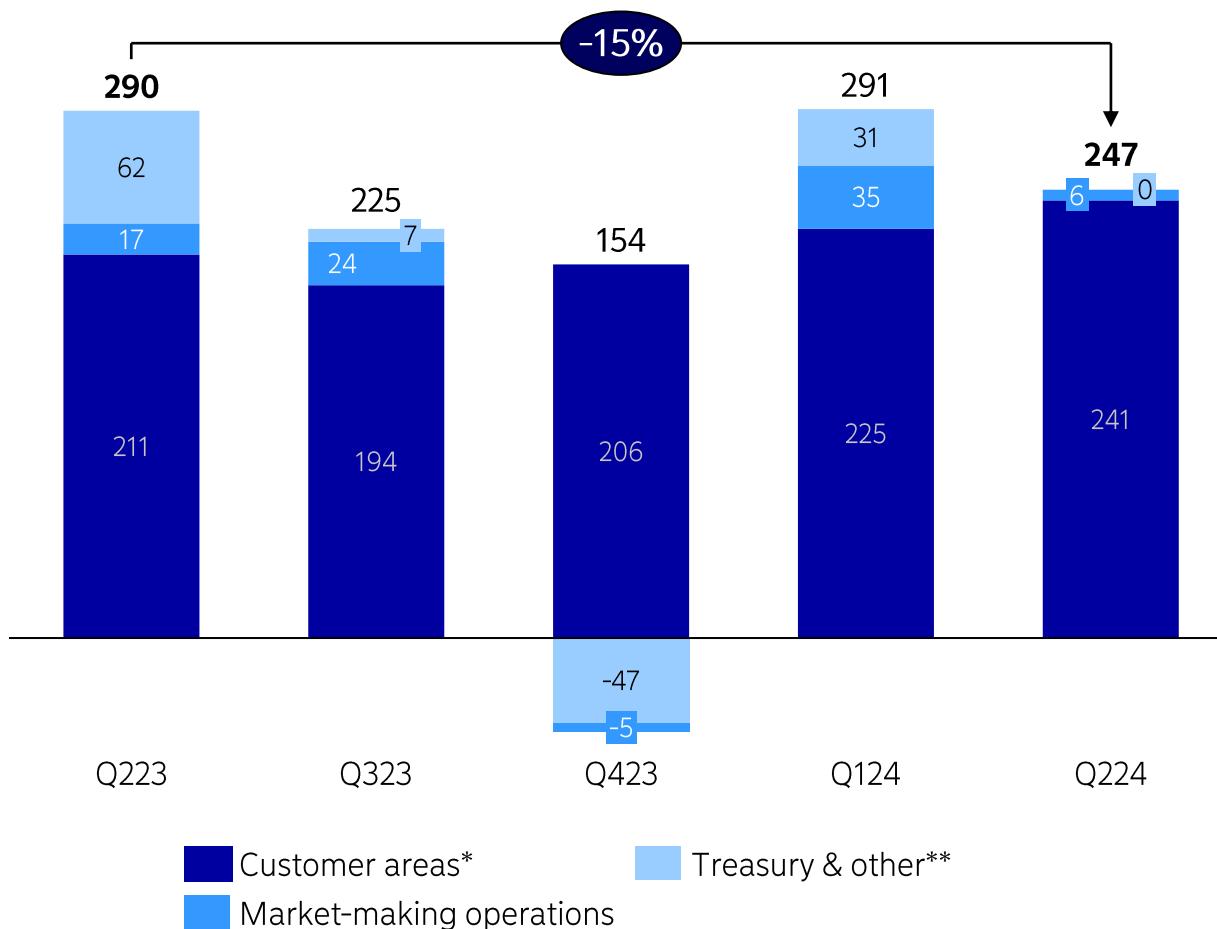
- **Net fee and commission income up 6%**
- **Savings fee income up due to higher assets under management**
  - AuM up 10% to EUR 400bn
  - Net flows from Nordic channels (86% of AuM) EUR 1.9bn
  - International channels (14% of AuM) net outflows EUR 1.4bn
- **Brokerage and advisory fee income up in stronger market**
- **Payment and card fee income up due to higher activity**



Net fair value result

## Higher business activity in customer areas

Net fair value result, EURm

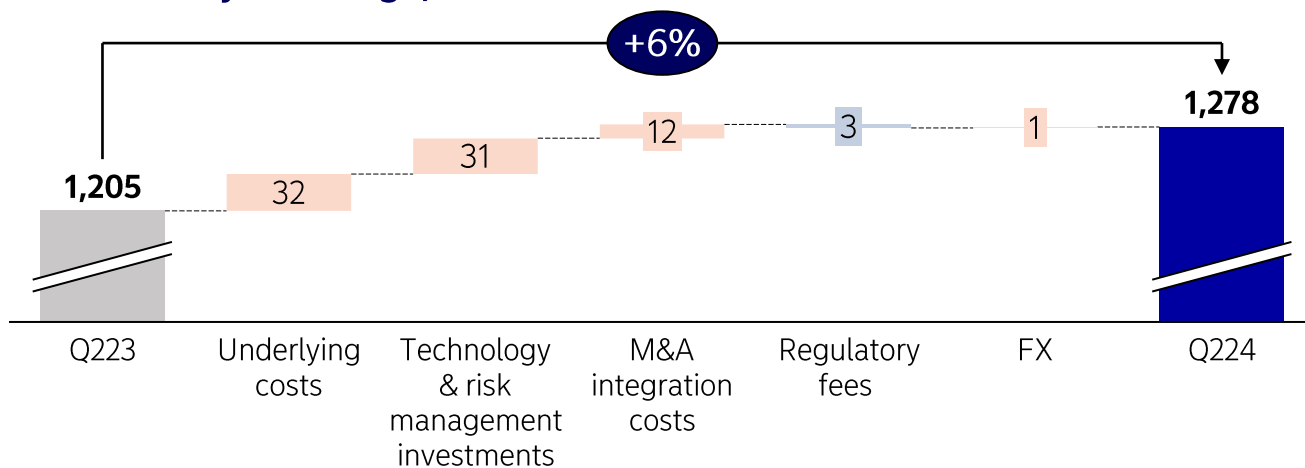


- Higher business activity in customer areas mainly in FX and rates products
- Market-making slightly down from Q223 that saw high activity in rates products
- Treasury down from high Q223 as low volatility resulted in stable valuations of hedges and holdings

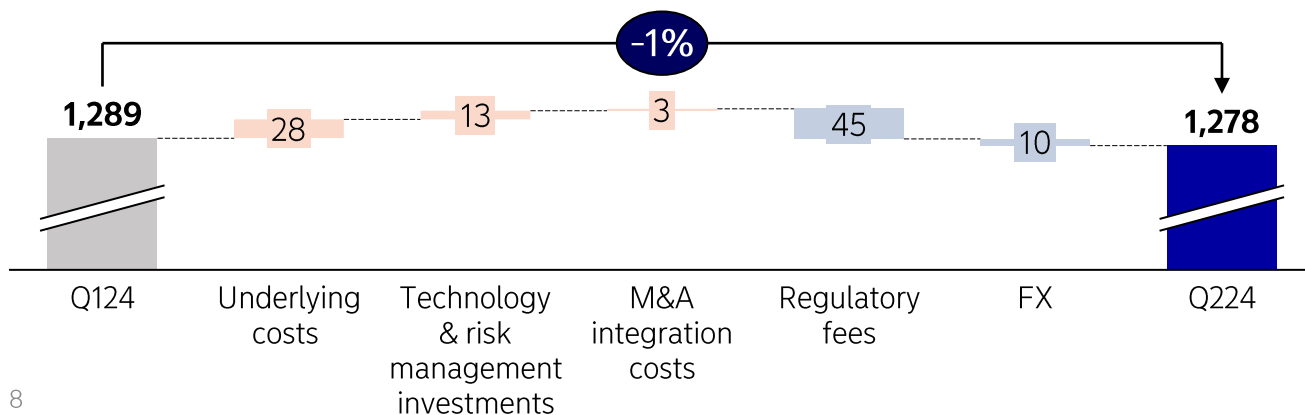
Costs

## Costs in line with plan

### Year-over-year bridge, EURm



### Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



- **Costs up 6% from investments and inflation, in line with plan**

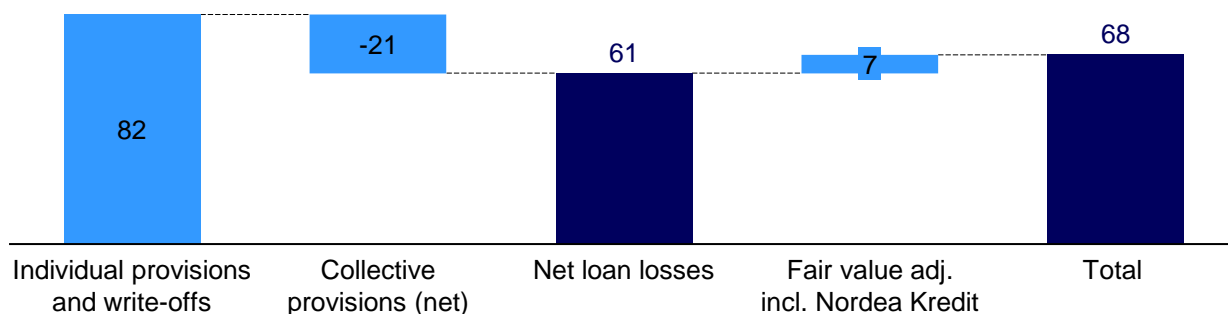
- Underlying costs up, driven by salary inflation and higher business activity
- Further investments in technology infrastructure, data and AI, digital offering, financial crime prevention and other risk management capabilities
- M&A integration costs related to acquisition of Danske Bank's personal customer and private banking business in Norway



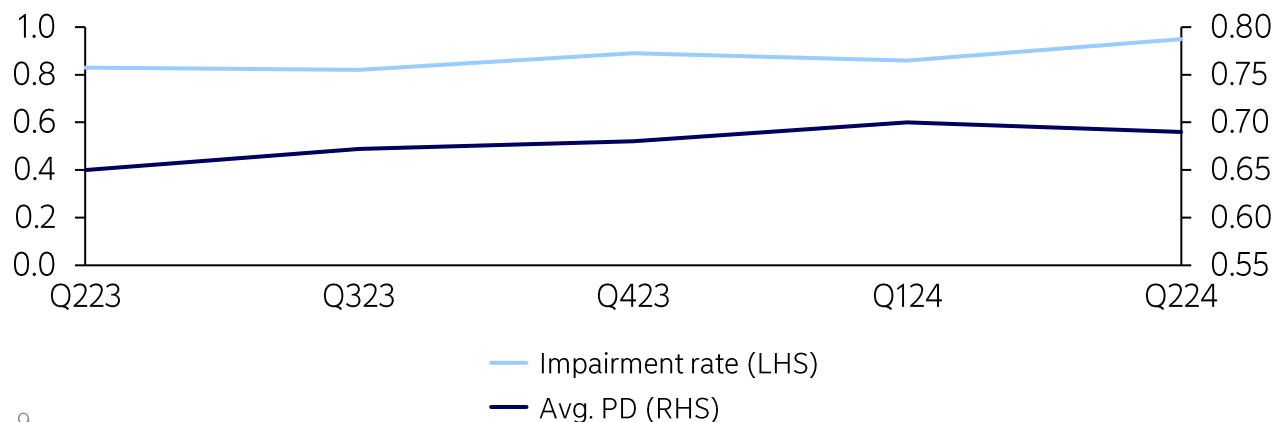
Net loan losses and similar net result

## Continued solid credit quality

### Net loan losses and similar net result, EURm



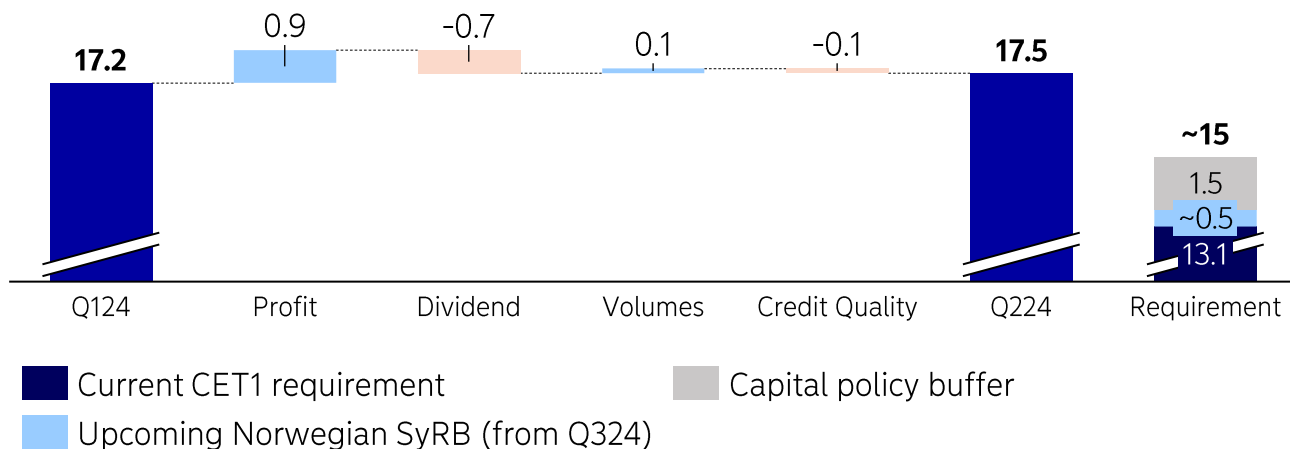
### Impaired (Stage 3) loans and PD of total loans, %



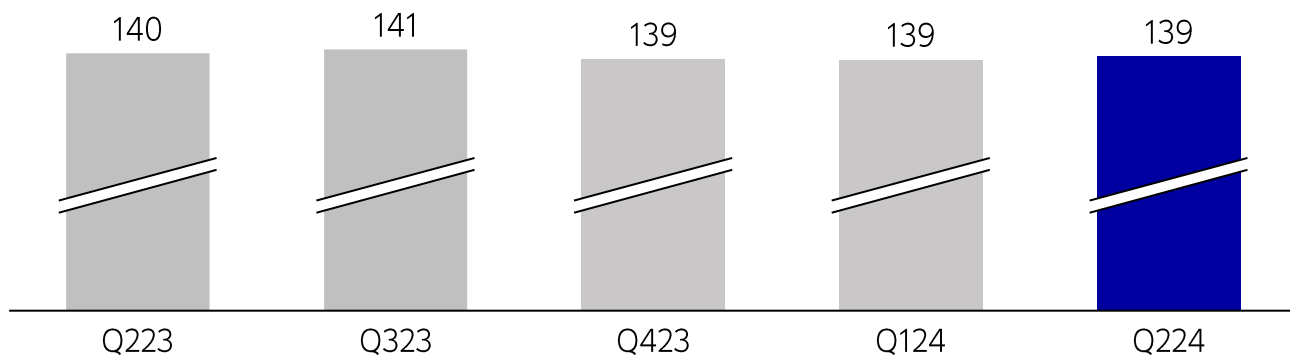
- **Total net loan losses and similar net result at EUR 68m (8bp)**
  - Continued solid credit quality
  - New individual provisions up from Q1, driven by few single corporate exposures
  - Collective provisions include EUR 30m management judgement release due to improved macroeconomic outlook and lower interest rates
- **Overall provisions held at EUR 1.8bn and coverage unchanged**
  - Management judgement buffer now at EUR 464m, after EUR 30m release reflecting lower provisioning needs
- **Continued low level of defaulted loans**
  - Stage 3 loans at 0.95% (0.86% in Q1)
  - Average PD decreased 1bp to 0.69%

## Continued strong capital generation

### CET1 capital ratio development, %



### REA development, EURbn



- **CET1 capital ratio increased to 17.5%**

- 4.4 percentage points above regulatory requirement
- CET1 capital increased EUR 0.5bn due to profit accumulation net of dividend accrual and FX effects
- Risk exposure amount increased by EUR 0.8bn mainly due to FX effects and credit migration, partially offset by lower corporate volumes

- **Capital well above requirement**

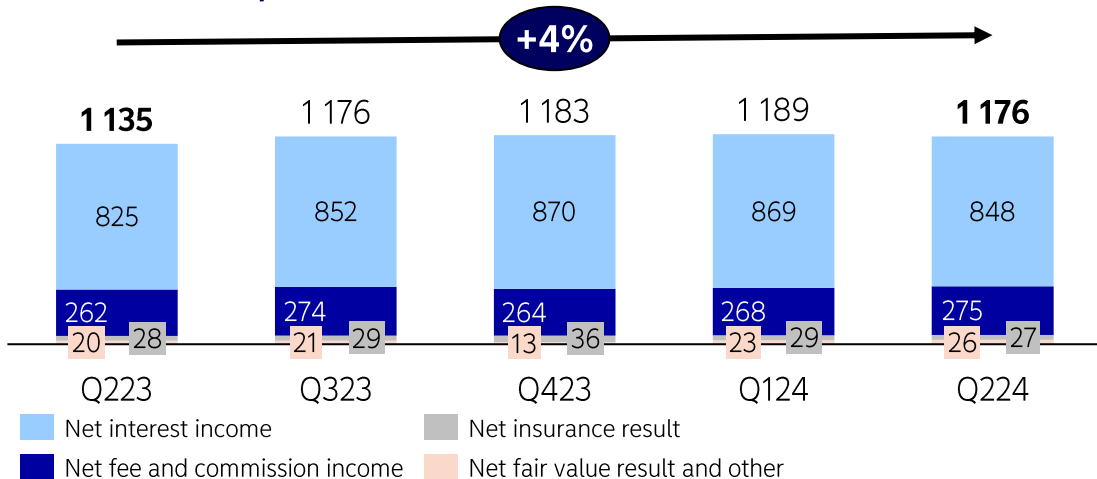
- Management buffer of 150bp above CET1 requirement
- Implied target CET1 ratio of ~15%

- **Retail models approved and Basel IV impact revised**

- REA increase as of Q125 broadly in line with estimate
- Dialogue initiated with ECB on resuming share buy-backs from early 2025

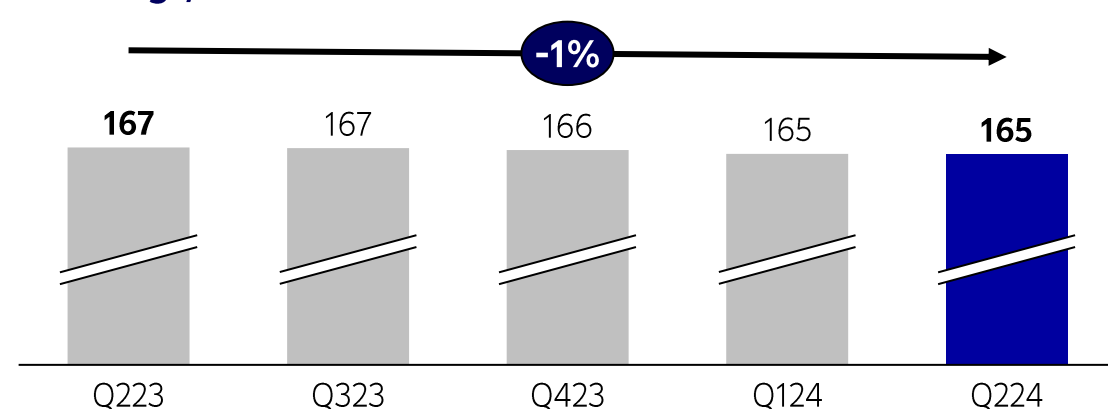
## Solid income growth driven by deposit and savings products

### Total income, EURm

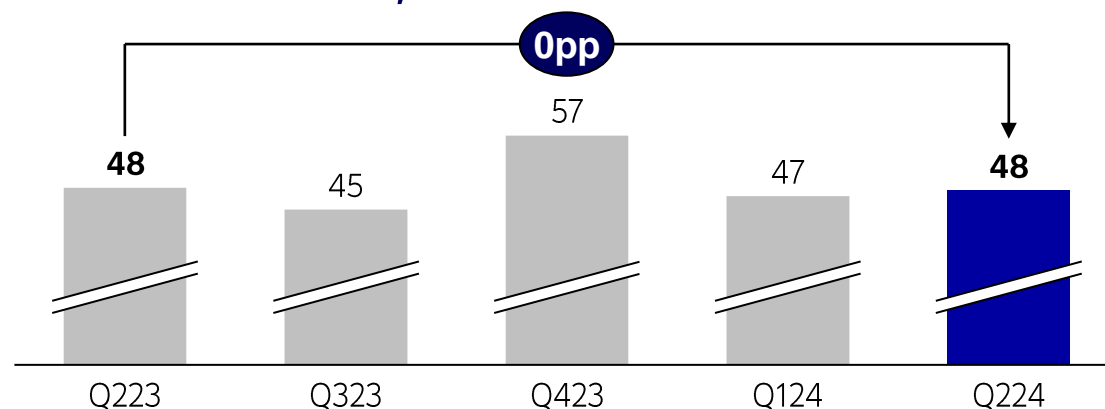


- Total income up 4%
- Net interest income up 3%, driven by deposit margins
- Deposit volumes up 2%
- Mortgage volumes stable
- Net fee and commission income up 5%, driven by savings
- Cost-to-income ratio stable at 48%

### Lending\*, EURbn

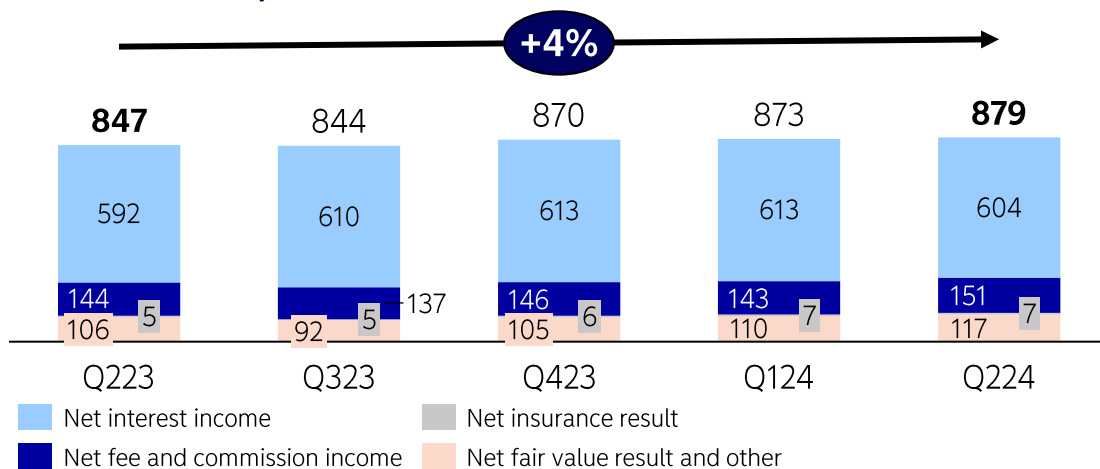


### Cost-to-income ratio\*\*, %



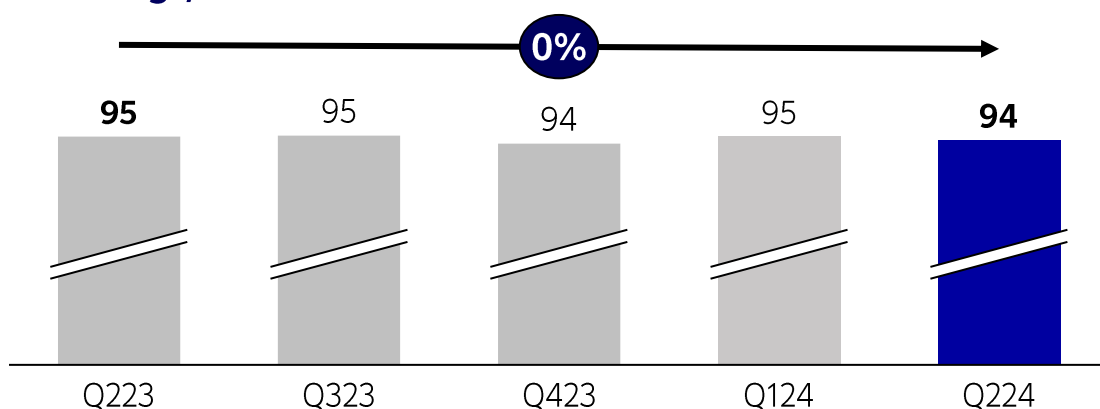
## Solid income growth in slower markets

### Total income, EURm

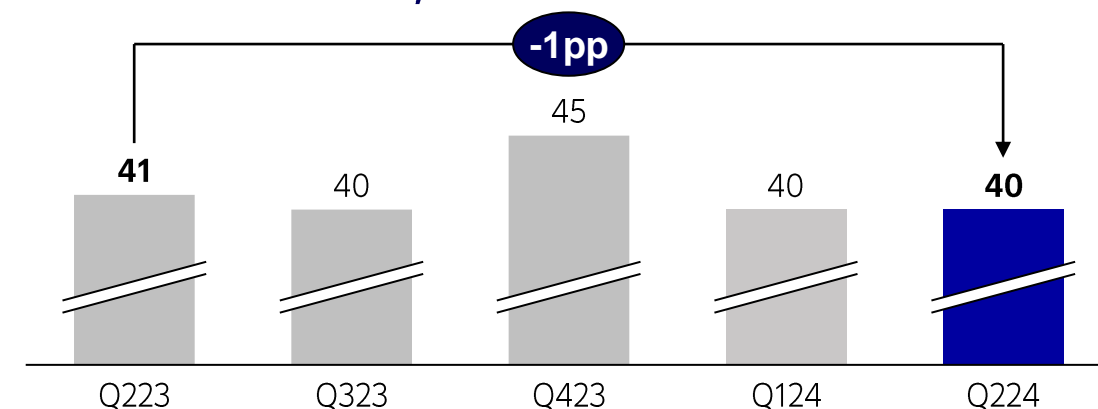


- Total income up 4%
- Net interest income up 2%, supported by improved deposit margins and deposit volume growth, up 1%
- Lending volumes stable following subdued corporate market
- Net fee and commission income up 5%, mainly driven by higher activity in debt and equity capital markets
- Improved cost-to-income ratio: 40%

### Lending\*, EURbn

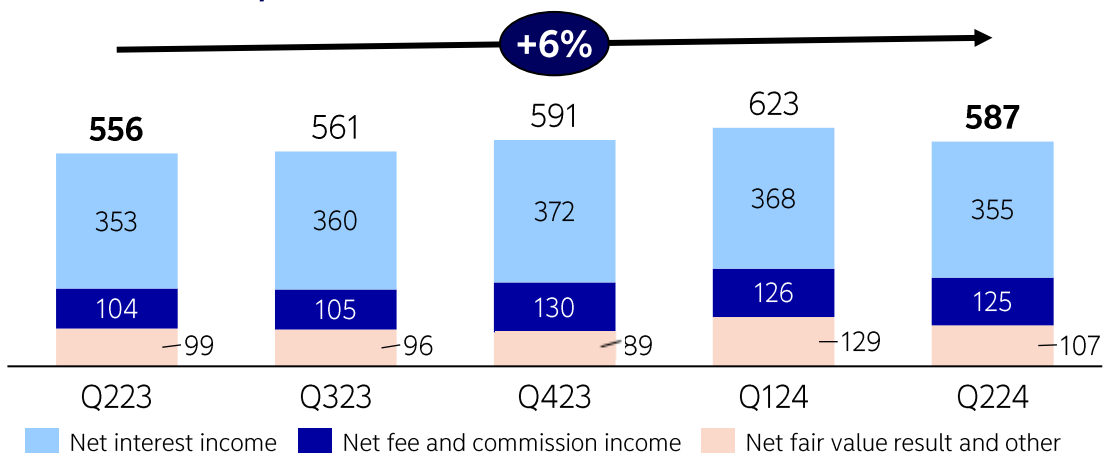


### Cost-to-income ratio\*\*, %



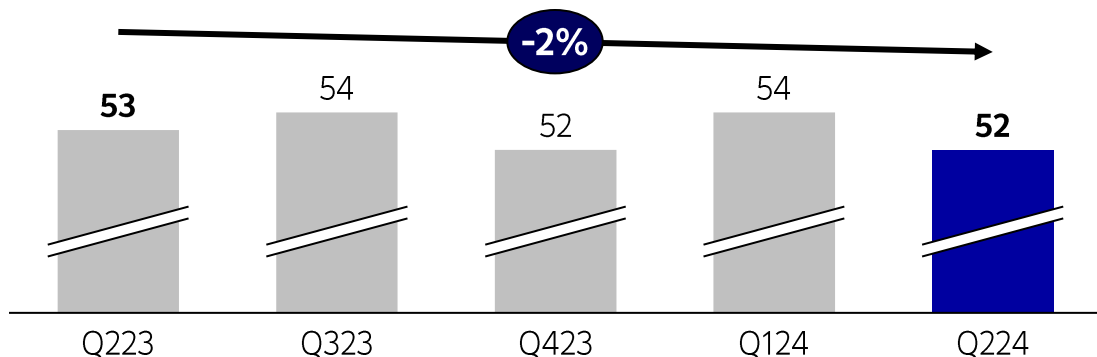
## Strong net fee and commission income and solid customer activity

### Total income, EURm

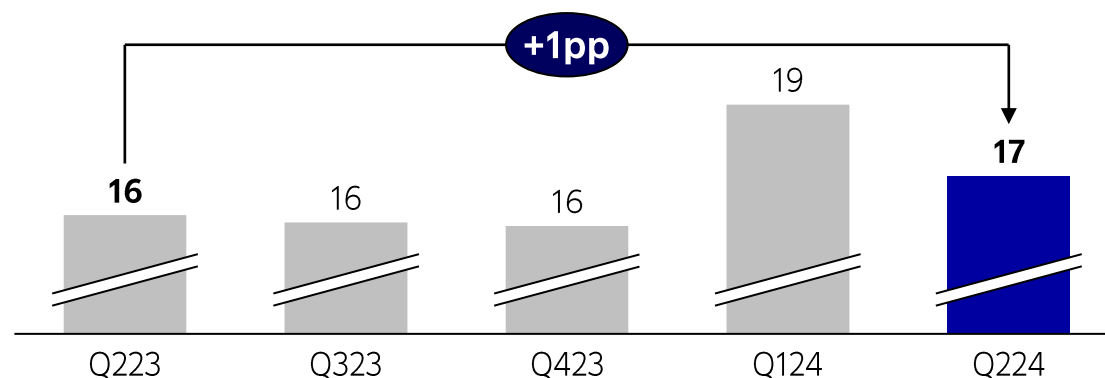


- Total income up 6%
- Net interest income up 1%, driven by positive margin development
- Deposit volumes up 12%
- Net fee and commission income up 20%, mainly driven by debt capital markets and improving corporate finance activity
- Net fair value income up 8%; solid customer activity
- Return on allocated equity 17% and cost-to-income ratio 38%

### Lending\*, EURbn

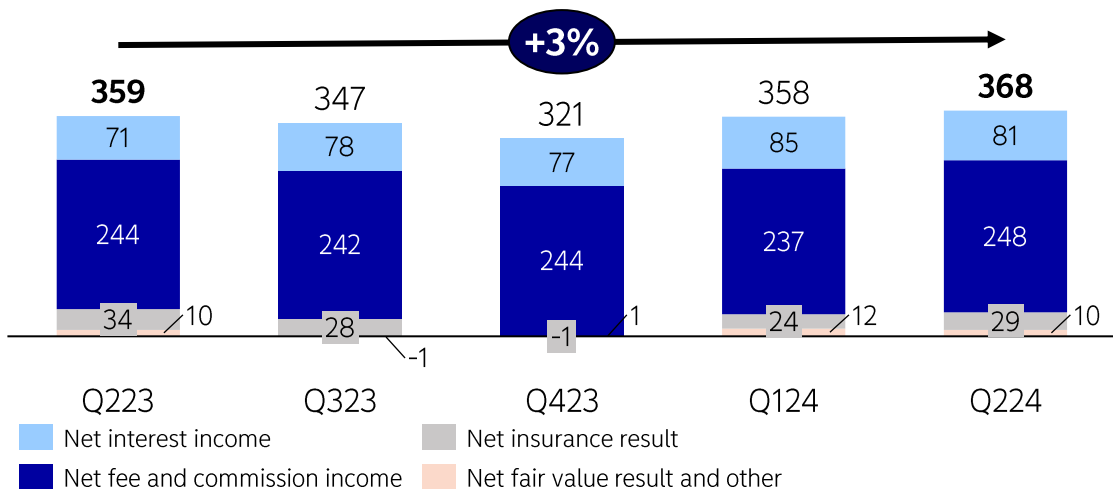


### Return on allocated equity\*\*, %



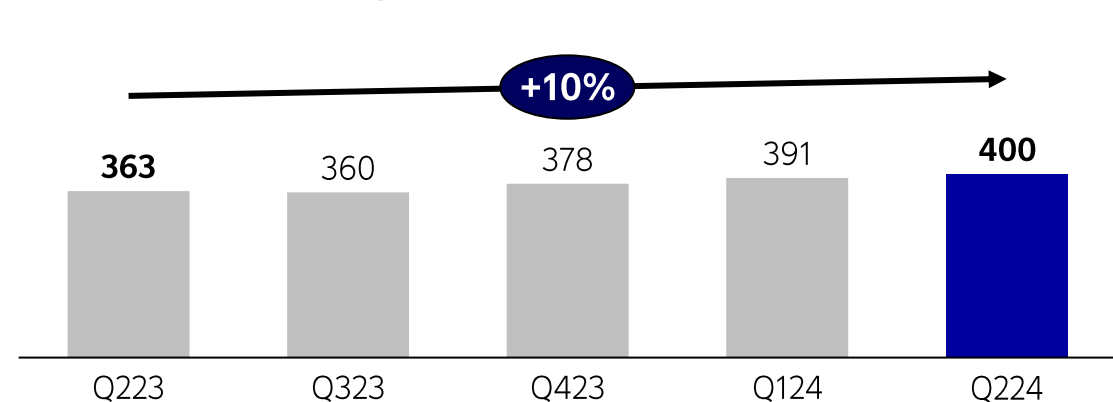
## Strong momentum in private banking and continued positive net flow in Nordic channels

### Total income, EURm

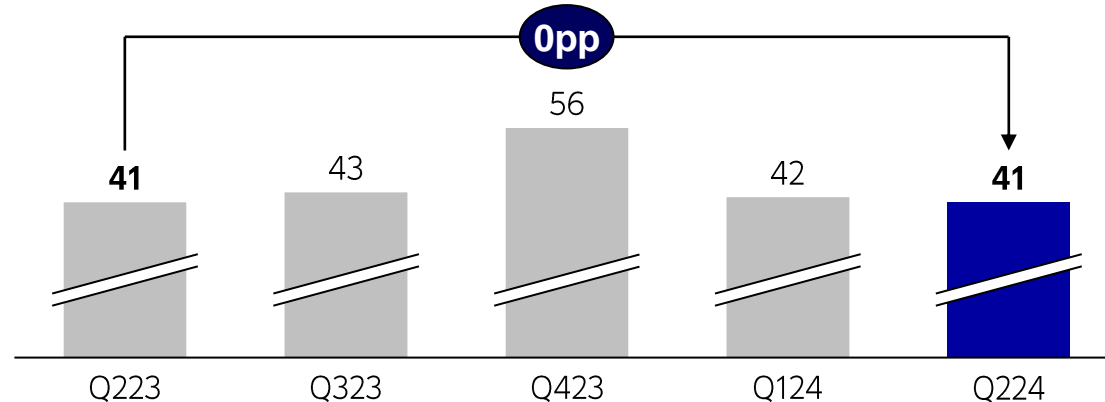


- Total income up 3%, driven by higher net interest income coupled with higher assets under management
- Assets under management up 10% to EUR 400bn
  - Nordic channels inflows of EUR 1.9bn during quarter
  - International channels outflows of EUR 1.4bn
- Cost-to-income ratio stable at 41%

### Assets under management, EURbn



### Cost-to-income ratio\*, %





# 2025: The preferred financial partner in the Nordics

**Uniquely well placed – Nordic diversification at scale**

**Driving profitable growth and operational and capital efficiency**

**Sustainably higher profitability and capital generation**

**Unchanged outlook for 2024**

## **2025 financial target**

**Return on equity**  
**>15%**

Assumes CET1 requirement of 15%,  
including management buffer

Rates assumed to normalise at ~2%

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**Supported in 2025 by**

**Cost-to-income ratio**  
44–46%

**Loan losses**  
Normalised ~10bp annually

**Capital and dividend policies**  
60–70% dividend payout ratio; excess  
capital distributed through buy-backs  
Management buffer of 150bp above  
regulatory CET1 requirement



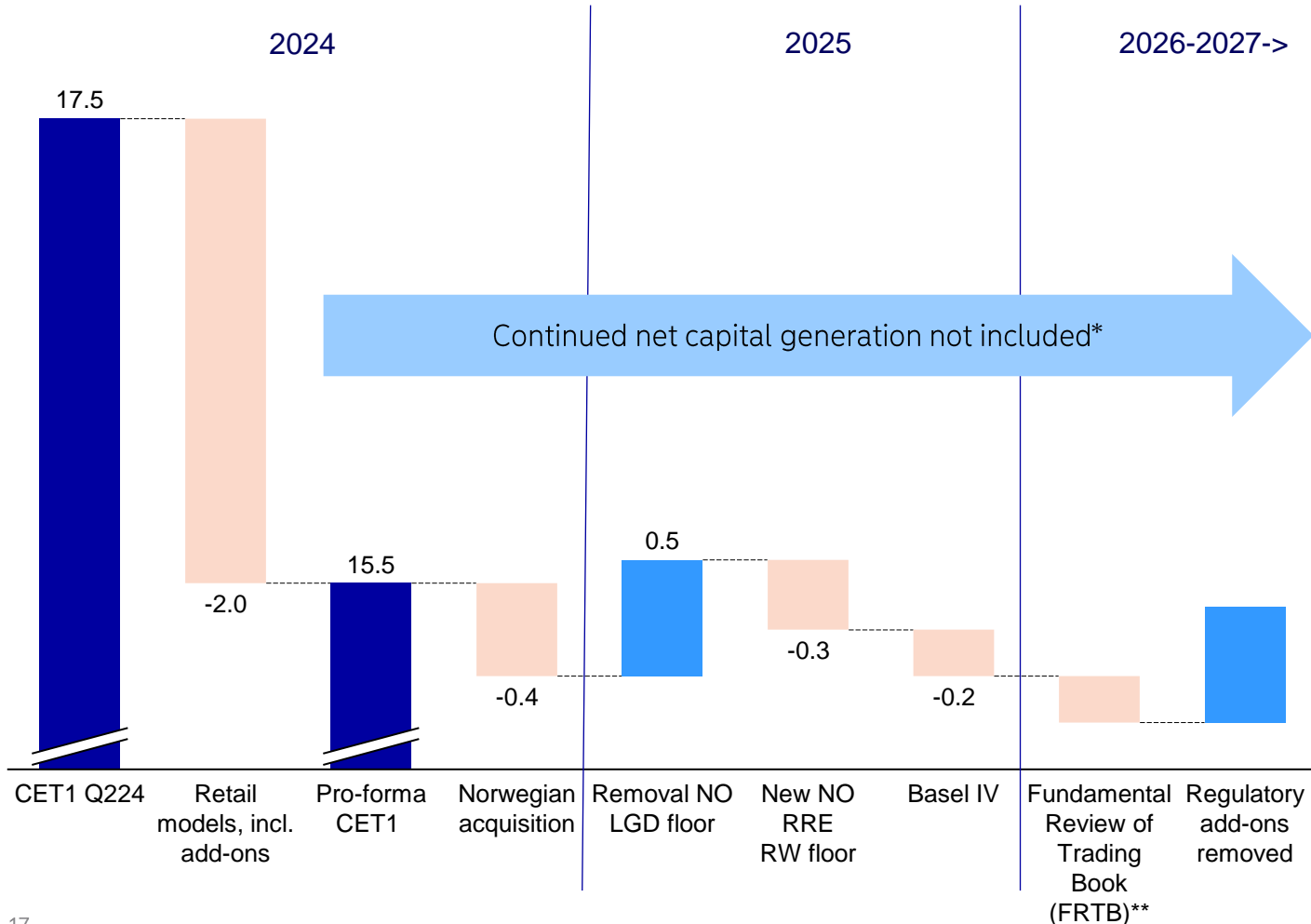
Nordea



Capital excellence

## Retail models approved; Basel IV impact updated

### Main forward-looking items impacting CET 1 ratio, %



- **EUR 17bn REA increase in Q125 from retail models and Basel IV, broadly in-line with estimate**
  - Earlier estimated at EUR 16bn (EUR 10bn models, EUR 6bn Basel IV)
- **Initial model impact EUR 17bn REA increase in Q324**
  - EUR 5bn REA reduction from NO LGD floors – removed in connection with local implementation of CRR3, currently scheduled for Q125
  - EUR 3bn REA increase from proposed NO mortgage risk weight floor of 25%, expected Q125
  - EUR ~4-6bn of regulatory add-ons to be removed
- **Basel IV REA impact estimate revised to EUR 4bn**
  - EUR 2.5bn in Q125
  - EUR 1.5bn in Q126

Capital excellence

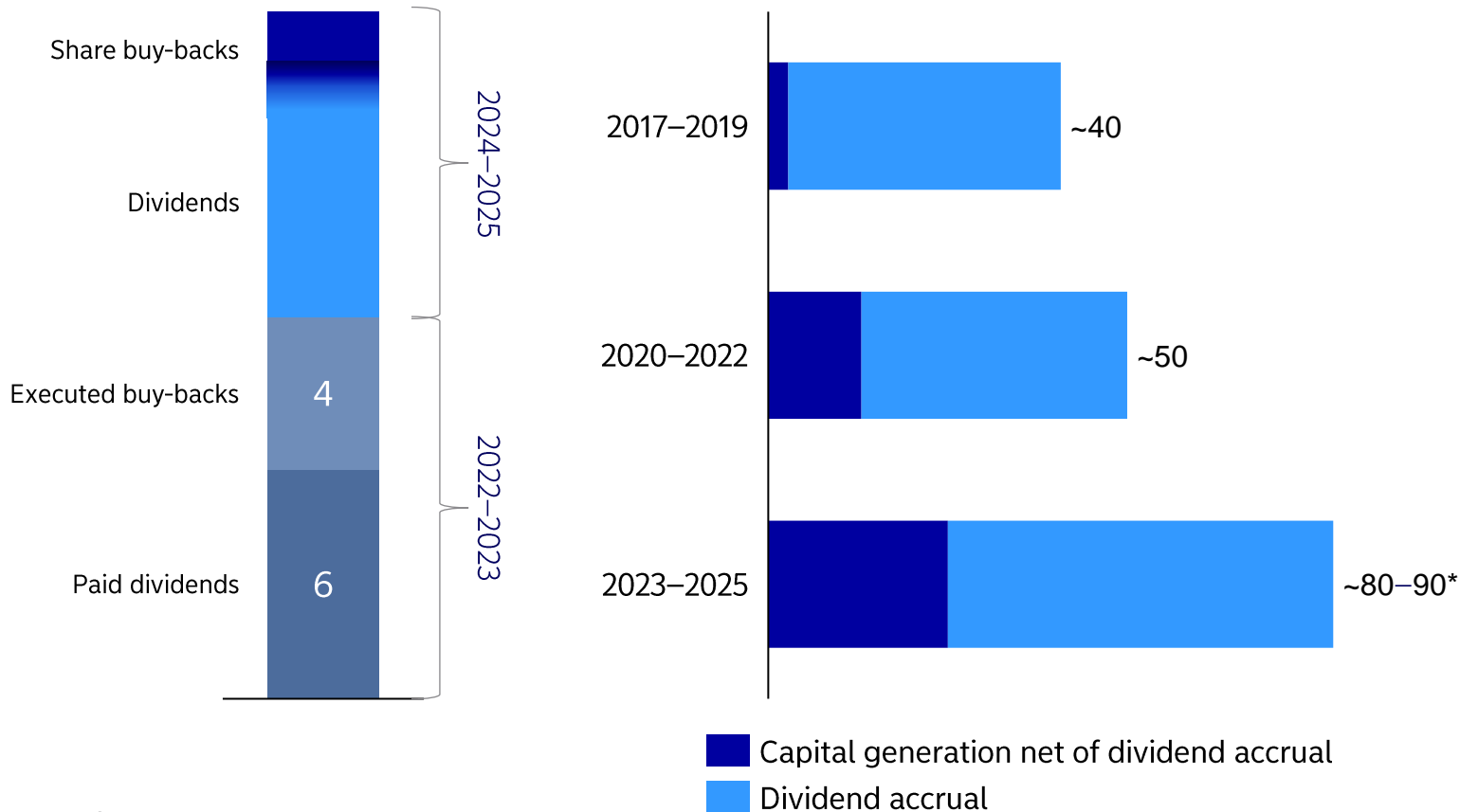
## Strong capital generation supporting returns

Reiterating shareholder returns supported by strong capital generation

EUR ~17-18bn

Year

Average quarterly capital generation, bp

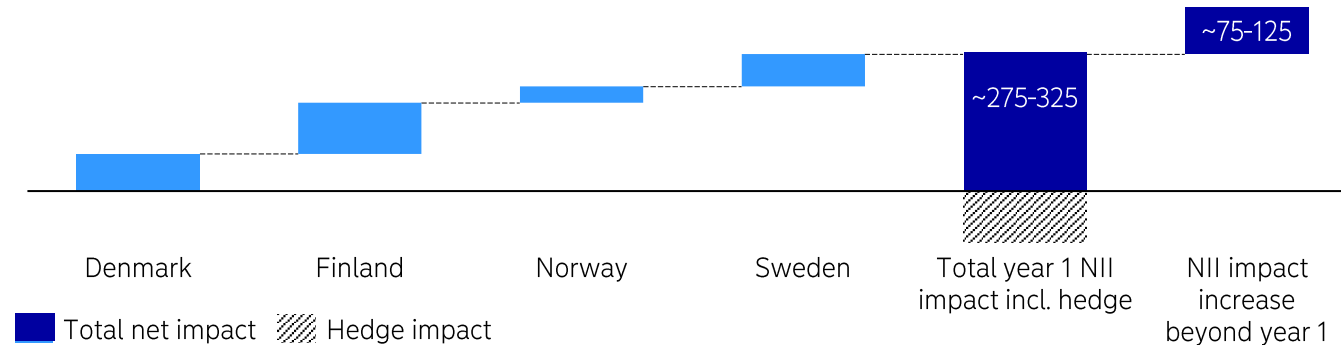


- **Reiterating capital return commitment**
  - Strong capital generation
  - Unchanged dividend policy
  - Share buy-backs to distribute excess capital
- **Dialogue initiated with ECB on resuming share buy-backs from early 2025**

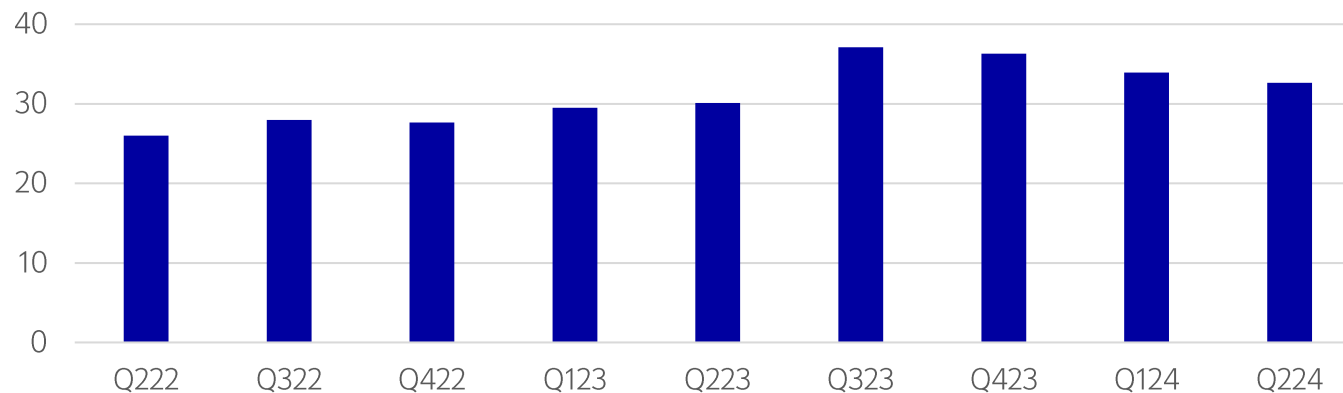
## Net interest income sensitivity

### Net interest income sensitivity to policy rate changes

#### Sensitivity to +50bp parallel rate shift in policy rates\*, EURm



#### Structural hedge – nominal volume, EURbn

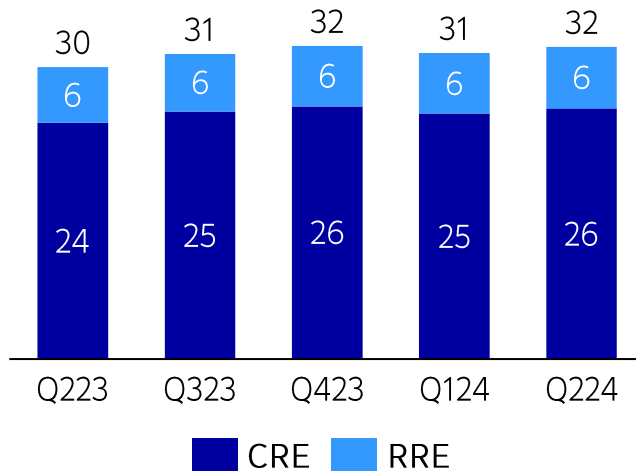


- **NII impact largely driven by policy rates and pass-through**
  - Actual pass-through to vary between account types and countries, and throughout rate cycles
  - Sensitivity reflecting modelled risk over cycle – actual NII impact lower following initial rate cuts and higher thereafter
- **Group NII also impacted by other drivers**
  - Volumes and loan/deposit pricing
  - Wholesale funding costs
  - Deposit hedges
- **Deposit hedging reducing sensitivity to interest rate changes**
  - Hedge volume up ~10% YoY
  - Average hedge maturity ~3 years
  - Additional NII impact in Y2–Y3 as assets repriced and hedges rolled over

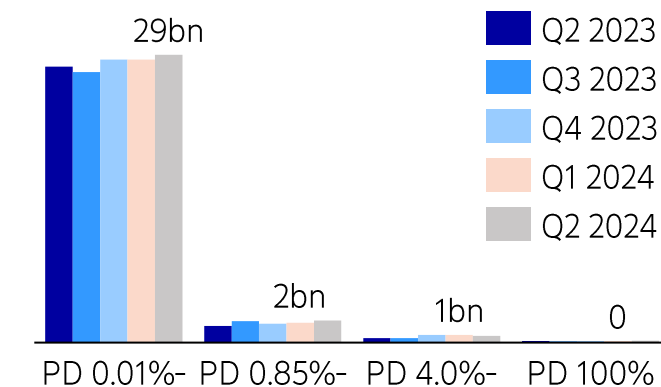
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)\*

## Well-diversified portfolio, high-quality lending

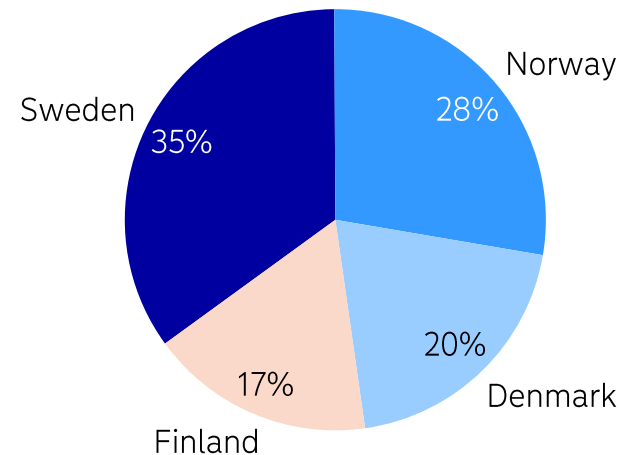
### Lending volumes stable



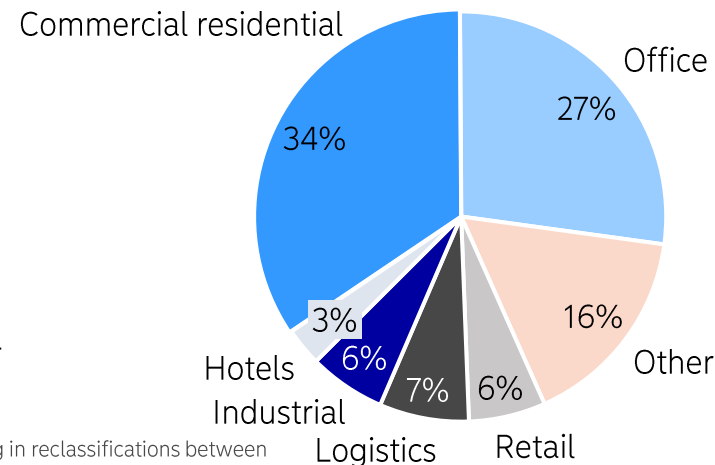
### 90% of portfolio with low probability of default (PD)



### Diversified across countries



### Diversified across types\*\*



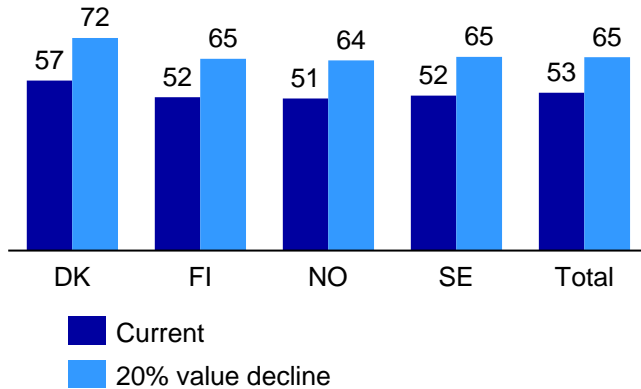
- **Well-diversified portfolio across Nordic markets**
- **90% of exposure towards low-risk customers, 7% towards increased risk, only 2% towards high risk and less than 1% impaired**
- **Portfolio mainly comprising central, modern office and residential properties**
- **Strict underwriting standards: conservative credit policy with focus on cash flow**



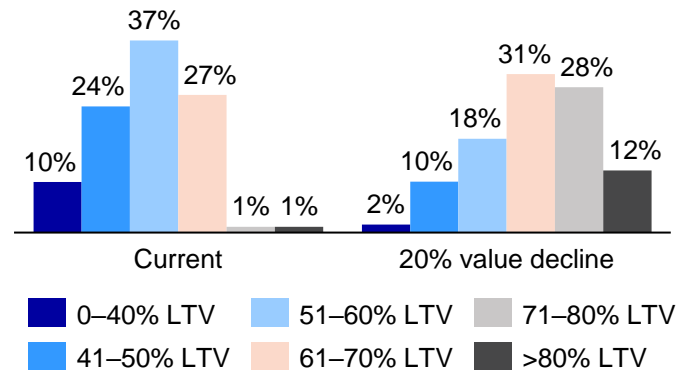
## Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)\*

### Solid LTVs, resilient interest coverage, high occupancy

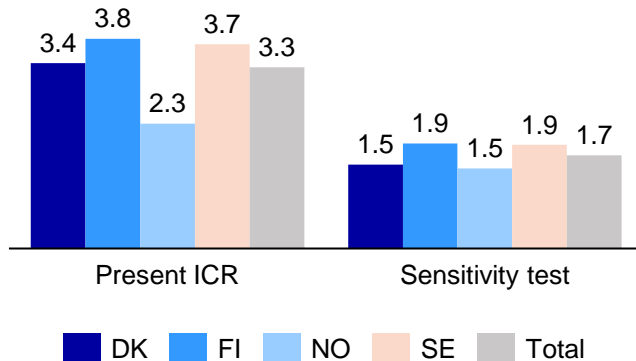
#### Solid LTV levels for all countries



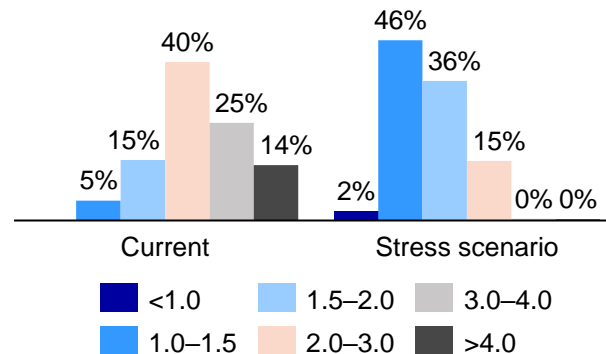
#### Majority of portfolio with low LTV



#### ICR high for all countries



#### ICR above 1.0 for 98% of portfolio in stress scenario

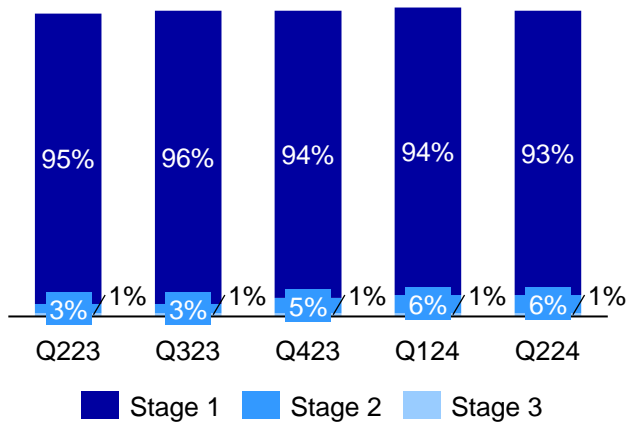


- **71% of exposures with LTV below 60%**
  - In event of 20% decline in market value, 61% of portfolio still with LTV below 70%
- **Average interest coverage ratio (ICR) at 3.3x**
  - Average ICR at 1.7x in stress scenario
  - Stress scenario: all debt refinanced day one at 5Y swap rates plus margins (5.5–6.5%); no hedging
- **Strict interest rate hedging requirements**
  - 61% of customer debt hedged with average maturity of 4.1 years
- **Low vacancy rates, with average letting ratio 95%**

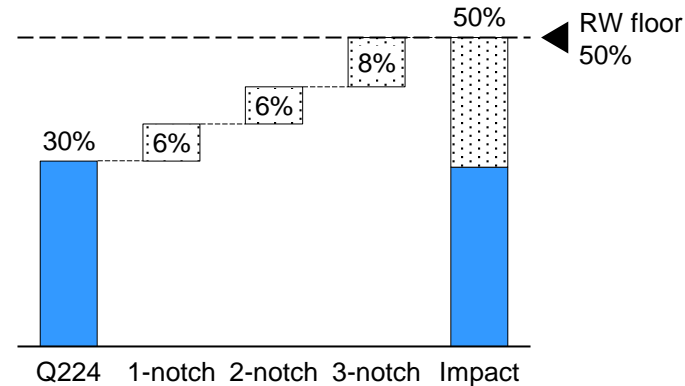
## Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)\*

### Low levels of risk exposure

**Strong credit quality, with 93% of IFRS 9 portfolio in stage 1**

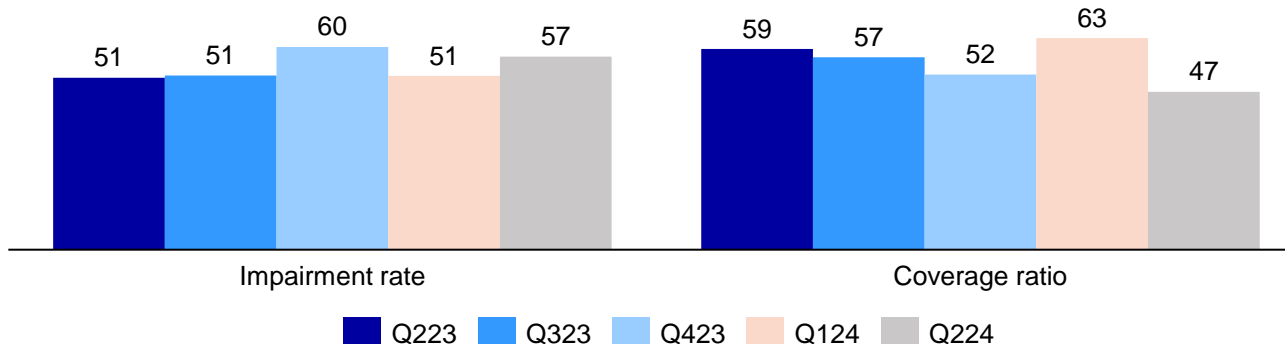


**No REA impact even from 3-notch downgrade due to risk weight floors**



- Continued strong credit quality, with slight deterioration as expected
- 93% of portfolio in stage 1
- 0.6% of portfolio impaired in Q2, with slight increase related to higher level of impaired loans
- Provision coverage above 47% – high for collateralised assets
- REA protected by risk weight floors

**Low impairment rate and high coverage for impaired portfolio**

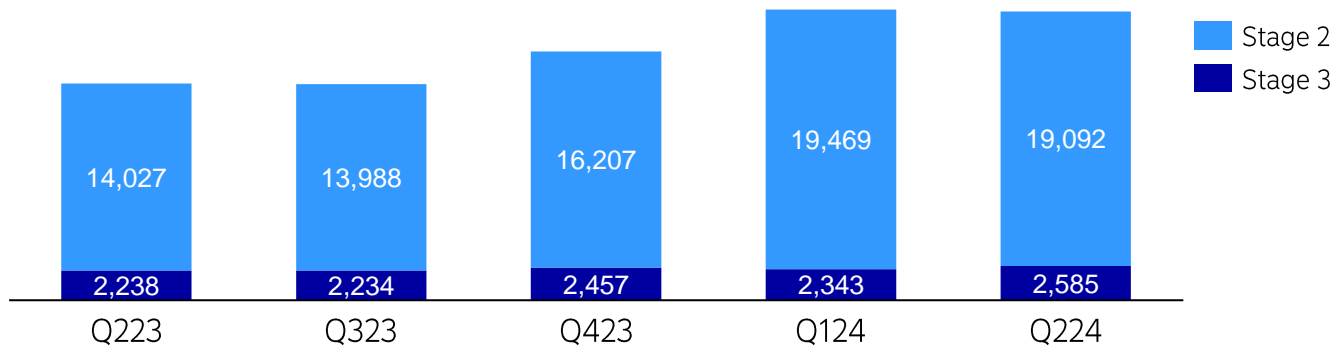




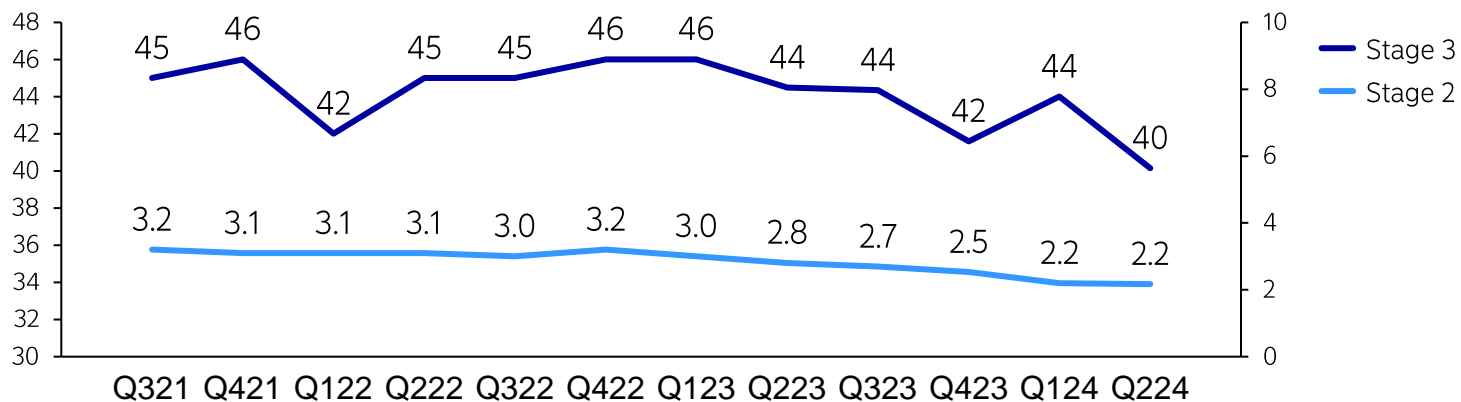
## Impairments and provisioning coverage

### Stage 3 increased, stage 2 stable; strong credit quality

#### Stage 2 and 3 loans at amortised cost, EURm



#### Coverage ratio, %



- Continued strong portfolio credit quality
- Stage 2 loans down EUR 0.4bn, remaining at 7%
- Stage 3 loans up EUR 242m to 0.95% from 0.86% in Q1, mainly due to few specific default events
- Coverage ratio for stage 3 portfolio down to 40% due to reduced provisioning need