

# **Disclaimer**

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Although Nordea believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

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## Third-quarter highlights 2025

# **Executive summary**

# Strong performance and resilience although markets remain somewhat muted

- Return on equity\* 15.8% and earnings per share EUR 0.36

## Lending growth picking up; continued growth in deposit volumes and assets under management

- Mortgage lending up 6% y/y, corporate lending up 6%. Retail deposits up 8% y/y, corporate deposits up 1%. AuM up 11% y/y

#### Income resilient

- Total income 3% lower y/y. Net interest income down 6%, as expected, and net fee and commission income up 5%

#### Cost-to-income ratio with amortised resolution fees 46.1%

- Costs flat y/y as expected, with stable levels of strategic investment

# Exceptionally strong credit quality – net loan losses again well below long-term expectation

- Net loan losses and similar net result reversal of EUR 19m or 2bp (EUR 31m or 3bp excluding management buffer release)

# Continued strong capital generation; new share buy-back programme

- CET1 ratio 15.9% 2.3pp above current regulatory requirement
- New EUR 250m share buy-back programme to be launched on or around 20 October

# 2025 outlook unchanged: well on track to deliver return on equity of above 15%

# Key financials

# **Third-quarter results 2025**

Income statement and key ratios EURm	Q325	Q324	Q3/Q3	Q225	Q3/Q2
Net interest income	1,775	1,882	-6%	1,798	-1%
Net fee and commission income	811	774	5%	792	2%
Net insurance result	66	60	10%	58	14%
Net fair value result	245	284	-14%	254	-4%
Other income	13	14	-7%	9	44%
Total operating income	2,910	3,014	-3%	2,911	0%
Total operating expenses excl. regulatory fees	-1,313	-1,311	0%	-1,314	0%
Total operating expenses	-1,332	-1,329	0%	-1,333	0%
Profit before loan losses	1,578	1,685	-6%	1,578	0%
Net loan losses and similar net result	19	-51		21	
Operating profit	1,597	1,634	-2%	1,599	0%
Cost-to-income ratio excl. regulatory fees, %	45.1	43.5		45.1	
Cost-to-income ratio*, %	46.1	44.5		46.1	
Return on equity*, %	15.8	16.7		16.2	
Return on tangible equity, %	18.3	19.2		18.8	
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.36	0.36	0%	0.35	3%

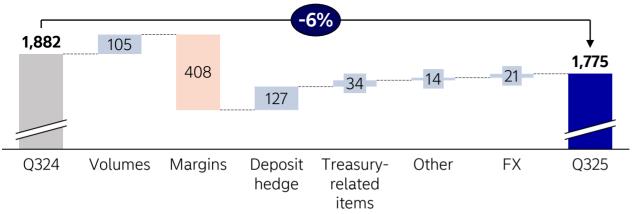
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4 \*With amortised resolution fees

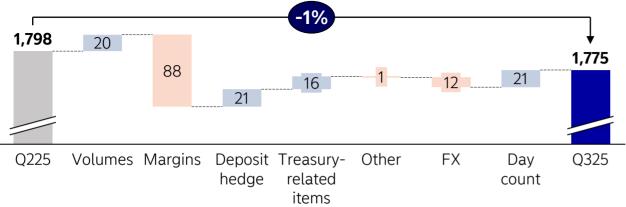
#### Net interest income

# Higher business volumes, lower margins as expected

#### Year-over-year bridge, EURm



## Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm



# Net interest income down 6% y/y, as expected

# Lending and deposit growth

- Mortgages up 6% (1% excluding Norwegian acquisition)
- Corporate lending up 6%
- Retail deposits up 8% (5% excluding Norwegian acquisition)
- Corporate deposits up 1%

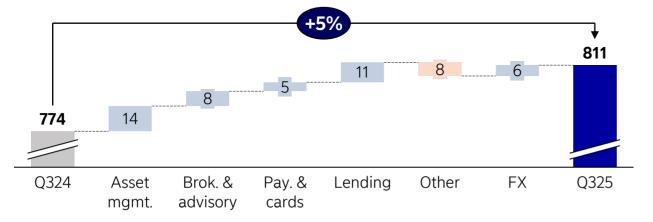
# Net interest margin 1.59% (1.77% Q324)

 Lower deposit and equity margins, driven by lower policy rates and lower lending margins – offset by positive contribution from deposit hedge

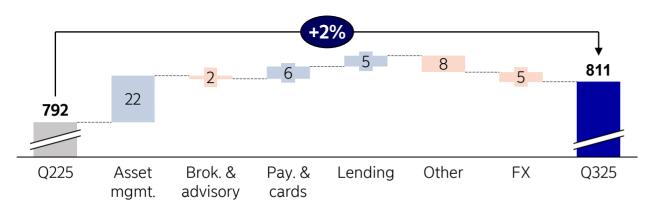
#### Net fee and commission income

# Continued growth, driven by savings and higher activity

#### Year-over-year bridge, EURm



#### Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

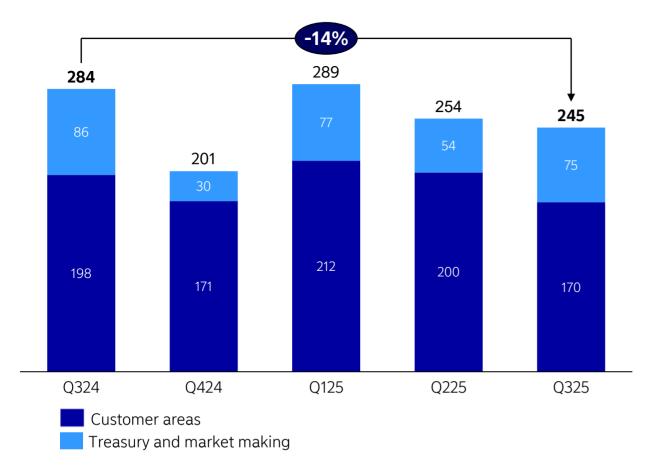


- Net fee and commission income up 5% y/y
- Savings fee income up
  - AuM up 11%, to EUR 456bn
  - Net flows in Nordic channels (86% of AuM) EUR 4.4bn
  - Net flows in international channels (14% of AuM) EUR 0.6bn
- Brokerage & advisory fee income up, driven by higher debt capital market activity
- Higher customer activity driving payment and card fee income
- Lending fee income up, driven by higher activity
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#### Net fair value result

# **Solid customer activity**

#### Net fair value result, EURm

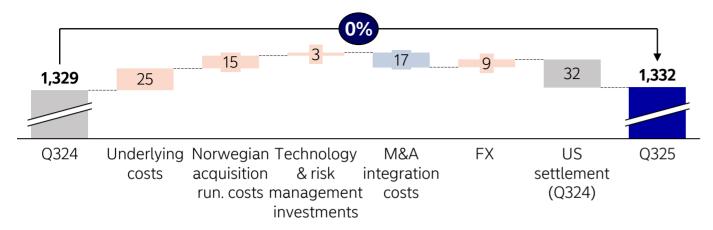


- Solid customer hedging activity in FX and rates products. Income back to more normal levels after unusually high Q324\*
- Strong market making result offset by Treasury valuation adjustments

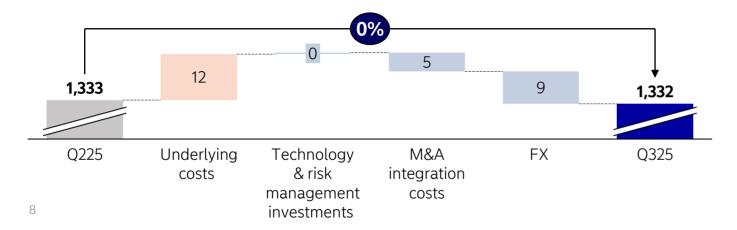
#### Costs

# Costs stable, in line with plan

#### Year-over-year bridge, EURm



## Quarter-over-quarter bridge, EURm

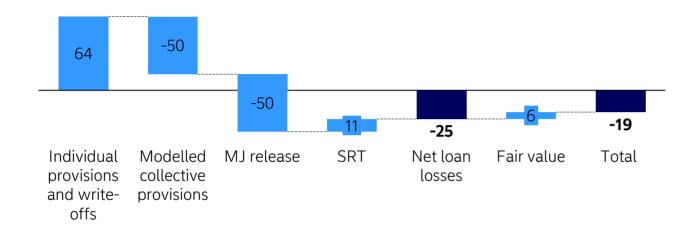


- Total costs stable y/y (up 2% excl. FX & US settlement, driven by annual inflation)
  - 2pp of increase due to underlying costs, driven by annual salary increases and Norwegian acquisition
  - Investments stabilised in line with plan
- Total full-year costs expected to amount to around EUR 5.4bn in 2025

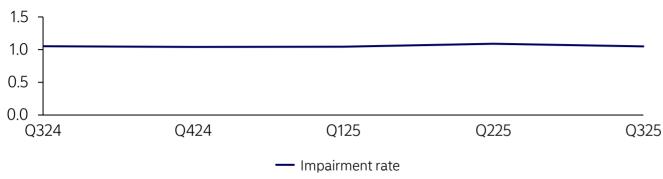
#### Net loan losses and similar net result

# **Exceptionally strong credit quality again**

#### Net loan losses and similar net result, EURm



## Impaired (stage 3) loans, %



# Net loan losses and similar net result reversal of EUR 19m (-2bp)

- Low individual provisions and write-offs
- Reduced need for collective provisioning for corporates and households
- Management judgement buffer reduced by EUR 50m (now at EUR 291m), driven by decreased uncertainty and lower credit risk due to lower interest rates and inflation

# Provision levels strong at EUR 1.5bn

Solid coverage reflecting high levels of collateral

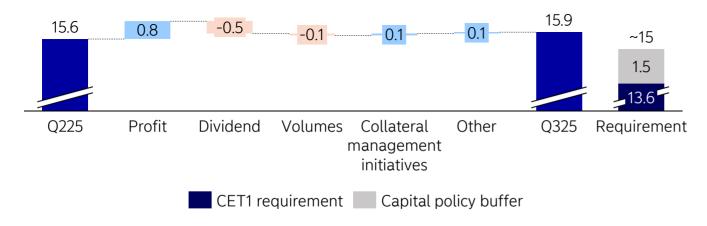
# Low level of non-performing loans

- Stage 3 loans down at 1.05%

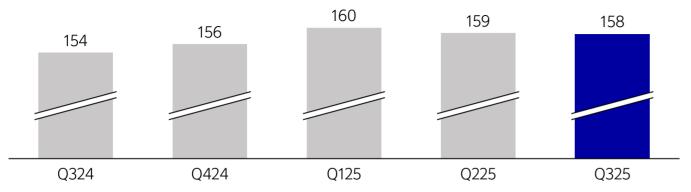
#### Capital

# **Strong capital position**

#### **CET1** capital ratio development, %



#### **REA development, EURbn**



## • CET1 ratio up 30bp at 15.9%

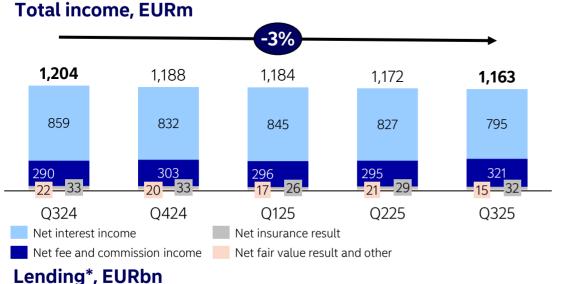
- 2.3pp above regulatory requirement
- CET1 capital up EUR 0.4bn with continued strong profit generation
- Risk exposure amount down EUR 0.2bn as increased lending volumes and FX effects due to SEK and NOK appreciations were countered by collateral management initiatives increasing collateral utilisation

# Regulatory developments

 Increase in Norwegian risk weight floor for residential real estate exposures from 20% to 25% to be reciprocated by Finnish FSA from 1 January 2026. No impact on Nordea's total REA

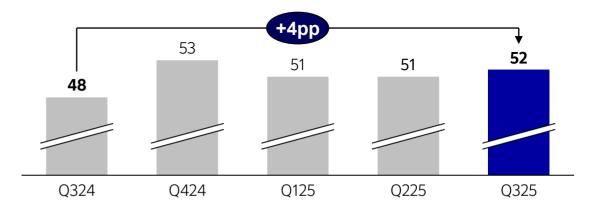
#### Personal Banking

# Volume and fee income growth partly offsetting impact of lower deposit margins

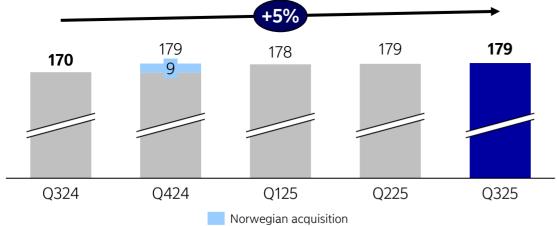


- Mortgage volumes up 6% and deposit volumes up 8%
- Net interest income down 7% due to lower deposit margins
- Net fee and commission income up 11%, driven by savings income and payment and card fees
- Cost-to-income ratio 52% (48% O324)

## Cost-to-income ratio\*\*, %







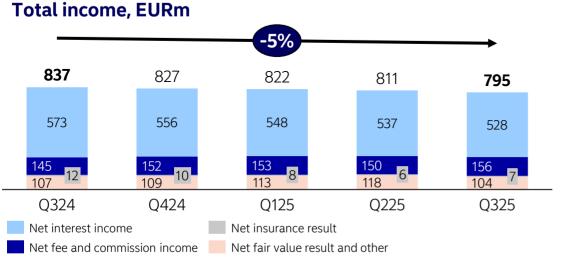
<sup>\*</sup> Excluding FX effects



<sup>\*\*</sup> With amortised resolution fees

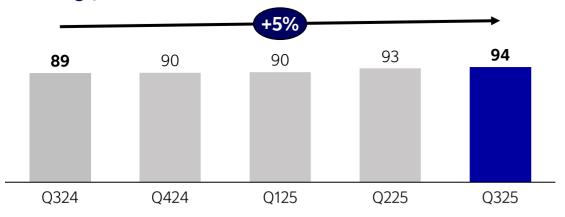
#### **Business Banking**

# Continued volume growth and higher fee income partly offsetting lower margins

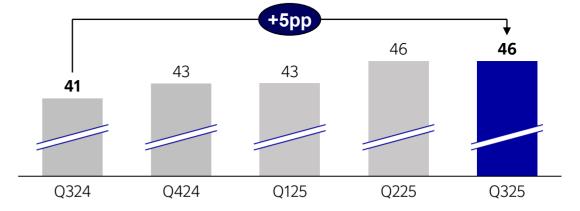


- Lending volumes up 5% and deposit volumes up 9%
- Net interest income down 8% due to lower deposit margins
- Net fee and commission up 8%, driven by higher lending fee and debt capital markets (DCM) income
- Cost-to-income ratio 46% (41% Q324) impacted by higher investment





## Cost-to-income ratio\*\*, %





<sup>\*</sup> Excluding FX effects

<sup>\*\*</sup> With amortised resolution fees

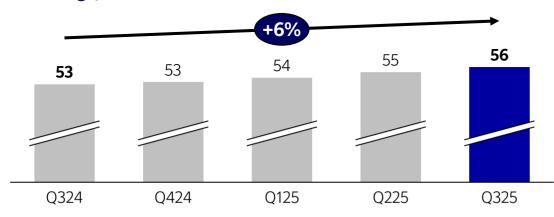
## Large Corporates & Institutions

# Continued strong lending volume growth; income impacted by lower interest rates

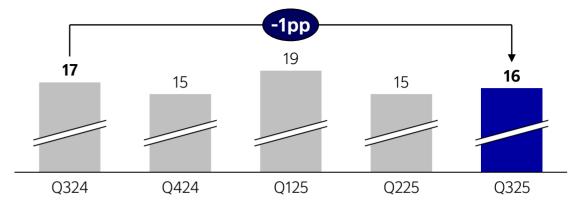
#### Total income. EURm -2% 620 595 581 561 554 334 326 360 318 349 122 123 118 134 134 \_164 -132**—**117 -102 0324 0424 0125 0225 0325 Net interest income Net fee and commission income Net fair value result and other

- Lending volumes up 6%
- Net interest income down 9% due to lower interest rates.
- Net fee and commission income up 4%, driven by DCM and lending fees, while event-driven business limited
- Net fair value income up 13% due to high customer activity and market making income
- Return on allocated equity 16% (17% Q324)

## Lending\*, EURbn



## Return on allocated equity\*\*, %

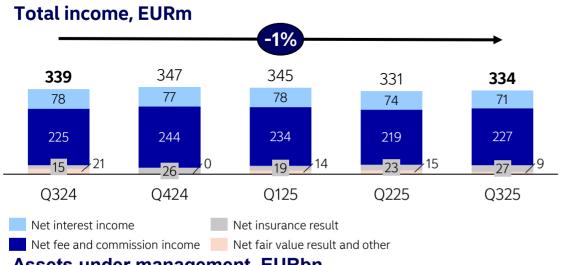




<sup>\*</sup> Excluding repos

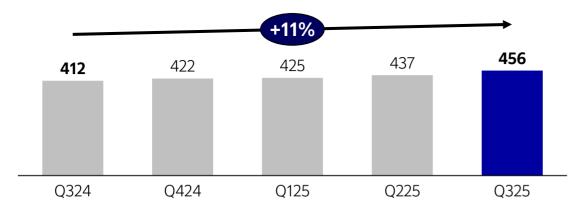
<sup>\*\*</sup> With amortised resolution fees

# Strong net flows in Nordic channels and record-high customer activity in Private Banking

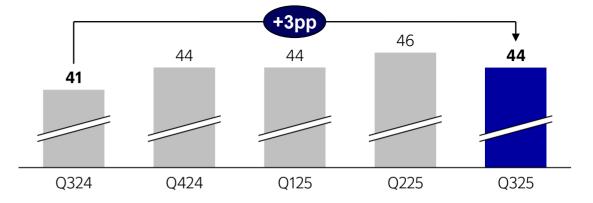


- Record-high customer activity in Private Banking, with net flows of EUR 1.5bn, driven by Sweden and Finland
- Flows in higher margin wholesale distribution channel continuing to stabilise
- Assets under management up 11%, to EUR 456bn
  - Nordic channels net inflows EUR 4.4bn during quarter
  - International channels net inflows FUR 0.6bn
- Cost-to-income ratio 44% (41% Q324)

## Assets under management, EURbn



#### Cost-to-income ratio\*, %



# 2025: The preferred financial partner in the Nordics

Unique Nordic diversification and scale

Profitable growth and high capital efficiency

Continued high profitability and capital generation

Outlook for 2025: on track to deliver return on equity of above 15%

# 2025 financial target

# Return on equity

>15%

Assumes CET1 requirement of 15%, including management buffer

Rates assumed to normalise at  $\sim$ 2%

Supported in 2025 by

**Cost-to-income ratio** 44-46%

#### **Loan losses**

Normalised ~10bp annually

# Capital and dividend policies

60–70% dividend payout ratio; excess capital distributed through buy-backs

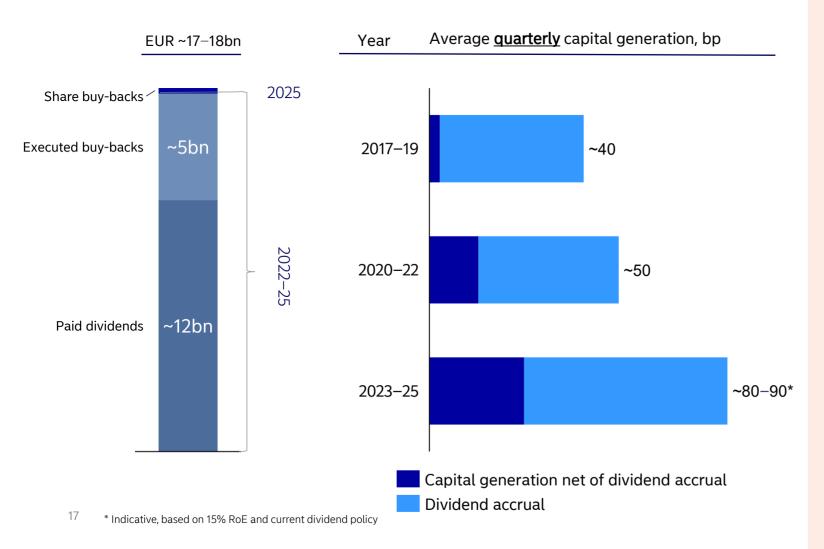
Management buffer of 150bp above regulatory CET1 requirement



# Capital excellence

# Strong capital generation supporting returns

#### Shareholder returns supported by continued strong capital generation



# Capital return commitment reaffirmed

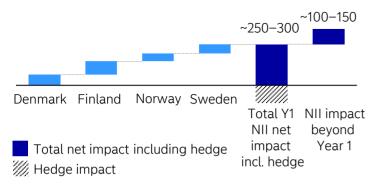
- Strong capital generation
- Unchanged dividend policy
- Share buy-backs to distribute excess capital
- New EUR 250m share buy-back programme to be launched on or around 20 October
- Continued use of share buybacks to distribute excess capital in line with capital policy

## Supplementary information

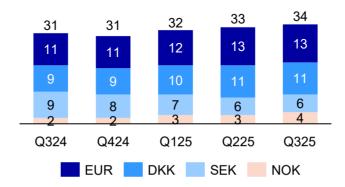
# Net interest income sensitivity

# Net interest income sensitivity to policy rate changes

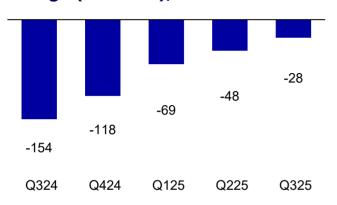
# Sensitivity to +50bp parallel shift in policy rates\*, EURm



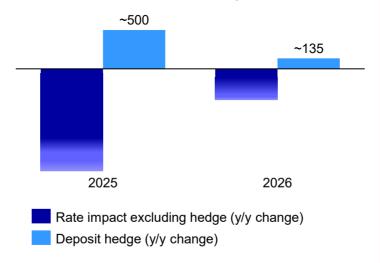
# Deposit hedge – nominal volume, EURbn



# Quarterly NII impact from deposit hedge (absolute), EURm



# Deposit hedge to partially offset NII impact from lower policy rates, EURm\*\*



# NII impact largely driven by policy rates and pass-through

- Actual pass-through varying between account types and countries, and throughout rate cycles
- Sensitivity reflecting modelled risk over cycle – NII impact lower following initial rate cuts and higher thereafter

# Group NII also impacted by other drivers

- Volumes and loan/deposit pricing
- Wholesale funding costs

# Deposit hedging reduces sensitivity to interest rate changes

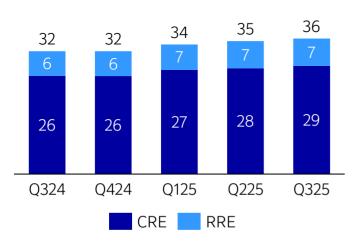
- Average hedge maturity ~3 years
- Additional NII impact in Y2–Y3 as assets repriced and hedges rolled over

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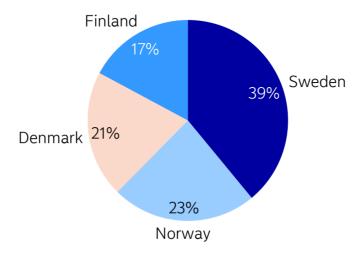
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)\*

# Well-diversified portfolio, high-quality lending

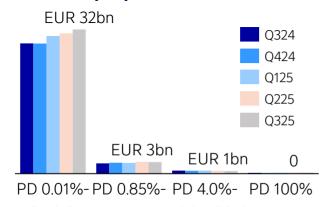
#### Lending volumes stable



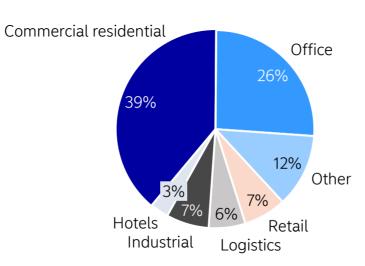
## **Diversified across countries**



# 91% of portfolio with low probability of default (PD)



# **Diversified across types**



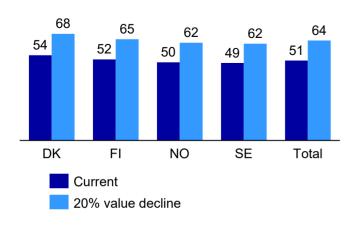
- Well-diversified portfolio across
  Nordic markets
- 90% of exposure towards lowrisk customers, 7% towards increased risk, only 2% towards high risk and less than 1% impaired
- Portfolio mainly comprising central, modern office and residential properties
- Strict underwriting standards: conservative credit policy with focus on cash flow



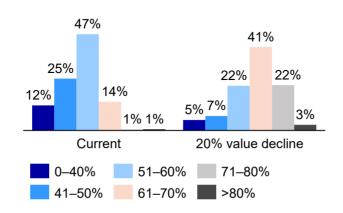
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)\*

# Solid LTVs, resilient interest coverage, high occupancy

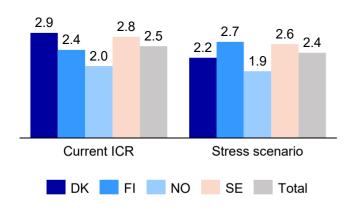
#### Solid LTV levels for all countries



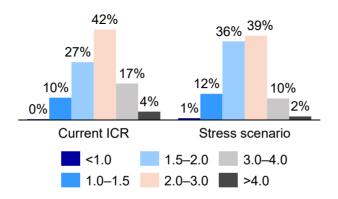
## Majority of portfolio with low LTV



## **High ICR in all countries**



# ICR above 1.0 in stress scenario for 99% of portfolio



# 85% of exposures with LTV below 60%

 In event of 20% decline in market value, 75% of portfolio still with LTV below 70%

# Average interest coverage ratio (ICR) 2.5x

- Average ICR 2.4x in stress scenario
- Stress scenario: all debt refinanced day one at 5Y swap rates plus margins (4.0–5.5%); no hedging

# Strict interest rate hedging requirements

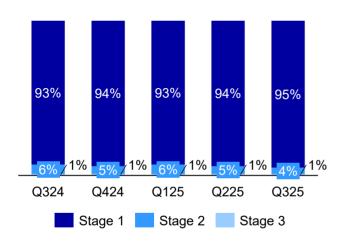
- 64% of customer debt hedged, with average maturity 4.2 years
- Low vacancy rates, with average letting ratio 95%



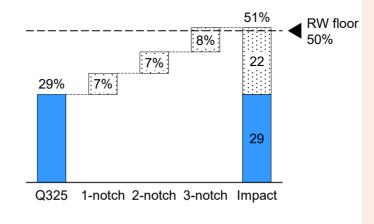
Credit portfolio – real estate management industry (REMI)\*

# Low levels of risk exposure

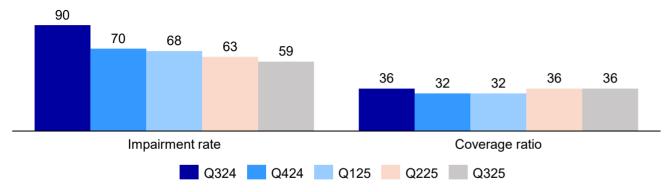
# Strong credit quality, with 95% of IFRS 9 portfolio in stage 1



# Minimal REA impact even from 3-notch downgrade due to risk weight floors



## Low impairment rate and strong coverage for impaired portfolio



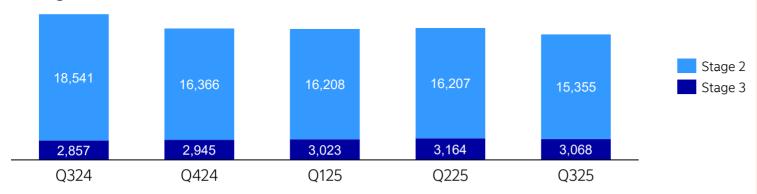
- Continued strong credit quality
- Only 4% of portfolio in stage 2
- 0.6% of portfolio impaired: slight decrease
- Provision coverage 36%, reflecting high collateralisation
- REA protected by risk weight floors

## Supplementary information

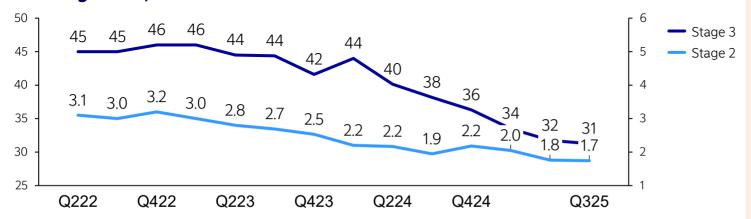
# Impairments and provisioning coverage

# Continued resilience in strong credit portfolio

#### Stage 2 and 3 loans at amortised cost, EURm



#### Coverage ratio, %



# Stage 2 loans down at 5% of total loans

- EUR 0.8bn moved to stage 1 due to improved economic environment
- Stage 3 loans down at 1.05% of total loans
- Coverage ratio for stage 3 portfolio slightly down at 31%
  - Reduction driven by MJ release and write-offs fully covered by provisions
  - Stage 2 coverage ratio slightly down due to released provisions, reflecting reduced US trade uncertainty and lower interest rates
- Coverage ratios some of highest among Nordic peers